



HURON

# 2025 ANNUAL REPORT



# About Huron

Huron is a global professional services firm that partners with clients to put **possible into practice** by creating sound strategies, optimizing operations, accelerating digital transformation, and empowering businesses to own their future. By embracing diverse perspectives, encouraging new ideas and challenging the status quo, we create sustainable results for the organizations we serve.

## Our Values



**Collaboration** – We commit to working with respect and transparency and recognize we are better together than apart.



**Excellence** – We strive to excel and continually exceed the expectations of our clients and our people, holding each other accountable for our actions and outcomes.



**Humility** – While confident in our abilities, we realize that our current knowledge is but a fraction of what we have yet to learn, discover and create.



**Impact** – We are passionate about making a difference and take initiative to have a lasting impact on the organizations and communities we serve.



**Inclusion** – We embrace different perspectives and draw on the strength of our diversity.



**Integrity** – We value authenticity and honesty. We do the right thing regardless of the consequences.



**Intellectual Curiosity** – As lifelong learners, we explore and encourage new ideas and challenge the status quo.

## Selected Notable 2025 Industry Recognitions

|                                                                            |                                                                                                            |                                                      |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| 2025<br>Best Firms to Work For<br>15 CONSECUTIVE YEARS                     | Certified by<br>Great Place to Work®<br><small>IN THE U.S., CANADA, INDIA, SINGAPORE, AND THE U.K.</small> | 2025<br>America's Best<br>Midsize Companies          |
| CONSULTING MAGAZINE                                                        | GREAT PLACE TO WORK®                                                                                       | TIME MAGAZINE                                        |
| 2025<br>Top Consulting Firms                                               | 2025<br>Best Places to Work                                                                                | 2025 Top Ranked<br>Consulting Firm                   |
| THE CONSULTING REPORT                                                      | GLASSDOOR                                                                                                  | MANAGEMENT CONSULTED                                 |
| 2025 Early Talent Awards<br>BEST PLACE FOR GEN Z<br>TO START THEIR CAREERS | 2025 World's Best<br>Management<br>Consulting Firm                                                         | Most Prestigious Consulting<br>Firms - North America |
| HANDSHAKE                                                                  | FORBES                                                                                                     | VAULT                                                |

# 2025 Financial Performance

Full year revenues before reimbursable expenses (RBR) grew 12% over 2024, resulting in record RBR and a fifth consecutive year of growth. We are pleased with our continued margin and earnings per share expansion in 2025, including achieving adjusted diluted earnings per share growth of 21% over 2024. Our market-tested strategy, balanced portfolio of offerings, and strong execution by our highly talented team has delivered strong financial performance for our business and our shareholders consistent with the financial goals outlined at our investor day.

## Financial Results

**\$1.66B**

**Revenue before reimbursable expenses (RBR)**

Grew 12% over 2024

**6.2%**

**Net Income Margin**  
Compared to 7.7% in 2024

**14.3%**

**Adjusted EBITDA Margin<sup>(1)</sup>**  
Expanded 80 basis points over 2024

## Cash Generation

**\$193M**

**Cash Flows From Operations**

**\$162M**

**Free Cash Flow<sup>(1)</sup>**

## Capital Allocation

**\$166M**

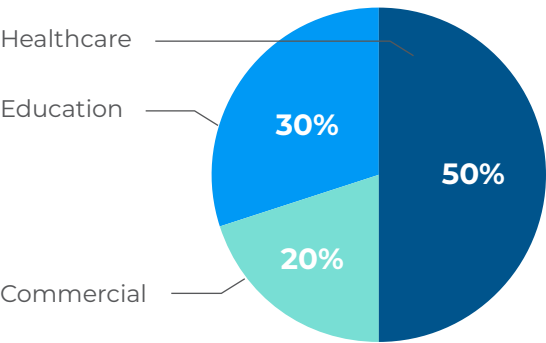
**Capital Returned to Shareholders via Share Repurchases**

**\$143M**

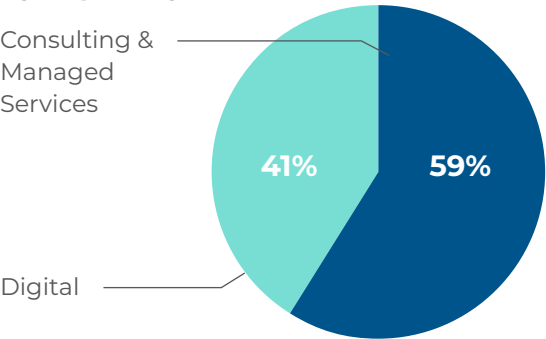
**Capital Deployed on Acquisitions and Capital Expenditures**

## Revenues before Reimbursable Expenses (RBR)

### By Operating Segment



### By Capability



## RBR Growth in our Portfolio

### Healthcare

**11%**  
increase

Driven by strong demand for our consulting and managed services offerings and our acquisition of Eclipse Insights<sup>(2)</sup>

### Education

**6%**  
increase

Driven by broad-based demand across offerings and our acquisitions of Advancement Resources and Halpin Partnership<sup>(3)</sup>

### Commercial

**27%**  
increase

Driven by demand for our Digital offerings and our acquisitions of Treliant and Wilson Perumal<sup>(4)</sup>

### Digital

**10%**  
increase

Led by growth in the commercial and education industries

<sup>(1)</sup> See appendix "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definitions of our non-GAAP financial measures and the reconciliations of our non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

<sup>(2)</sup> The acquisitions of Eclipse Insights and the consulting services division of Axiom Systems closed in Q2 2025 and Q4 2025, respectively.

<sup>(3)</sup> The acquisitions of Advancement Resources and Halpin Partnership closed in Q1 2025.

<sup>(4)</sup> The acquisitions of Treliant and Wilson Perumal closed in Q3 2025.

## A LETTER FROM CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND PRESIDENT MARK HUSSEY

## A Fifth Consecutive Year of Growth

We achieved our fifth consecutive year of strong financial performance that met or exceeded our stated investor goals. We continued to serve our global clients with excellence, execute our strategy with discipline, and support our 8,600 global colleagues through our strong, collaborative culture. Our consistent progress has enabled us to reinvest in our growth strategy and highly talented team, strengthen our competitive advantage, and efficiently scale our operations, further building upon our solid foundation to deliver long-term shareholder value.

Led by growth across all three operating segments, full year revenues before reimbursable expenses (RBR) grew 12% over 2024, resulting in record RBR and a fifth consecutive year of growth. We are also pleased with our continued margin and earnings per share expansion in 2025. We have demonstrated the power of our strong growth algorithm over the last several years, culminating in an increase in total shareholder return of nearly 40% in 2025. These results reflect our commitment to creating shareholder value, as well as the continued strength of our market-tested strategy and support of our clients, the resilience of demand across our end markets, and the outstanding execution by our global team.

### Executing our Growth Strategy

Agility and focus have never been more important than in today's rapidly evolving environment. We are advising our clients on how they can adapt to compete and win in an increasingly uncertain future. Guided by our integrated growth strategy, we are acting with discipline to do the same, strengthening our competitive advantage and continuing to evolve our business in the age of advanced technologies, such as artificial intelligence (AI).

Our strategy continues to focus on enhancing our differentiation in the market, while guiding how we serve our clients, operate our business, and invest to grow. Coupled with our integrated operating model, we believe each pillar of our growth strategy reinforces the others, enabling us to address increasingly complex client challenges, while driving innovation and sustainable financial performance in our business.

#### Key Pillars of Our Growth Strategy<sup>(1)</sup>



**Sustaining Strong Growth in Healthcare and Education**



**Growing Our Business in Commercial Industries**



**Advancing Our Global Digital Capability**



**Solid Foundation For Margin Expansion and Organic Reinvestment**



**Strong Balance Sheet and Cash Flows**

<sup>(1)</sup> As refreshed and presented at our 2025 Investor Day.



### Accelerating Growth in Healthcare and Education

In 2025, the healthcare and education industries faced unprecedented change driven by increased regulatory, financial and operational challenges. These pressures continued to drive demand for our Healthcare and Education segments. Our Healthcare segment achieved record RBR in 2025, growing 11% over 2024. In addition, the Education segment grew 6% in 2025 compared to 2024, also achieving record RBR. The growth across both segments was driven by broad-based demand for our portfolio of offerings as well as incremental RBR from our acquisitions.

During the year, we acquired Advancement Resources and Halpin Partnership to broaden our advancement and fundraising offerings within the Education segment. We also acquired Eclipse Insights and the consulting services division of Axiom Systems

to advance our strategy in the Healthcare segment. Eclipse Insights strengthened our mid-revenue cycle expertise to deliver a more comprehensive solution to improve the financial performance of our healthcare provider clients. The consulting services division of Axiom Systems expanded our healthcare payer-focused digital offerings, enabling us to better serve our clients seeking to modernize their claims platforms.

Anchored in our deep client relationships and our leading competitive positions in end markets that are facing ongoing pressure amidst disruption, we are confident in our outlook for sustained growth in both Healthcare and Education. These are large, favorable end markets facing structural challenges that we believe will continue to drive strong demand for our offerings and serve as the foundation of Huron's long-term growth strategy.

### Growing our Presence in Commercial Industries

Commercial industries are navigating heightened complexity driven by regulatory change, cost pressure, and accelerating adoption of AI-enabled operating models, driving the need for more integrated strategy and operations, financial advisory, digital, and people-focused solutions. Through continued organic investment and targeted tuck-in acquisitions, we have strengthened our industry expertise and broadened our capabilities to deliver more integrated, differentiated offerings to our clients.

2025 Commercial segment RBR grew 27% to a record \$325 million, resulting in the scaling of our Commercial business to approximately 20% of total company RBR. The increase in full year RBR was primarily driven by incremental RBR from our acquisitions, as well as strong demand for our digital offerings.

In 2025, we acquired two organizations to further build upon our solid foundation in Commercial. Treliant's deep financial services industry expertise and advisory and managed services capabilities complement our digital solutions, creating a powerful platform to help financial institutions manage risk, comply with regulations, and modernize operations in an increasingly complex environment. Wilson Perumal &

Company's proven operational expertise combined with our Innosight team's deep strategy and business transformation expertise positions us well to help clients navigate the disruption in today's rapidly changing market environment while preparing for a more resilient future.

While we remain in the early stages of executing our fully integrated Commercial strategy, we believe our expanding set of offerings, combined with our increasing ability to deliver measurable ROI for our clients, will prove to be a meaningful competitive advantage and position us for continued growth in this segment.



### **Rapidly Growing Global Digital Capability**

Digital capability RBR grew 10% in 2025, driven by growth in the commercial and education industries. Our Digital capability, which represented 41% of total company RBR in 2025, remains a differentiated partner to our clients in a large, growing market. Our deep industry and functional knowledge, coupled with the breadth of our technology, data, analytics and change management capabilities, sits at the heart of our differentiation.

As technology continues to rapidly advance, we strive to shape the best solutions for our clients, whether that requires modernizing their data foundation or designing and deploying a strategy that embeds AI in their core platforms through native AI applications or custom development. It is important to highlight that AI does not create value on its own. It requires a focus on process reengineering and, in nearly all cases, a focus on people to effectuate the change needed to sustain the benefits delivered by AI.

We believe our ability to bring together our strategy, operations, technology, and people-related offerings to reimagine operating models and redesign core business functions and processes while integrating advanced technologies will continue to position the Digital capability for long-term growth.

### **A Solid Foundation for Margin Expansion**

We are also pleased with our continued margin expansion in 2025. Our progress reflects continued pricing discipline, improved utilization, and operational efficiency, including through the use of AI and automation. We remain focused on

balancing margin expansion with continued investment in our people, offerings, and delivery model. We believe this disciplined approach positions us well to continue progressing toward our margin objectives of 15% to 17% adjusted EBITDA margins<sup>(1)</sup> in the medium term.

### **Strong Balance Sheet and Cash Flows**

Our strong balance sheet and cash flow generation are a hallmark of our business and a key lever in the execution of our growth strategy to drive shareholder value. We remain focused on maintaining a strong balance sheet and executing a balanced capital allocation strategy while returning capital to shareholders.

In 2025, we generated operating and free cash flow of \$193 million and \$162 million, respectively. In turn, we used our cash to return \$166 million to shareholders via share repurchases (which more than fully offset the dilution of our stock-based compensation programs), while investing \$143 million in our business via acquisitions and capital expenditures.

Our capital allocation strategy balances growth, flexibility and return of capital to shareholders. 2025 represented the fourth consecutive year of share repurchases in excess of \$120 million. We are pleased with the six acquisitions we closed in 2025 as part of our programmatic M&A strategy, which strengthened our industry expertise and broadened our capabilities. We believe a balanced capital deployment framework is paramount to our ability to accelerate our growth strategy and enhance our competitive position while driving strong returns for our shareholders.

<sup>(1)</sup> We have not reconciled these non-GAAP financial measure goals to the corresponding GAAP financial measure goals because goals for the various reconciling items are not available without unreasonable effort.



## Investing in our People

Our people are at the center of Huron's strategy, and we are committed to providing a workplace where our talented team can thrive both personally and professionally. Huron's success hinges on our ability to attract, engage, develop, reward, and retain highly skilled professionals.

The cornerstone of our human capital strategy lies in both our mission-driven approach and belief that great leaders and engaged coaches cultivate a work environment where team members feel valued, create deep connections, and see their future with Huron. Our unwavering focus extends across every aspect of the employee journey, and we are committed to fostering our collaborative culture, which we believe is one of our most meaningful sources of competitive differentiation.

I want to recognize the significant contributions of our global team. Throughout the year, our team delivered exceptional outcomes for our clients by bringing deep industry, functional and technical expertise and innovation at a time of significant disruption and regulatory change. As importantly, our team advanced our business with discipline, supported one another, and further fostered our strong collaborative culture.

This combination of client impact, business performance, and teamwork is what continues to differentiate Huron, and we believe this has fostered one of the strongest and most attractive cultures among professional services firms, which reinforces our ability to attract and retain top talent. I am deeply grateful for their dedication to our clients, our company, and one other.

— 8,600+  
global, full-time employees

— 83  
global engagement score  
(global benchmark: 75)

— 16,500+  
hours volunteered  
in our communities

Note: Numbers presented above are as of December 31, 2025.



## Looking Ahead

We believe the ongoing pressures facing our clients and primary end markets will continue to create significant near-term and long-term growth opportunities for Huron. Our market-tested strategy, balanced portfolio of offerings, and strong execution by our highly talented team has delivered strong multi-year financial performance for Huron and its shareholders.

Our markets continue to present meaningful growth opportunities for our business, and our integrated portfolio of consulting, digital,

and managed services offerings position us well to help clients navigate complexity and change. We continue to help our clients solve their most pressing challenges through our deep client relationships, industry and advanced technology expertise, and proven track record of delivering tangible results.

We enter 2026 with strong momentum, a resilient demand environment, and a clear strategic roadmap. We believe the continued strong demand for our services in the market positions us well for continued achievement of the financial goals outlined at our 2025 investor day.

We remain focused on disciplined execution, innovation, and value creation—for our clients, our people, and our shareholders. I am confident in Huron's trajectory and excited about the opportunities ahead.

**Mark Hussey**

Chief Executive Officer and President



## Financial Highlights

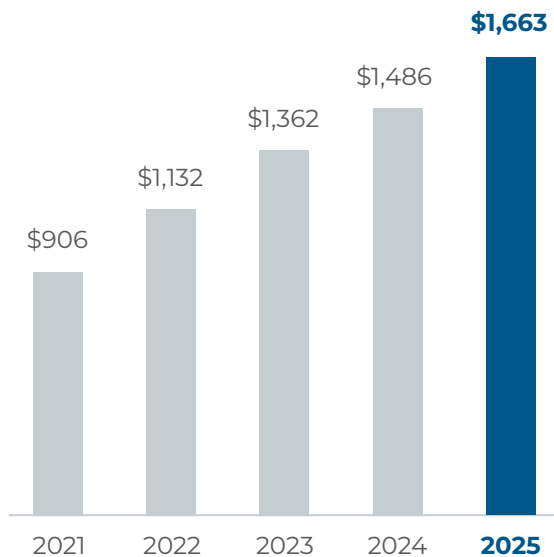
Year ended December 31,

(in thousands, except margins and earnings per share)

|                                                    | 2021       | 2022         | 2023         | 2024         | 2025         |
|----------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Revenues before Reimbursable Expenses (RBR)        | \$ 905,640 | \$ 1,132,455 | \$ 1,362,060 | \$ 1,486,085 | \$ 1,662,836 |
| Total Revenues                                     | \$ 926,958 | \$ 1,158,961 | \$ 1,398,755 | \$ 1,521,805 | \$ 1,699,143 |
| Net Income                                         | \$ 62,987  | \$ 75,552    | \$ 62,479    | \$ 116,626   | \$ 105,040   |
| Net Income Margin <sup>(1)</sup>                   | 6.8%       | 6.5%         | 4.5%         | 7.7%         | 6.2%         |
| Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>                     | \$ 97,823  | \$ 130,840   | \$ 167,341   | \$ 201,168   | \$ 237,517   |
| Adjusted EBITDA Margin <sup>(1)</sup>              | 10.8%      | 11.6%        | 12.3%        | 13.5%        | 14.3%        |
| Diluted Earnings per Share                         | \$ 2.89    | \$ 3.64      | \$ 3.19      | \$ 6.27      | \$ 5.84      |
| Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share <sup>(1)</sup> | \$ 2.61    | \$ 3.43      | \$ 4.91      | \$ 6.47      | \$ 7.83      |
| Net Debt <sup>(1)</sup>                            | \$ 211,999 | \$ 278,166   | \$ 311,851   | \$ 335,776   | \$ 486,492   |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities               | \$ 17,987  | \$ 85,400    | \$ 135,262   | \$ 201,319   | \$ 193,394   |
| Adjusted Free Cash Flow <sup>(1)</sup>             | \$ 20,955  | \$ 61,101    | \$ 100,076   | \$ 168,736   | \$ 162,310   |

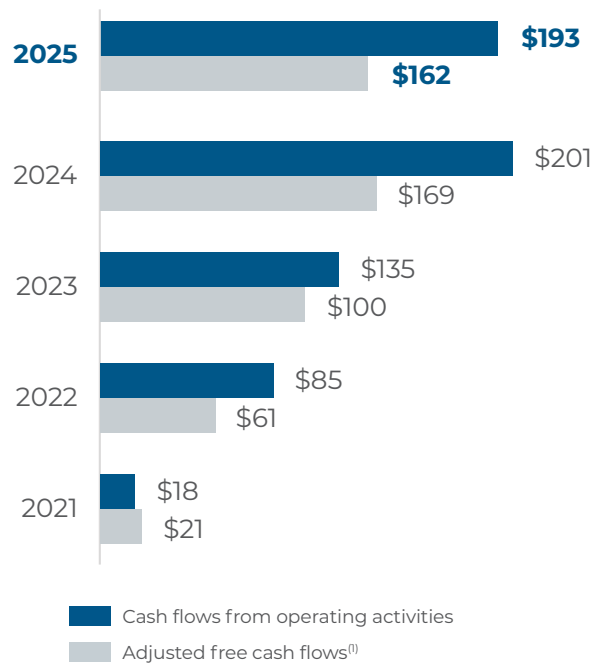
### Revenues before Reimbursable Expenses (RBR)

In millions



### Cash Flows

In millions



<sup>(1)</sup> See Appendix "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" for the definitions of our non-GAAP financial measures, and their reconciliation to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure.

# Board of Directors & Executive Team

## Board of Directors

### **Hugh E. Sawyer<sup>(1)(3)(5)</sup>**

Non-Executive Chairman of the Board  
Former Chairman, President and Chief Executive Officer of Regis Corporation

### **Peter K. Markell<sup>(1)(3)(4)</sup>**

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Brown University Health, f/k/a Lifespan Health System

### **C. Mark Hussey**

Chief Executive Officer and President of Huron Consulting Group Inc.

### **John F. McCartney<sup>(1)(3)</sup>**

Former 3Com Corporation President, Client Access Unit

### **Joy T. Brown<sup>(2)(4)(5)</sup>**

Senior Vice President and Chief Digital Information Officer of Boston Medical Center Health System

### **James H. Roth**

Vice Chairman, Client Services of Huron Consulting Group Inc.

### **H. Eugene Lockhart<sup>(1)(2)(5)</sup>**

Chairman Emeritus, Co-Founder and General Partner, MissionOG LLC

### **Ekta Singh-Bushell<sup>(2)(4)(5)</sup>**

Strategic Advisor to LeadEdge Capital

### **Debra L. Zumwalt<sup>(2)(3)(4)</sup>**

Vice President and General Counsel of Stanford University

## Executive Team

### **C. Mark Hussey**

Chief Executive Officer and President

### **John D. Kelly**

Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

### **J. Ronald Dail**

Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

### **Hope E. Katz**

Executive Vice President, General Counsel and Corporate Secretary

## APPENDIX

## Non-GAAP Financial Measures

We assess our results of operations using the following non-GAAP financial measures: earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues before reimbursable expenses, adjusted net income, adjusted diluted earnings per share, free cash flow and adjusted free cash flow. These non-GAAP financial measures differ from GAAP because they exclude a number of items required by GAAP, each discussed below. These non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, any measure of performance, cash flows, or liquidity prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures may be defined differently from time to time and may be defined differently than similar terms used by other companies, and accordingly, care should be exercised in understanding how we define our non-GAAP financial measures.

Our management uses the non-GAAP financial measures to gain an understanding of our comparative operating performance, for example when comparing such results with previous periods or forecasts. These non-GAAP financial measures are used by management in their financial and operating decision making because management believes they reflect our ongoing business in a manner that allows for meaningful period-to-period comparisons. Management also uses these non-GAAP financial measures when publicly providing our business outlook, for internal management purposes, and as a basis for evaluating potential acquisitions and dispositions. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating Huron's current operating performance and future prospects in the same manner as management does and in comparing in a consistent manner Huron's current financial results with Huron's past financial results.

These non-GAAP financial measures include adjustments for the following items:

*Amortization of intangible assets:* We exclude the effect of amortization of intangible assets from the calculation of adjusted net income, as it is inconsistent in its amount and frequency and is significantly affected by the timing and size of our acquisitions.

*Restructuring charges:* We have incurred charges due to restructuring various parts of our business. These restructuring charges have primarily consisted of costs associated with office space consolidations, including lease impairment charges and accelerated depreciation on lease-related property and equipment, and employee severance charges. We exclude the effect of the restructuring charges from our non-GAAP measures to permit comparability with periods that were not impacted by these items. We do not include normal, recurring, cash operating expenses in our restructuring charges.

*2024 litigation settlement gain:* In the second quarter of 2024, we settled a litigation matter in which Huron was the plaintiff for \$15.0 million, on a pre-tax basis. This \$15.0 million settlement gain was recorded as a component of other gains, net on our consolidated statement of operations. We have excluded from our non-GAAP measures \$11.7 million, which is the value of the settlement gain that exceeds the third-party legal costs of \$3.3 million incurred during 2024 specific to this litigation matter, as this net gain is not indicative of the ongoing performance of our business. Third-party legal costs incurred for this litigation matter in 2023 were \$4.0 million. Our third-party legal expenses are recorded as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses on our statement of operations.

*Other losses (gains), net:* We exclude the effects of other losses and gains, which primarily relate to changes in the estimated fair value of our liabilities for contingent consideration related to business acquisitions and litigation settlement losses and gains, excluding the 2024 litigation settlement gain presented separately, to permit comparability with periods that are not impacted by these items. These items are recorded as a component of other losses (gains), net on our consolidated statement of operations.

*Transaction-related expenses:* We exclude the impact of third-party advisory, legal, and accounting fees and other corporate costs incurred directly related to the evaluation and/or consummation of business acquisitions to permit comparability with prior periods as these costs are inconsistent in their amount and frequency and are significantly affected by the timing and size of our acquisitions.

*Unrealized losses (gains) on long-term investments, net:* We exclude the effect of unrealized losses and gains related to our long-term investments, which include non-cash credit related impairment charges on our convertible debt investment in Shorelight Holdings, LLC and changes in the fair value of our equity investment in a hospital-at-home company arising from observable price changes or impairment charges. These unrealized losses and gains are included as a component of other income (expense), net on our consolidated statement of operations. We believe that these unrealized losses and gains are not indicative of the ongoing performance of our business and their exclusion permits comparability with prior periods.

*Losses (gains) on sales of businesses:* We exclude the effect of non-operating losses and gains recognized as a result of sales of businesses as they are infrequent, management believes that these items are not indicative of the ongoing performance of our business, and their exclusion permits comparability with periods that were not impacted by such items. The 2024 gain relates to the divestiture of our Studer Education practice in the fourth quarter of 2024.

*Foreign currency transaction losses (gains), net:* We exclude the effect of foreign currency transaction losses and gains from the calculation of adjusted EBITDA because the amount of each loss or gain is significantly affected by changes in foreign exchange rates.

*Tax effect of adjustments:* The non-GAAP income tax adjustment reflects the incremental tax impact applicable to the non-GAAP adjustments.

*Income tax expense, interest expense, net of interest income, depreciation and amortization:*

We exclude the effects of income tax expense, interest expense, net of interest income, and depreciation and amortization in the calculation of EBITDA, as these are customary exclusions as defined by the calculation of EBITDA to arrive at meaningful earnings from core operations excluding the effect of such items. We include, within the depreciation and amortization adjustment, the amortization of capitalized implementation costs of our enterprise resource planning (ERP) system and other related software, which is included within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of operations.

*Purchases of property and equipment and Capitalization of internally developed software costs:*

We subtract from cash flows from operating activities the effects of purchases of property and equipment and capitalization of internally developed software costs, as these are customary exclusions in the calculation of free cash flows.

*Life Sciences Divestiture:* We add-back to cash flows from operations the impact of our Life Sciences divestiture in 2021, which excludes transaction-related employee and third-party costs as well as estimated tax payments and net working capital adjustments specifically related to the divestiture of our Life Sciences business in 2021 to permit comparability with periods that were not impacted by these items.

The tables below reconcile these non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable GAAP financial measure (in thousands, except per share and percentage amounts):

**Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA**

|                                                                                 | Year ended December 31, |             |             |             |             |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                                                                 | 2021                    | 2022        | 2023        | 2024        | 2025        |
| <b>Revenues before reimbursable expenses</b>                                    | \$ 905,640              | \$1,132,455 | \$1,362,060 | \$1,486,085 | \$1,662,836 |
| <b>Reimbursable expenses</b>                                                    | 21,318                  | 26,506      | 36,695      | 35,720      | 36,307      |
| <b>Total revenues</b>                                                           | \$ 926,958              | \$1,158,961 | \$1,398,755 | \$1,521,805 | \$1,699,143 |
| <b>Net income</b>                                                               | \$ 62,987               | \$ 75,552   | \$ 62,479   | \$ 116,626  | \$105,040   |
| <b>Net income as a percentage of total revenues</b>                             | 6.8%                    | 6.5%        | 4.5%        | 7.7%        | 6.2%        |
| Add back:                                                                       |                         |             |             |             |             |
| Income tax expense                                                              | 17,049                  | 33,025      | 21,416      | 37,390      | 30,040      |
| Interest expense, net of interest income                                        | 8,150                   | 11,883      | 19,573      | 25,347      | 34,197      |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                   | 26,347                  | 28,233      | 25,672      | 25,663      | 32,478      |
| <b>EBITDA</b>                                                                   | 114,533                 | 148,693     | 129,140     | 205,026     | 201,755     |
| Add back:                                                                       |                         |             |             |             |             |
| Restructuring charges                                                           | 12,401                  | 9,909       | 11,550      | 9,913       | 9,136       |
| 2024 litigation settlement gain                                                 | —                       | —           | —           | (11,701)    | —           |
| Other losses (gains), net                                                       | 198                     | (193)       | (444)       | 804         | 3,072       |
| Transaction-related expenses                                                    | 1,782                   | 50          | 357         | 2,861       | 8,521       |
| Unrealized losses (gains) on long-term investments, net                         | —                       | (26,964)    | 26,262      | —           | 15,396      |
| Gains on sales of businesses                                                    | (31,510)                | —           | —           | (3,597)     | —           |
| Foreign currency transaction losses (gains), net                                | 419                     | (655)       | 476         | (2,138)     | (363)       |
| <b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>                                                          | \$ 97,823               | \$ 130,840  | \$ 167,341  | \$ 201,168  | \$237,517   |
| <b>Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues before reimbursable expenses</b> | 10.8%                   | 11.6%       | 12.3%       | 13.5%       | 14.3%       |

## Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share

|                                                         | Year ended December 31, |           |           |            |            |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|------------|------------|
|                                                         | 2021                    | 2022      | 2023      | 2024       | 2025       |
| <b>Net income</b>                                       | \$ 62,987               | \$ 75,552 | \$ 62,479 | \$ 116,626 | \$105,040  |
| <b>Weighted average shares - diluted</b>                | 21,809                  | 20,746    | 19,601    | 18,613     | 17,991     |
| <b>Diluted earnings per share</b>                       | \$ 2.89                 | \$ 3.64   | \$ 3.19   | \$ 6.27    | \$5.84     |
| Add back:                                               |                         |           |           |            |            |
| Amortization of intangible assets                       | 9,251                   | 11,198    | 8,219     | 6,517      | 11,334     |
| Restructuring charges                                   | 12,401                  | 9,909     | 11,550    | 9,913      | 9,136      |
| 2024 litigation settlement gain                         | —                       | —         | —         | (11,701)   | —          |
| Other losses (gains), net                               | 198                     | (193)     | (444)     | 804        | 3,072      |
| Transaction-related expenses                            | 1,782                   | 50        | 357       | 2,861      | 8,521      |
| Unrealized losses (gains) on long-term investments, net | —                       | (26,964)  | 26,262    | —          | 15,396     |
| Gains on sales of businesses                            | (31,510)                | —         | —         | (3,597)    | —          |
| Tax effect of adjustments                               | 1,742                   | 1,590     | (12,175)  | (977)      | (11,654)   |
| Total adjustments, net of tax                           | (6,136)                 | (4,410)   | 33,769    | 3,820      | 35,805     |
| <b>Adjusted net income</b>                              | \$ 56,851               | \$ 71,142 | \$ 96,248 | \$ 120,446 | \$ 140,845 |
| <b>Adjusted weighted average shares - diluted</b>       | 21,809                  | 20,746    | 19,601    | 18,613     | 17,991     |
| <b>Adjusted diluted earnings per share</b>              | \$ 2.61                 | \$ 3.43   | \$ 4.91   | \$ 6.47    | \$ 7.83    |

## Reconciliation of Cash Flows from Operating Activities to Adjusted Free Cash Flow

|                                                 | Year ended December 31, |           |            |            |            |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|------------|
|                                                 | 2021                    | 2022      | 2023       | 2024       | 2025       |
| <b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>     | \$ 17,987               | \$ 85,400 | \$ 135,262 | \$ 201,319 | \$ 193,394 |
| Less:                                           |                         |           |            |            |            |
| Purchases of property and equipment             | 10,871                  | 12,547    | 9,444      | 8,651      | 10,437     |
| Capitalization of internally developed software | 4,889                   | 11,752    | 25,742     | 23,932     | 20,647     |
| <b>Free cash flow</b>                           | \$ 2,227                | \$ 61,101 | \$ 100,076 | \$ 168,736 | \$ 162,310 |
| Add back:                                       |                         |           |            |            |            |
| Life Sciences divestiture                       | 18,771                  | —         | —          | —          | —          |
| <b>Adjusted free cash flow</b>                  | \$ 20,998               | \$ 61,101 | \$ 100,076 | \$ 168,736 | \$ 162,310 |

## Reconciliation of Total Debt to Net Debt

|                                 | Year ended December 31, |            |            |            |           |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
|                                 | 2021                    | 2022       | 2023       | 2024       | 2025      |
| <b>Total Debt</b>               |                         |            |            |            |           |
| Revolver                        | \$ 230,000              | \$ 290,000 | \$ 324,000 | \$ 93,000  | \$121,000 |
| Term loan                       | —                       | —          | —          | 264,687    | 390,000   |
| Promissory Note due 2024        | 2,780                   | —          | —          | —          | —         |
| <b>Total long-term debt</b>     | \$ 232,780              | \$ 290,000 | \$ 324,000 | \$ 357,687 | \$511,000 |
| Less: Cash and cash equivalents | (20,781)                | (11,834)   | (12,149)   | (21,911)   | (24,508)  |
| <b>Net debt</b>                 | \$ 211,999              | \$ 278,166 | \$ 311,851 | \$ 335,776 | \$486,492 |

## UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

## FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

☒ ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2025

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 000-50976

HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

01-0666114

(IRS Employer  
Identification Number)

550 West Van Buren Street

Chicago, Illinois

60607

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code)

(312) 583-8700

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

| Title of each class                      | Trading Symbol | Name of each exchange on which registered |
|------------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Common Stock, par value \$0.01 per share | HURN           | Nasdaq Global Select Market               |

**Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: None**Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes ☒ No ☐Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes ☐ No ☒Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large Accelerated Filer ☒ Accelerated Filer ☐ Non-accelerated Filer ☐ Smaller Reporting Company ☐ Emerging Growth Company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its report. ☒If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The aggregate market value of the registrant's common stock held by non-affiliates as of June 30, 2025 (the last business day of the registrant's most recently completed second fiscal quarter) was approximately \$2,326,000,000.

As of February 17, 2026, 16,922,924 shares of the registrant's common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, were outstanding.

#### Documents Incorporated By Reference

Portions of the registrant's definitive Proxy Statement to be filed with Securities and Exchange Commission within 120 days after the end of its fiscal year are incorporated by reference into Part III.

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HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.  
ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K  
FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025

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## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

In this Annual Report on Form 10-K, unless the context otherwise requires, the terms “Huron,” “company,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Huron Consulting Group Inc. and its subsidiaries.

Statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K that are not historical in nature, including those concerning the company’s current expectations about its future results, are “forward-looking” statements as defined in Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”) and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are identified by words such as “may,” “should,” “expects,” “provides,” “anticipates,” “assumes,” “can,” “will,” “meets,” “could,” “likely,” “intends,” “might,” “predicts,” “seeks,” “would,” “believes,” “estimates,” “plans,” “continues,” “goals,” “guidance,” or “outlook,” or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements reflect current expectations about future requirements and needs, results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. Some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained herein include, without limitation: failure to achieve expected utilization rates, billing rates, and the necessary number of revenue-generating professionals; inability to expand or adjust our service offerings in response to market demands; the company’s dependence on renewal of client-based services; dependence on new business and retention of current clients and qualified personnel; failure to maintain third-party provider relationships and strategic alliances; inability to license technology to and from third parties; the impairment of goodwill; various factors related to income and other taxes; difficulties in successfully integrating the businesses we acquire and achieving expected benefits from such acquisitions; risks relating to privacy, information security, and related laws and standards; and a general downturn or volatility in market conditions. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, including, among others, those described under Item 1A. “Risk Factors,” that may cause actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any anticipated results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. The company disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements as a result of new information or future events, or for any other reason.

## PART I

### ITEM 1. BUSINESS.

#### OVERVIEW

Huron is a global professional services firm that partners with clients to put possible into practice by creating sound strategies, optimizing operations, accelerating digital transformation, and empowering businesses to own their future. By embracing diverse perspectives, encouraging new ideas and challenging the status quo, we create sustainable results for the organizations we serve.

We are headquartered in Chicago, Illinois, with additional locations in the United States and abroad in Canada, France, India, Poland, Singapore, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

#### OUR STRATEGY

The combination of our deep industry expertise and breadth of our offerings is the foundation of our growth strategy and why our clients choose Huron as their trusted advisor. Key focus areas of our growth strategy include:

- **Accelerating Growth in Healthcare and Education:** Huron holds leading market positions in healthcare and education, providing comprehensive offerings to the largest health systems, academic medical centers, colleges and universities, and research institutes in the United States and abroad. The Company will continue to broaden its portfolio of offerings in healthcare and education to drive even greater impact on current and new clients as the needs in those industries further evolve due to competitive, regulatory, financial, and broader market changes.
- **Growing Presence in Commercial Industries:** Through its deep industry and capability expertise and nimble approach, Huron has grown its client base and expanded its credentials in the commercial industries. Huron’s commercial industry focus has increased the diversification of the Company’s portfolio and end markets while expanding the range of capabilities it can deliver to clients, providing new avenues for growth and an important balance to its healthcare and education focus.
- **Rapidly Growing Global Digital Capability:** As data, technology and artificial intelligence (“AI”) evolve across industries, Huron’s ability to provide a broad portfolio of digital offerings that support the strategic and operational needs of its clients globally is at the foundation of the Company’s strategy. Huron will continue to advance its integrated digital platform to support its strong growth trajectory.
- **Solid Foundation for Margin Expansion:** The Company continues to be well-positioned to further achieve margin expansion as well as strong annual adjusted diluted earnings per share growth. We are committed to operating income margin expansion by growing the areas of the business that provide the most attractive returns, improving our pricing realization and the operational

efficiency of our delivery for clients, utilizing our global delivery platform across regions, and scaling our selling, general, and administrative expenses as we grow.

- **Strong Balance Sheet and Cash Flows:** A resilient, flexible balance sheet is the foundation of our financial strength, and strong free cash flows have and will continue to be the hallmark of Huron's business model. The Company is committed to deploying capital in a strategic and balanced way, including returning capital to shareholders and executing strategic, tuck-in acquisitions while prudently managing our leverage ratio.

## OUR SERVICES AND PRODUCTS

We provide our services and products and manage our business under three operating segments - Healthcare, Education, and Commercial - which aligns our business by industry. The Commercial segment includes all industries outside of healthcare and education, including, but not limited to, financial services, industrials and manufacturing, energy and utilities, and the public sector. We also provide revenue reporting across two principal capabilities: i) Consulting and Managed Services and ii) Digital, which are methods by which we deliver our services and products.

### Operating Industries

For the year ended December 31, 2025, we derived 50%, 30% and 20% of our consolidated revenues before reimbursable expenses from our Healthcare, Education and Commercial operating segments, respectively.

- **Healthcare**

Our Healthcare segment serves acute care providers, including national and regional health systems; academic health systems; community health systems; the federal health system; and public, children's and critical access hospitals, and non-acute care providers, including physician practices and medical groups; payors; and long-term care or post-acute providers. Our healthcare-focused consulting and managed services offerings include financial and operational performance improvement consulting, which spans revenue cycle, business operations and care delivery transformation; organizational transformation; revenue cycle managed services and outsourcing; financial and capital advisory consulting; and strategy and innovation consulting. Our healthcare-focused digital services span technology and analytic-related services, including core systems of record, such as enterprise health record ("EHR"), enterprise resource planning ("ERP"), enterprise performance management ("EPM"), and customer relationship management ("CRM") systems; data management, AI and automation; technology managed services; and payor core administration systems. We also have a portfolio of software products we deliver to the healthcare industry. In June 2025, we enhanced our consulting offerings through the acquisition of Eclipse Insights LLC ("Eclipse Insights"), a leading provider of revenue cycle solutions. In November 2025, we acquired the consulting services division of AXIOM Systems Consulting Services, Inc. ("AXIOM") to strengthen our digital-focused payor offerings.

- **Education**

Our Education segment serves public and private colleges and universities, research institutes, not-for-profit organizations and other education-related organizations. Our education and research-focused consulting and managed services offerings include our research-focused consulting and managed services; our strategy and operations consulting services, which span finance, accounting, operations and athletics to organization and talent strategy and student and academic strategy; and our advancement and fundraising consulting services, which were bolstered by the acquisition of Grenzebach Glier and Associates ("GG+A") in March of 2024 and Advancement Resources and Halpin Partnership Limited ("Halpin") in March 2025. Our education and research-focused digital offerings span technology and analytic-related services, including core systems of record, such as student information, ERP, EPM, and CRM systems; data management, AI and automation; and technology managed services. Our education and research-focused product offerings include our Huron Research Suite, the leading software suite designed to facilitate and improve research administration service delivery and compliance.

- **Commercial**

Our Commercial segment is focused on serving industries and organizations facing significant disruption and regulatory change by helping them adapt to rapidly changing environments and accelerate business transformation. Our Commercial professionals work primarily with seven primary buyers: the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, the chief strategy officer, the chief human resources officer, the chief operating officer, the chief risk officer, and organizational advisors, including lenders and law firms. We have a deep focus on serving organizations in the financial services, industrials and manufacturing, and energy and utilities industries and the public sector while opportunistically serving commercial industries more broadly, including professional and business services, life sciences, consumer products, and retail. Our Commercial professionals use their deep industry, functional and technical expertise to deliver our digital services and software products, financial and capital advisory (special situation advisory and corporate finance advisory) consulting services, regulatory compliance and risk management consulting and managed

services, strategy and innovation consulting services, and financial and operational performance improvement consulting services. In the third quarter of 2025, we bolstered our Commercial consulting offerings through the acquisitions of TVG-Treliant Holdings, LLC ("Treliant"), a global financial services consulting and managed services firm, and Wilson Perumal and Company, Inc. ("WP&C"), a leading strategy and operations consulting firm specializing in driving operational efficiency and improved growth and profitability.

## Capabilities

Within each of our operating segments, we provide our offerings under two principal capabilities: i) Consulting and Managed Services and ii) Digital.

- **Consulting and Managed Services**

Our Consulting and Managed Services capabilities represent our management consulting services, managed services (excluding technology-related managed services) and outsourcing services delivered across industries. Our Consulting and Managed Services experts help our clients address a variety of strategic, operational, financial, people and organizational-related challenges. These services are often combined with technology, analytic, and data- and AI-driven solutions powered by our Digital capability to support long-term relationships with our clients and drive lasting impact. Examples include the areas of revenue cycle management and research administration managed services and outsourcing at our healthcare, education and research-focused clients, where our projects are often coupled with our digital services and product offerings and management consulting services to sustain improved performance.

- **Digital**

Our Digital capabilities represent our technology and analytics services, including technology-related managed services, and software products delivered across industries. Our Digital experts help clients address a variety of business challenges, including, but not limited to, the design and implementation of technologies to accelerate transformation, facilitate data-driven decision making, operate more efficiently by leveraging AI- and automation-enabled workflows, and improve customer and employee experiences. We have invested organically and inorganically to expand our Digital offerings, which now span beyond core systems of record, such as ERP systems, into a broader set of administrative systems, including supply chain management, industry-specific systems of record and systems of engagement that act as the "digital front door" to an organization. We have grown our data, analytics, AI and automation offerings to deliver a unified and actionable technology ecosystem for our clients.

We have expanded our ecosystem to work with more than 25 technology partners. For example, we are a Leading Modern Oracle Network Partner; a Summit-level consulting partner with Salesforce.com and a Premium Partner with Salesforce.org; a Workday Services, Preferred Channel, Extend, and Application Management Services Partner; a Microsoft Solutions Partner; an Amazon Web Services consulting partner; an Informatica Platinum Partner; and an SAP Concur implementation partner.

We have also grown our proprietary software product portfolio to address our clients' challenges with solutions that expand our base of recurring revenue and further differentiate our consulting, digital and managed services offerings. Our product portfolio bundles our deep industry expertise and unique intellectual property together to serve our clients outside of our traditional consulting offerings. Our product portfolio includes, among others: Huron Research Suite, the leading software suite designed to facilitate and improve research administration service delivery and compliance; Huron Intelligence™ Rounding, the #1 ranked Digital Rounding solution in the 2025 Best in KLAS® report; and Huron Intelligence™ Analytic Suite in Healthcare, a predictive analytics suite to improve care delivery while lowering costs.

## OUR CLIENTS AND INDUSTRIES

We provide services to both financially sound organizations and organizations in transition across industries, including healthcare, education, financial services, industrials and manufacturing, energy and utilities, public sector and other commercial industries. Our clients span hospitals, health systems and academic medical centers; colleges, universities and research institutes; banks, asset managers, insurance companies and private equity firms; oil and gas and utilities companies; manufacturing organizations; not-for-profit organizations; and the public sector. In 2025, we served over 2,000 clients and our 10 largest clients accounted for approximately 19% of our consolidated revenues.

## HUMAN CAPITAL RESOURCES AND MANAGEMENT

Our people are at the center of Huron's strategy, and we are committed to providing a workplace where our talented team can thrive both personally and professionally. Success hinges on our ability to attract, engage, develop, reward, and retain highly skilled professionals. The cornerstone of our human capital strategy lies in both our mission-driven approach and an enduring belief that great leaders and engaged coaches cultivate a work environment where team members feel valued, create deep connections, perform meaningful work and see their future with Huron. Our unwavering focus extends across every aspect of the employee journey, from the recruitment phase to post-

employment or retirement. We strive to craft a personalized experience for our employees, empowering them to have a meaningful impact on our clients, communities, and each other.

In 2025, Huron received widespread recognition as an employer of choice. For the fifteenth consecutive year, Consulting Magazine named Huron a “Best Firm to Work For,” acknowledging our strong commitment to our people, our values, our clients and the communities we serve. Additionally, we were recognized by:

- Great Place to Work® in the United States, Canada, India, Singapore, and the U.K.;
- Fortune as one of the “Best Workplaces in Consulting & Professional Services™”;
- Glassdoor as a “Best Place to Work”;
- TIME Magazine as one of “America’s Best Mid-Size Companies”;
- Forbes as one of the “World’s Best Management Consulting Firms,” one of “America’s Best Management Consulting Firms,” and one of “America’s Best Employers for Women”;
- U.S. News and World Report as a top company to work for in the Midwest and in the Consulting and Human Resources industry; and
- Vault as a “Top Ranked Internship” across multiple categories, including “Best Consulting Internships,” “Best Internships for Overall Inclusion,” and “Best Internships for Training and Mentoring.”

In addition to external recognitions, we monitor human capital-related internal metrics. Our leading measure is our yearly employee engagement score. In addition, we regularly review voluntary turnover across a number of key variables including business unit, individual performance, and geography in order to assess the effectiveness of our employee value proposition inclusive of employee development and total rewards programs.

Additional information on our people and programs follows.

**Our People:** As of December 31, 2025, our workforce was comprised of approximately 8,610 full-time professionals.

- Our 305 managing directors and principals actively play a pivotal role in serving our clients, acting as strategic business advisors, coaches, and industry experts and collaborating with organizations and their leaders to tackle complex business challenges. Managing directors and principals lead our revenue-generating sales and client service efforts, innovation and the development of our intellectual capital; foster the growth of our people; and act as stewards of our organizational culture. Together, our managing directors and principals contribute significantly to our market reputation, addressing clients' challenges and ensuring the highest quality delivery of our engagements. In addition to the responsibilities listed above, our managing directors' primary focus is on propelling our business growth by selling our portfolio of offerings to generate revenue streams from both new and existing clients.
- Senior directors, directors, senior managers and managers are primarily focused on managing day-to-day client relationships and our engagement teams while overseeing the delivery and quality of our work as well as developing our people and nurturing our collaborative culture.
- Associates and analysts focus on meeting client commitments by gathering and organizing data, conducting detailed analyses, crafting materials that synthesize information to support our recommendations, and implementing financial, operational, and technology and analytic solutions that execute on the recommendations we provide to clients.
- Our functional professionals, who are led by our executives and corporate vice presidents, comprise Huron’s enterprise functional teams, including corporate development, facilities, finance and accounting, human resources, information technology, legal, marketing and operations. These professionals offer strategic guidance and execute on initiatives on behalf of the enterprise to support our client-facing objectives and the achievement of our growth strategy.

In addition to our full-time employees, we engage temporary workers on an as-needed basis, primarily bringing specialized skills and/or experience to augment our capacity for delivering client engagements or internal initiatives.

**Development:** We know the ability to advance one’s career, growing both personally and professionally, is critical to employee retention and engagement. To facilitate this advancement, we offer a wide array of learning and development opportunities and experiences that can be tailored to personal needs and applied to individual context. We are committed to creating learning pathways that reflect the specific needs of our global population, engage them in a future at Huron, and enhance our culture of collaboration. We continue to:

- Facilitate a two-day orientation curriculum that ensures a smooth transition for new employees and fosters engagement through leadership-led welcome sessions;
- Offer just-in-time, 1:1 coaching and training opportunities, such as our Coaching at Huron program, that inform and prepare leaders and coaches to excel in moments that matter for our employees;
- Strive to develop world class leaders, guided by our values and leadership principles, by delivering programs and opportunities, such as our Senior Director Cohort, Milestone schools and iLead program, which focus on key leadership behaviors;
- Provide access to a variety of learning opportunities that are offered through multiple modalities to further develop employees' skills, including technical knowledge, EQ capabilities, team dynamics, and proficiency in coaching and developing others;
- Encourage employees to enhance their professional capabilities through external learning opportunities that certify and validate industry, functional and technical skills; and
- Match employees with internal onboarding stewards, performance coaches, mentors, and, in some cases, sponsors to facilitate their growth and expand their network of support.

**Total Rewards:** Our market-competitive total rewards package is a core element of our employee value proposition to attract, motivate, and retain top talent. Our philosophy is designed to pay for performance, rewarding and retaining our highest performing employees and paying competitively versus peer companies. To accomplish this, we offer employees a competitive base salary, short- and long-term variable pay incentives, and market-competitive and employee-focused benefits.

**Engagement:** We gauge our employee engagement success through various metrics, including:

- Employee engagement score, which was 83 in 2025 and surpassed the Microsoft Viva Glint Employee Engagement global benchmark of 75;
- Coach quality score, which was 83 in 2025 and above the Microsoft Viva Glint Coach Quality global benchmark of 82; and
- Volunteer hours in our communities, which was nearly 16,600 hours in 2025 and delivered by 48% of our total employee population.

**Diverse Culture and Community:** Cultivating an environment in which everyone works together, feels included, and has the opportunity to thrive has been a hallmark since our founding. In 2025, we continued to expand our engagement, development and community building efforts to further strengthen the experience of our global and dynamic employee base. Specifically, we:

- Hosted our fourth Amanda Bonser Leadership Summit in both North America and the Asia-Pacific region bringing together colleagues across the enterprise to connect and learn from one another;
- Extended the Working Families and Pride iMatter teams to the Asia-Pacific region to enhance the communities' reach, impact, and ability to create stronger connections;
- Expanded the iMatter Mentorship Program, which is open to all employees, to provide guidance and support for employees through colleague interaction; and
- Continued our Dinner and Dialogue series for our C-Suite to engage with, and learn directly from, small groups represented by our employee resource group (iMatter) teams as a way to build deeper connections.

To learn more about how we continue to execute on our employee and community commitments, refer to our annual Corporate Social Responsibility report, which is available on our investor relations website located at [ir.huronconsultinggroup.com](http://ir.huronconsultinggroup.com).

## CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

As a mission-driven company, we recognize it is our collective responsibility to actively contribute to a sustainable and brighter future, benefiting our clients, employees, communities and shareholders. We continue to publish an annual report highlighting the actions we have taken globally to strengthen our clients, our communities, and our people. Our Corporate Social Responsibility report reflects our efforts in support of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals ("SDGs"), that align with our values-driven culture and the work we do for our clients. As an addendum to our Corporate Social Responsibility report, we publish a Sustainability Accounting Standards Board ("SASB") index in line with SASB's Professional & Commercial Services standards. Our SASB index provides further quantitative and qualitative information regarding our data security programs, practices and policies, workforce metrics, and our approach to promoting professional integrity and ethical behavior among our workforce, commensurate with best practices for professional services organizations.

For additional information, refer to our annual Corporate Social Responsibility report, which is available on our investor relations website located at [ir.huronconsultinggroup.com](http://ir.huronconsultinggroup.com).

## **BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT AND MARKETING**

Our business development and marketing activities are aimed at cultivating relationships, generating leads, and building a strong brand reputation with offices of the C-suite and senior level influencers and decision makers of current and potential client organizations. We believe excellent service delivery to clients is critical to building and maintaining relationships and sustaining and strengthening our brand reputation, and we emphasize the importance of high-quality client service to all of our employees.

Currently, we generate new business opportunities through the combination of relationships our managing directors and principals have with individuals working at our current and prospective clients and with our technology partners and marketing activities. We also view market-based collaboration between our employees as a key component in building our business. Often, the client relationship of an employee in one area of our business leads to opportunities in another area, enhancing the opportunity to increase wallet share at a specific client. All of our managing directors and principals understand their roles in ongoing relationship and business development, which is reinforced through our compensation and incentive programs. We actively seek to identify new business opportunities and frequently receive referrals and repeat business from past and current clients. In addition, to complement the business development efforts of our managing directors and principals, we have dedicated business development professionals who are focused exclusively on developing client relationships and generating new business.

## **COMPETITION**

The professional services industry is extremely competitive, highly fragmented, and constantly evolving. The industry includes a large number of participants with a variety of skills and industry expertise, including other strategy, business operations, technology, and financial advisory consulting firms; general management consulting firms; the consulting practices of major accounting firms; technical and economic advisory firms; regional and specialty consulting firms; consulting divisions of our technology partners; and the internal professional resources of organizations. We compete with a large number of service and technology providers in all of our segments. Our competitors vary, depending on the particular industry and expertise area, and we expect to continue to face competition from new market entrants.

We believe the principal competitive factors in our market include reputation, the ability to attract and retain top talent, the capacity to manage engagements effectively and with the highest quality to drive value for clients, and the ability to deliver measurable and sustainable results. There is also competition on price, although to a lesser extent due to the criticality of the issues addressed and the value generated by our services and products. Some competitors have a greater geographic footprint, including a broader international presence, and more resources than we do. However, we believe our reputation, industry and capability expertise, ability to deliver high-value, quality service and measurable results to our clients across a balanced portfolio of offerings, and ability to attract and retain top talent enable us to compete favorably in the professional services marketplace.

## **AVAILABLE INFORMATION**

We file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements, and other information with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). These filings are available on the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Our website is located at [www.huronconsultinggroup.com](http://www.huronconsultinggroup.com), and our investor relations website is located at [ir.huronconsultinggroup.com](http://ir.huronconsultinggroup.com). We make our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, and any amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 available through our website, free of charge, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file such material with, or furnish it to, the SEC.

We provide information about our business and financial performance, including our corporate profile, on our investor relations website. Additionally, we webcast our earnings calls and certain events we participate in with members of the investment community on our investor relations website. Further, corporate governance information, including our code of business conduct and ethics, corporate governance guidelines, and board committee charters, is also available on our investor relations website. The content of any referenced website is not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report on Form 10-K or in any other report or document we file with the SEC, and any references to our websites are intended to be inactive textual references only.

## ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

The following discussion of risk factors may be important to understanding the statements in this Annual Report on Form 10-K or elsewhere. The following information should be read in conjunction with Part II—Item 7. “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and the Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes in this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Discussions about the important operational risks that our business encounters can be found in Part II—Item 7. “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.”

### Risks Related to Human Capital Resources

#### **An inability to retain our senior management team and managing directors and principals would be detrimental to the success of our business.**

We rely heavily on our senior management team, our industry and capability leaders, and managing directors and principals, and our ability to retain them is particularly important to our future success. Given the highly specialized nature of our services, the senior management team must have a thorough understanding of our service offerings as well as the skills and experience necessary to manage an organization consisting of a diverse group of professionals. In addition, we rely on our senior management team and managing directors and principals to generate revenues and market our business. Further, our senior management’s and managing directors’ and principals’ personal reputations and relationships with our clients are a critical element in obtaining and maintaining client engagements. Members of our senior management team and our managing directors and principals could choose to leave or join one of our competitors and some of our clients could choose to use the services of that competitor instead of our services. If one or more members of our senior management team or our managing directors or principals leave and we cannot replace them with a suitable candidate quickly, or if legal restrictions on non-competition agreements are put into place, we could experience difficulty in securing and successfully completing engagements, managing our business properly and executing on our growth strategy, which could harm our business prospects and results of operations.

#### **If we are unable to hire and retain talented people in an industry where there is great competition for talent, it could have a serious negative effect on our prospects and results of operations.**

Our business involves the delivery of professional services and is highly labor-intensive. Our success depends largely on our general ability to attract, develop, motivate, and retain highly skilled professionals. Further, we must successfully maintain the right mix of professionals with relevant experience and skill sets as we continue to grow, as we expand into new service offerings, and as the market evolves. The loss of a significant number of our professionals, the inability to attract, hire, develop, train, and retain additional skilled personnel, or failure to maintain the right mix of professionals could have a serious negative effect on us, including our ability to manage, staff, and successfully complete our existing engagements and obtain new engagements. Further, if we cannot develop, train, and retain highly skilled professionals, it may impact our ability to keep pace with rapid and continuing changes in technology and respond to changes in client demand in a rapidly evolving market for professional services. Qualified professionals are in great demand, and we face significant competition for both senior and junior professionals with the requisite credentials and experience. Our principal competition for talent comes from other consulting firms and accounting firms, as well as from organizations seeking to staff their internal professional positions. Many of these competitors may be able to offer greater compensation and benefits or more attractive lifestyle choices, career paths, or geographic locations than we can offer. Additionally, we may find it difficult to hire, develop and retain qualified professionals in certain geographic regions where historically our operations have been limited. Therefore, we may not be successful in attracting and retaining the skilled consultants we require to conduct and expand our operations successfully. Increasing competition for these revenue-generating professionals may also significantly increase our labor costs, which could negatively affect our margins and results of operations.

#### **If we are unable to manage the organizational challenges associated with our continued growth, we might be unable to achieve our business objectives.**

As we continue to grow and evolve, it might become increasingly difficult to maintain effective standards across a large, global enterprise and effectively institutionalize our knowledge or to effectively change the strategy, operations or culture of our Company in a timely manner. It might also become more difficult to maintain our culture; effectively manage and monitor our people and operations; effectively communicate our core values, policies and procedures, strategies and goals; and motivate, engage and retain our people, particularly given the distribution of our employees across the U.S. and internationally, the rate of new hires, the breadth of skills and expertise across all of our solutions, and the fact that essentially all of our employees have the option to work remotely. The size and scope of our operations increase the possibility that we will have employees who expose us to unacceptable business risks, despite our efforts to train them and maintain internal controls to prevent such instances. For example, employee misconduct could involve the improper use of sensitive or confidential information entrusted to us, or obtained inappropriately, or the failure to comply with legislation or regulations regarding the protection of sensitive or confidential information, including personal data and proprietary information. Furthermore, the inappropriate use of social networking sites or AI by our employees could result in breaches of confidentiality, unauthorized disclosure of nonpublic company information or damage to our reputation. If we do not continue to develop and implement the right processes and tools to manage our enterprise and instill our culture and core values into all of our employees, our ability to compete successfully and achieve our business objectives could be impaired. In addition, effective

January 1, 2022, we made, and continue to make, changes to our operating model, including how we are organized as the needs and size of our business change, and despite the operating model yielding positive synergies and impacts to date, if we do not continue to successfully refine the changes, our business and results of operations may be negatively impacted.

### **Risks Related to Business Operations, Growth and Development**

#### **We may incur costs to support our business and the inability to effectively build a support structure for the business could have an adverse impact on our growth and profitability.**

We have grown significantly since we commenced operations and have increased the number of our full-time professionals from 249 in 2002 to approximately 8,610 as of December 31, 2025. Additionally, our considerable growth has placed demands on our management and our internal systems, procedures, and controls and will continue to do so in the future. To successfully manage growth, we must periodically adjust and strengthen our operating, financial, accounting, and other systems, procedures, compliance practices and controls, which may increase our total costs and may adversely affect our operating income and our ability to sustain profitability if we do not generate increased revenues to offset the costs. As a public company, our information and control systems must enable us to prepare accurate and timely financial information and other required disclosures. If we discover deficiencies in our existing information and control systems that impede our ability to satisfy our reporting requirements, we must successfully implement improvements to those systems in an efficient and timely manner.

#### **Our international operations could result in additional risks.**

We operate both domestically and internationally, including in Canada, Europe, Asia, Australia and the Middle East. Although historically our international operations have been limited, we intend to continue to expand internationally. Such expansion may result in additional risks or increase the acuity of risks that are not present domestically and which could adversely affect our business or our results of operations, including:

- compliance with additional U.S. regulations and those of other nations applicable to international operations;
- cultural and language differences;
- employment laws, including immigration laws affecting the mobility of employees, and related social and cultural factors, including geopolitical factors affecting labor mobility;
- losses related to start-up costs, lack of revenue, higher costs due to low utilization, and delays in purchase decisions by prospective clients;
- currency fluctuations between the U.S. dollar and foreign currencies;
- potentially adverse tax consequences and limitations on our ability to utilize losses generated in our foreign operations;
- different or more stringent regulatory requirements and other barriers to conducting business;
- our ability to develop effective partnerships in foreign geographic areas;
- different or less stable political and economic environments;
- greater personal security risks for employees traveling to or located in unstable locations;
- health emergencies or pandemics; and
- civil disturbances or other catastrophic events.

Further, conducting business abroad subjects us to increased regulatory compliance and oversight. A failure to comply with applicable regulations could result in regulatory enforcement actions as well as substantial civil and criminal penalties assessed against us and our employees.

In addition, expanding into new geographic areas and expanding current service offerings is challenging and may require integrating new employees into our company culture as well as assessing the demand in the applicable market. If we cannot manage the risks associated with new employees, new service offerings or new locations effectively, we are unlikely to be successful in these efforts, which could harm our ability to sustain profitability and our business prospects.

#### **The Company has significant operations in India, which presents additional risks.**

We have significant operations in India, including approximately 3,500 employees, which could subject the Company to country-specific risks or exacerbate certain other risks. For example, from time to time, India has experienced instances of civil unrest, terrorism and hostilities among neighboring countries. Terrorist attacks, military activity, rioting, or civil or political unrest in the future could influence the Indian economy and our operations by disrupting operations and communications and making travel within India more difficult and less desirable.

Further, India has experienced natural disasters such as earthquakes, tsunamis, floods, landslides and drought in the past few years. The extent and severity of these natural disasters determines their impact on the Indian economy. Our operations and employees in India may be adversely affected by these or other social and political uncertainties or change, military activity, health-related risks, acts of terrorism or natural disasters. Additionally, as the overall population of India is large, and the cities in which we operate are dense, the impact of any such occurrences could have a disproportionate adverse effect on our operations.

Additionally, the challenges presented by India's complex business environment and heightened risk for potential corruption may increase our risk of violating applicable anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws. We face the risk that our employees or any third parties we engage to do work on our behalf may take action determined to be in violation of anti-corruption laws in any jurisdiction in which we conduct business, including the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, India's Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 and Indian Penal Code. If we violate applicable anti-corruption laws or our internal policies designed to ensure ethical business practices, we could face financial penalties and/or reputational harm that would negatively impact our financial condition and results of operations.

Additionally, since 1991, successive Indian governments have generally pursued policies of economic liberalization and financial sector reforms, including by significantly relaxing restrictions on the private sector. Nevertheless, the role of the Indian central and state governments in the Indian economy as producers, consumers and regulators has remained significant and there is no assurance that such liberalization policies will continue. A significant change in India's policy of economic liberalization and deregulation or any social or political uncertainties could adversely affect business and economic conditions in India generally and our business and employees in particular.

Lastly, unfavorable fluctuations in the currency exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and Indian rupee could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. As we continue to grow our operations in India, more of our expenses will be incurred in the Indian rupee. An increase in the value of the Indian rupee against the U.S. dollar, in which our revenue is primarily recorded, could increase costs for delivery of services and decrease the profitability of our engagements that utilize our employees in India.

**Additional hiring, departures, and business acquisitions and dispositions, as well as other organizational changes, could disrupt our operations, increase our costs or otherwise harm our business.**

Our business strategy is dependent in part upon our ability to grow by hiring individuals or groups of individuals and by acquiring complementary businesses. However, we may be unable to identify, hire, acquire, or successfully integrate new employees and acquired businesses without substantial expense, delay, or other operational or financial obstacles. From time to time, we will evaluate the total mix of services we provide and we may conclude that businesses may not achieve the results we previously expected. Competition for future hiring and acquisition opportunities in our markets could increase the compensation we offer to potential employees or the prices we pay for businesses we wish to acquire. In addition, we may be unable to achieve the financial, operational, and other benefits we anticipate from any hiring or acquisition, as well as any disposition, including those we have completed so far. New acquisitions could also negatively impact existing practices and cause current employees to depart. Hiring additional employees or acquiring businesses could also involve a number of additional risks, including the diversion of management's time, attention, and resources from managing and marketing our Company; the potential assumption of liabilities of an acquired business; the inability to attain the expected synergies with an acquired business; and the perception of inequalities if different groups of employees are eligible for different benefits and incentives or are subject to different policies and programs.

Selling and shutting down certain operations present similar challenges in a service business. Dispositions not only require management's time, but they can impair existing relationships with clients or otherwise affect client satisfaction, particularly in situations where the divestiture eliminates only part of the complement of consulting services provided to a client. Dispositions may also involve continued financial involvement, as we may be required to retain responsibility for, or agree to indemnify buyers against, liabilities related to a business sold.

Additionally, effective January 1, 2022, we modified our operating model to report under three industries, which are our reportable segments. The operating model was designed to strengthen Huron's go-to-market strategy and support our growth. The full implementation across all areas of our business to effect this change has taken place over several years. Despite the operating model yielding positive synergies and impacts to date, if we do not continue to successfully refine this change to our operating model, our business and results of operations may be negatively impacted.

**The healthcare and education industries are areas of significant focus for our business, and factors that affect the financial condition of these industries could consequently affect our business.**

We derive a significant portion of our revenue from clients in the healthcare and education industries. As a result, our financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected by conditions affecting these industries, both generally and those specific to the types of clients we serve in these industries, including hospitals and health systems, academic medical centers, and higher education institutions. The healthcare and education industries are highly regulated and are subject to changing political, legislative, regulatory, and other influences. Uncertainty in any of these areas could cause our clients to delay or postpone decisions to use our services. Existing and new federal and state laws and regulations affecting the healthcare and education industries could create unexpected liabilities for us, could cause us or our clients to incur additional costs, and could restrict our or our clients' operations.

Additionally, regulatory and legislative changes in these industries, or executive actions impacting these industries, could reduce the demand for our services, decrease our competitive position or potentially render certain of our service offerings obsolete, change client buying patterns or decision making or require us to make unplanned modifications to our service offerings, which could require additional time and investment. If we fail to accurately anticipate the application of the laws and regulations affecting our clients and the industries they serve, if anticipated changes in regulation or regulatory uncertainty impact client buying patterns, or if such laws, regulations, and executive actions decrease our competitive position or limit the applicability of our service offerings, our results of operations and financial condition could be adversely impacted.

In addition, our failure to accurately anticipate the application of new laws and regulations, or our failure to comply with such laws and regulations, could create liability for us, result in adverse publicity and negatively affect our business. Specifically with respect to healthcare, many healthcare laws are complex, and their application to us, our clients, or the specific services and relationships we have with our clients are not always clear and in turn, it is unclear what long-term effect they will have on the healthcare industry and consequently on our business, financial condition and results of operations.

There are many factors that could affect the purchasing practices, operations, and, ultimately, the operating funds of healthcare and education organizations, such as reimbursement policies for healthcare and research-related expenses, student loan policies or regulations, federal and state budgetary considerations, increased taxes, changes in the tax exempt status of healthcare and education organizations, internal stakeholders' views of engaging third-party consultants, consolidation in either industry, and regulation, litigation, and general economic conditions. In particular, we could be required to make unplanned modifications of our products and services (which would require additional time and investment) or we could suffer reductions in demand for our products and services as a result of proposed or enacted changes in regulations affecting either industry, such as changes in the way that healthcare organizations are paid for their services (e.g., based on patient outcomes instead of services provided), changes to Medicare or Medicaid reimbursements, changes to cost rates or reimbursement rates applicable to research grants, or a decline in the level of federal or state grant spending in general. Considerable uncertainty exists regarding how future budget and program decisions will unfold, including the spending priorities of the U.S. presidential administration and Congress. Pressures on and uncertainty surrounding the U.S. federal and state governments' budgets, and potential changes in budgetary priorities and spending levels, could adversely affect the funding for individual programs and delay purchasing or payment decisions by our customers.

Some of the uncertainty and pressures described above may increase demand for certain of our service offerings. To the extent there is more certainty or a reduction in these pressures, it may adversely affect our clients' demand for certain of our service offerings.

**Our digital offerings are a significant focal point for our business, including a focus on the adaptation and expansion of our services and products in response to ongoing changes in customer demand, and a significant reduction in such demand or an inability to respond to the evolving technological environment could materially affect our results of operations.**

Our financial results depend, in part, on our ability to continue to develop and implement services and solutions that anticipate and respond to rapid and continuing changes in technology to serve the evolving needs of our clients. Examples of areas of significant change include digital and analytic services and products and AI-based solutions, which are continually evolving. Technological developments may materially affect the cost and use of current technology by our clients and some of these technological developments may reduce and replace some of our historical services and products. This changing technological landscape may cause clients to delay spending under existing contracts and engagements and delay entering into new contracts while they evaluate new technologies. Such spending delays can negatively impact our results of operations.

Technological developments and advancements in AI, which may be rapid, also could shift demand to new services and products. If, as a result of new technologies or AI functionality, our clients demand new services and products, we may be less competitive in these new areas or we may need to make significant investment in our portfolio of software products to meet that demand. Our growth strategy focuses on responding to these types of developments by driving innovation that will enable us to expand our business into new growth areas and enhance our current portfolio of software products. If we do not sufficiently invest in new technology and AI, adapt to industry developments, evolve and expand our business at sufficient speed and scale, make the right strategic investments, or fail to timely deliver on our product roadmap for our portfolio of software products to respond to these developments and successfully drive innovation, our services and products, our results of operations, and our ability to develop and maintain a competitive advantage and execute on our growth strategy could be adversely affected. Additionally, as we expand our services and products into these new areas, we may be exposed to operational, legal, regulatory, ethical, technological and other risks specific to such new areas, which may negatively affect our reputation and demand for our services and products.

**Many of our client contracts are short-term in duration and may be terminated by our clients with little or no notice and without penalty, which may cause our operating results to be unpredictable and may result in unexpected declines in our utilization and revenues.**

Our clients typically retain us on an engagement-by-engagement basis, rather than under long-term recurring contracts, and many of our client contracts are 12 months or less in duration. The volume of work performed for any particular client is likely to vary from year to year,

and a major client in one fiscal period may not require or may decide not to use our services in any subsequent fiscal period. Moreover, a large portion of our new engagements come from existing clients. Accordingly, the failure to obtain new large engagements or multiple engagements from existing or new clients could have a material adverse effect on the amount of revenues we generate.

In addition, a large portion of our engagement agreements can be terminated by our clients with little or no notice and without penalty. In client engagements that involve multiple engagements or stages, there is a risk that a client may choose not to retain us for additional stages of an engagement or that a client will cancel or delay additional planned engagements. For clients in bankruptcy, a bankruptcy court could elect not to retain our interim management consultants, terminate our retention, require us to reduce our fees for the duration of an engagement, elect not to approve claims against fees earned by us prior to or after the bankruptcy filing, or subject previously paid amounts to be returned to the bankruptcy estate as preferential payments under the bankruptcy code.

Terminations of engagements, cancellations of portions of the project plan, delays in the work schedule, or reductions in fees could result from factors unrelated to our services. When engagements are terminated or reduced, we lose the associated future revenues, and we may not be able to recover associated costs and investments or redeploy the affected employees in a timely manner to minimize the negative impact. In addition, our clients' ability to terminate engagements with little or no notice and without penalty makes it difficult to predict our operating results in any particular fiscal period.

**Conflicts of interest could preclude us from accepting engagements thereby causing decreased utilization and revenues.**

We provide services in connection with bankruptcy and other proceedings that usually involve sensitive client information and frequently are adversarial. In connection with bankruptcy proceedings, we are required by law to be "disinterested" and may not be able to provide multiple services to a particular client. In addition, our engagement agreement with a client or other business reasons may preclude us from accepting engagements from time to time with the client's competitors or adversaries. Moreover, in many industries in which we provide services, there has been a continuing trend toward business consolidations and strategic alliances. These consolidations and alliances reduce the number of companies that may seek our services and increase the chances that we will be unable to accept new engagements as a result of conflicts of interest. If we are unable to accept new engagements for any reason or must withdraw from an existing engagement as a result of an emerging or undetected conflict of interest, our consultants may become underutilized, which would adversely affect our revenues and results of operations in future periods.

**Our ability to maintain and attract new business depends upon our reputation, the professional reputation of our revenue-generating employees, and the quality of our services.**

As a professional services firm, our ability to secure new engagements depends heavily upon our reputation and the individual reputations of our professionals. Any factor that diminishes our reputation or that of our employees, including association with certain clients or industries, not meeting client expectations or misconduct by our employees, could make it substantially more difficult for us to attract new engagements and clients. Similarly, because we obtain many of our new engagements from former or current clients, or from referrals by those clients, or by law firms that we have worked with in the past, any client that questions the quality of our work or that of our consultants could impair our ability to secure additional new engagements and clients.

**The consulting services industry is highly competitive and we may not be able to compete effectively.**

The consulting services industry in which we operate includes a large number of participants and is intensely competitive. We face competition from other business operations and financial consulting firms, general management consulting firms, the consulting practices of major accounting firms, technical and economic advisory firms, regional and specialty consulting firms, consulting divisions of our technology partners, and the internal professional resources of organizations. In addition, because there are relatively low barriers to entry, we expect to continue to face competition from new entrants into the business operations and financial consulting industries. Competition in several of the sectors in which we operate is particularly intense as many of our competitors are seeking to expand their market share in these sectors. Many of our competitors have a greater national and international presence, and have a significantly greater number of personnel, financial, technical, and marketing resources. In addition, these competitors may generate greater revenues and have greater name recognition than we do. Some of our competitors may also have lower overhead and other costs and, therefore, may be able to more effectively compete through lower priced service offerings. Our ability to compete also depends in part on the ability of our competitors to hire, retain, and motivate skilled professionals, the price at which others offer comparable services, the ability of our competitors to offer new and valuable products and services to clients, and our competitors' responsiveness to their clients. If we are unable to compete successfully with our existing competitors or with any new competitors, our financial results will be adversely affected.

## **Risks Related to Information Technology**

**Our business is becoming increasingly dependent on information technology and will require additional investments in order to grow and meet the demands of our clients.**

We depend on the use of sophisticated technologies and systems. Many of our practices provide services that are increasingly dependent on the use of software applications and systems that we do not own and which could become unavailable. Moreover, our technology platforms will require continuing investments by us in order to expand existing service offerings and develop complementary services, including AI functionality. For example, we have subscription-based offerings that require us to incur costs associated with upgrades and maintenance that could impact profit margins associated with those offerings and related services. Our future success depends on our ability to adapt our services and infrastructure while continuing to improve the performance, features, security, and reliability of our services in response to the evolving demands of the marketplace.

**Adverse changes to our relationships with key third-party vendors or the business of our key third-party vendors could unfavorably impact our business.**

A portion of our services and solutions depend on technology or software provided by third-party vendors. Some of these third-parties refer potential clients to us, and others require that we obtain their permission prior to accessing their software while performing services for our clients. These third-party vendors could terminate their relationship with us without cause and with little or no notice, which could limit our service offerings and harm our financial condition and operating results. Moreover, if third-party technology or software that is important to our business does not continue to be available or utilized within the marketplace, or if the services that we provide to clients are no longer relevant in the marketplace, our business may be unfavorably impacted. In addition, if a third-party vendor's business changes, is reduced, fails to adapt to changing market demands, or if a third-party vendor's business or third-party technology or software that is important to our business experiences system failures, service interruptions, or security breaches or is no longer supported, it could adversely affect our business. Additionally, our third parties may depend on their own third-party vendors, which would be fourth parties to Huron. We generally do not have direct oversight or knowledge of these fourth parties. If a fourth party were to be breached, we would be reliant upon our third party to provide information and manage the incident.

**We could experience system failures, service interruptions, or security breaches that could negatively impact our business.**

Our organization is comprised of employees who work on matters throughout the United States and around the world. Our technology platform is a "virtual office" from which we all operate. We may be subject to disruption to our operating systems from technology events that are beyond our control, including the possibility of failures at third-party data centers, disruptions to the internet, natural disasters, power losses, and malicious attacks. In addition, despite the implementation of security measures, our infrastructure and operating systems, including the internet and related systems, may be vulnerable to physical break-ins, phishing, impersonation (including through AI deepfakes), hackers, improper employee or contractor access, computer viruses or malware, programming errors, denial-of-service attacks, cyberattacks, or other attacks by third parties seeking to disrupt operations or misappropriate information or similar physical or electronic breaches of security. While we have taken and are taking reasonable steps to prevent and mitigate the damage of such events, including implementation of system security measures, information backup, disaster recovery processes, and crisis response plans, and where possible, obtaining insurance against such events, those steps may not be effective and there can be no assurance that any such steps can be effective against all possible risks. We will need to continue to invest in technology in order to achieve redundancies necessary to prevent service interruptions. Unauthorized access to our systems as a result of a security breach, the failure of our systems, or the loss of data could result in legal claims or proceedings, liability, or regulatory penalties and disrupt operations, which could adversely affect our business and financial results. In addition, our clients and their third-party service providers are subject to technology failures, disruptions, malicious activity and cyberattacks, the result of which could cause a disruption in our ability to deliver services or to yield positive outcomes for our clients as well as potentially impact our network and systems. If such circumstances were to occur, our consultants may become underutilized, which could adversely affect our revenues and results of operations in future periods. Furthermore, these events could impact the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of our systems.

There can be no guarantee that our preventative and remediation efforts will be sufficient to protect the Company's information systems, information, and other assets from significant harm and that potential future cybersecurity incidents will not have a material adverse effect on the Company or our results of operations or financial condition or cause reputational or other harm to the Company. For more information regarding the Company's cybersecurity risk management, see Item 1C of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

**Issues related to the use of AI may result in reputational harm or liability that could adversely impact our business.**

As with many innovations, AI presents risks, challenges, and unintended consequences that could affect its adoption, and therefore our business. We incorporate AI solutions into some of our information platforms, products and services, and these technologies may become increasingly important to our operations over time. AI technologies are complex and rapidly evolving and the technologies that we use or develop may ultimately be flawed or we may be unable to leverage AI capabilities as quickly as the market and our clients demand. Additionally, leveraging AI capabilities to potentially improve our information platforms, products and services presents further risks and

challenges. If we experience an actual or perceived breach of privacy or security incident because of the use of AI, we may lose valuable sensitive or confidential client or employee data which could damage our reputation. Further, dependence on AI without adequate safeguards to make certain business decisions may introduce additional operational vulnerabilities by impacting our relationships with customers, partners, and third-parties, by producing inaccurate outcomes based on flaws in the underlying data, or other unintended results.

While we have taken and are taking reasonable steps to prevent and mitigate risks, further incorporating AI gives rise to litigation risk and risk of non-compliance and unknown cost of compliance, as AI is an emerging technology for which the legal and regulatory landscape is not fully developed (including potential liability for breaching intellectual property or privacy rights or laws). While new AI initiatives, laws, and regulations are emerging and evolving, what they ultimately will look like remains uncertain, and our obligation to comply with proposed or enacted AI initiatives, laws, and policies regulating AI, such as the European Union's AI Act, could entail significant costs, negatively affect our business, or entirely limit our ability to incorporate certain AI capabilities into our offerings.

While we aim to use and develop AI responsibly and attempt to mitigate ethical and legal issues presented by its use, we may ultimately be unsuccessful in identifying or resolving issues before they arise.

### **Risks Related to Legal Matters**

#### **Our reputation could be damaged and we could incur additional liabilities if we fail to protect client and employee data through our own accord or if our information systems are breached.**

We rely on information technology systems to process, transmit, and store electronic information and to communicate among our locations around the world and with our clients, partners, and employees. These locations include India, Canada, Switzerland, France, Singapore, and the United Kingdom, all of which have their own either recently updated or potential new data protection laws. The breadth and complexity of this infrastructure increases the potential risk of security breaches which could lead to potential unauthorized disclosure of confidential information.

In providing services to clients, we may manage, utilize, and store sensitive or confidential client or employee data, including personal data and protected health information. As a result, we are subject to numerous laws and regulations designed to protect this information, such as the U.S. federal and state laws governing the protection of health or other personally identifiable information, including the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and international laws such as the European Union's General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). In addition, many states, U.S. federal governmental authorities and non-U.S. jurisdictions have adopted, proposed or are considering adopting or proposing additional data security and/or data privacy statutes or regulations. Continued governmental focus on data security and privacy may lead to additional legislative and regulatory action, which could increase the complexity of doing business. The increased emphasis on information security and the requirements to comply with applicable U.S. and foreign data security and privacy laws and regulations may increase our costs of doing business and negatively impact our results of operations. Our ongoing expansion into international jurisdictions may also result in additional risks or increase the acuity of risks that are not present domestically with respect to privacy laws and regulations.

These laws and regulations are increasing in complexity and number. If any person, including any of our employees or third-party vendors, negligently disregards or intentionally breaches our established controls or contractual obligations with respect to client or employee data, or otherwise mismanages or misappropriates that data, we could be subject to significant monetary damages, regulatory enforcement actions, fines, and/or criminal prosecution. We maintain certain insurance coverages for cybersecurity incidents through our professional liability insurance policy, in amounts we believe to be reasonable and at a cost that is included in our general insurance premiums, but the policy limits and the breadth of coverage may be inadequate to cover any particular claim or all claims plus the cost of legal defense.

In addition, unauthorized disclosure of sensitive or confidential client or employee data, whether through systems failure, employee negligence, including the misuse of AI, fraud, or misappropriation, could damage our reputation and cause us to lose clients and their related revenue in the future.

#### **Our engagements could result in professional liability, which could be very costly and hurt our reputation.**

Our engagements typically involve complex analyses and the exercise of professional judgment. As a result, we are subject to the risk of professional liability. From time to time, lawsuits with respect to our work are pending. Litigation alleging that we performed negligently or breached any other obligations could expose us to significant legal liabilities and, regardless of the outcome, is often very costly, could distract our management, could damage our reputation, and could harm our financial condition and operating results. We also face increased litigation risk as a result of an expanded workforce and should litigation arise, our potential liability may increase as our projects expand in size, breadth, and complexity. In addition, certain of our engagements, including interim management engagements and corporate restructurings, involve greater risks than other consulting engagements. We are not always able to include provisions in our engagement agreements that are designed to limit our exposure to legal claims relating to our services. While we attempt to identify and mitigate our exposure with respect to liability arising out of our consulting engagements, these efforts may be ineffective and an actual or alleged error or omission on our part or the part of our client or other third parties in one or more of our engagements could have an adverse impact on our

financial condition and results of operations. In addition, we carry professional liability insurance to cover many of these types of claims, but the policy limits and the breadth of coverage may be inadequate to cover any particular claim or all claims plus the cost of legal defense. For example, we provide services on engagements in which the impact on a client may substantially exceed the limits of our professional liability insurance policy. If we are found to have professional liability with respect to work performed on such an engagement, we may not have sufficient insurance to cover the entire liability.

**Our business could be materially adversely affected if we incur liability in connection with service offering innovation, including new or expanded service offerings.**

We may grow our business through service offering innovation, including by entering into new or expanded lines of business beyond our core services. To the extent we enter into new or expanded lines of business, we may face new risks and uncertainties, including the possibility these new or expanded lines of business involve greater risks than our core services, that we have insufficient expertise to engage in such activities profitably or without incurring inappropriate amounts of risk, that the required investment of capital and other resources is greater than anticipated, and that we lose existing clients due to the perception that we are no longer focusing on our core business. Entry into new or expanded lines of business may also subject us to new laws and regulations with which we are not familiar and may lead to increased litigation and regulatory risk. Any investigation or proceeding related to these laws, even if unwarranted or without merit, may have a material adverse effect on our reputation, business, results of operations and financial condition.

**Our intellectual property rights in our “Huron Consulting Group” name are important, and any inability to use that name could negatively impact our ability to build brand identity.**

We believe that establishing, maintaining, and enhancing the “Huron Consulting Group” name and “Huron” brand is important to our business. We are, however, aware of a number of other companies that use names containing “Huron.” There could be potential trade name or service mark infringement claims brought against us by the users of these similar names and marks and those users may have trade name or service mark rights that are senior to ours. If another company were to successfully challenge our right to use our name, or if we were unable to prevent a competitor from using a name that is similar to our name, our ability to build brand identity could be negatively impacted.

**Risks Related to Financial Management and Performance**

**Our financial results could suffer if we are unable to achieve or maintain adequate utilization and suitable billing rates for our consultants.**

Our profitability depends to a large extent on the utilization and billing rates of our professionals. Utilization of our professionals is affected by a number of factors, including:

- the number and size of client engagements;
- the timing of the commencement, completion and termination of engagements, which in many cases is unpredictable;
- our ability to transition our consultants efficiently from completed engagements to new engagements;
- the hiring of additional consultants because there is generally a transition period for new consultants that results in a temporary drop in our utilization rate;
- the use of independent contractors as a substitute for hiring additional consultants;
- unanticipated changes in the scope of client engagements;
- our ability to forecast demand for our services and thereby maintain an appropriate level of consultants; and
- conditions affecting the industries in which we practice as well as general economic conditions.

The billing rates of our consultants that we are able to charge are also affected by a number of factors, including:

- our clients' perception of our ability to add value through our services;
- the market demand for the services we provide;
- pricing pressure resulting from the introduction of new technologies, including advanced AI;
- an increase in the number of engagements in the government sector, which are subject to federal contracting regulations;
- the introduction of new services by us or our competitors;
- our competition and the pricing policies of our competitors; and

- current economic conditions.

If we are unable to achieve and maintain adequate overall utilization as well as maintain or increase the billing rates for our consultants, our financial results could materially suffer.

**Our quarterly and annual results of operations have fluctuated in the past and may continue to fluctuate in the future as a result of certain factors, some of which may be outside of our control.**

A key element of our strategy is to market our products and services directly to certain large organizations, such as health systems and acute care hospitals and public universities, and to increase the number of our products and services utilized by existing clients. The sales cycle for some of our products and services is often lengthy and may involve significant commitment of client personnel. As a consequence, the commencement date of a client engagement often cannot be accurately forecasted. As discussed below, certain of our client contracts contain terms that result in revenue that is deferred and cannot be recognized until the occurrence of certain events. As a result, the period of time between contract signing and recognition of associated revenue may be lengthy, and we may not be able to predict with certainty the period in which revenue will be recognized.

Fee discounts, pressure to not increase or even decrease our rates, and less advantageous contract terms could result in the loss of clients, lower revenues and operating income, higher costs, and less profitable engagements. More discounts or write-offs than we expect in any period would have a negative impact on our results of operations.

Other fluctuations in our results of operations may be due to a number of other factors, some of which are not within our control, including:

- the timing and volume of client invoices processed and payments received, which may affect the fees payable to us under certain of our engagements;
- client decisions regarding renewal or termination of their contracts;
- the amount and timing of costs related to the development or acquisition of technologies or businesses; and
- unforeseen legal expenses, including litigation and other settlement gains or losses.

Furthermore, we base our annual employee bonus expense, in part, upon our expected annual adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") for that year. If we experience lower adjusted EBITDA in a quarter without a corresponding change to our full-year adjusted EBITDA expectation, our estimated bonus expense will not be reduced, which will have a negative impact on our quarterly results of operations for that quarter. Our quarterly results of operations may vary significantly and period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations may not be meaningful. The results of one quarter should not be relied upon as an indication of future performance.

If our quarterly or annual results of operations fall below the expectations of our annual and long-term forecasts, and therefore fall below the expectations of securities analysts or investors, the price of our common stock could decline substantially.

**Revenues from our performance-based engagements are difficult to predict, and the timing and extent of recovery of our costs is uncertain.**

We have certain engagement agreements under which our fees include a significant performance-based component. Performance-based fees are contingent on the achievement of specific measures, such as our clients meeting cost-saving or other contractually-defined goals. The achievement of these contractually-defined goals may be subject to acknowledgment by the client and is often impacted by factors outside of our control, such as the actions of the client or other third parties. To the extent that any revenue is contingent upon the achievement of a performance target, we recognize such revenue using a process that requires us to make significant management judgments, estimates, and assumptions. While we believe that the estimates and assumptions we have used for revenue recognition are reasonable, subsequent changes could have a material impact to our future financial results. A greater number of performance-based fee arrangements may result in increased volatility in our working capital requirements and greater variations in our quarter-to-quarter results, which could affect the price of our common stock. In addition, an increase in the proportion of performance-based fee arrangements may temporarily offset the positive effect on our operating results from an increase in our utilization rate until the related revenues are recognized.

**The profitability of our fixed-fee engagements with clients may not meet our expectations if we underestimate the cost of these engagements.**

When making proposals for fixed-fee engagements, we estimate the costs and timing for completing the engagements. These estimates reflect our best judgment regarding the efficiencies of our methodologies and consultants as we plan to deploy them on engagements. Any increased or unexpected costs, expansion in scope of work without a commensurate increase in fees, or unanticipated delays in connection with the performance of fixed-fee engagements, including delays caused by factors outside our control, could make these contracts less profitable or unprofitable, which would have an adverse effect on our profit margin.

## **Our business performance might not be sufficient for us to meet the full-year financial guidance that we provide publicly.**

We provide full-year financial guidance to the public based upon our expectations regarding our financial performance. While we believe that our annual financial guidance provides investors and analysts with insight to our view of the Company's future performance, such financial guidance is based on assumptions that may not always prove to be accurate and may vary from actual results. If we fail to meet the full-year financial guidance that we provide, or if we find it necessary to revise or suspend such guidance during the year, the market value of our common stock could be adversely affected.

### **Risks Related to Capital Resources**

**Our obligations under our senior secured credit facility are secured by a pledge of certain of the equity interests in our subsidiaries and a lien on substantially all of our assets and those of our subsidiary grantors. If we default on these obligations, our lenders may foreclose on our assets, including our pledged equity interest in our subsidiaries.**

We have a Fourth Amended and Restated Security Agreement (the "Security Agreement") and a Fourth Amended and Restated Pledge Agreement (the "Pledge Agreement") associated with our Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 30, 2025 (the "Amended Credit Agreement") with Bank of America, N.A. Pursuant to the Security Agreement and to secure our obligations under the Amended Credit Agreement, we granted our lenders a first-priority lien, subject to permitted liens, on substantially all of the personal property assets that we and the subsidiary grantors own. Pursuant to the Pledge Agreement, we granted our lenders a security interest in 100% of the stock or other equity interests in all domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the stock or other equity interests in each "material first-tier foreign subsidiaries" (as defined in the Pledge Agreement) entitled to vote and 100% of the stock or other equity interests in each material first-tier foreign subsidiary not entitled to vote. If we default on our obligations under the Amended Credit Agreement, our lenders could accelerate our indebtedness and may be able to exercise their liens on the equity interests subject to the Pledge Agreement and their liens on substantially all of our assets and the assets of our subsidiary grantors, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, operations, financial condition, and liquidity. In addition, the covenants contained in the Amended Credit Agreement impose restrictions on our ability to engage in certain activities, such as the incurrence of additional indebtedness, certain investments, certain acquisitions and dispositions, and the payment of dividends.

**Our indebtedness could adversely affect our ability to raise additional capital to fund our operations and obligations, expose us to interest rate risk to the extent of our variable-rate debt, and adversely affect our financial results.**

The Amended Credit Agreement established a \$700 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Revolver") and a \$400 million senior secured term loan facility (the "Term Loan"), both of which fully mature on July 30, 2030. As of December 31, 2025, we had outstanding indebtedness of \$511.0 million, of which \$121.0 million was outstanding under the Revolver and \$390.0 million was outstanding under the Term Loan. Our ability to make scheduled payments of the principal, to pay interest, or to refinance our indebtedness, depends on our future performance. If we are unable to generate cash flow from operations sufficient to satisfy our obligations under our current indebtedness and any future indebtedness, we may be required to adopt one or more alternatives, such as reducing or delaying investments or capital expenditures, selling assets, refinancing, or obtaining additional equity capital on terms that may be onerous or dilutive. Our ability to refinance our current indebtedness or future indebtedness will depend on the capital markets and our financial condition at such time. We may not be able to engage in any of these activities or engage in these activities on desirable terms, which could result in a default on the current indebtedness or future indebtedness.

In addition, our indebtedness, combined with our other financial obligations and contractual commitments, could have other important consequences such as exposing us to the risk of increased interest rates because our borrowings are at variable interest rates; making us more vulnerable to adverse changes in general U.S. and worldwide economic, industry, and competitive conditions and adverse changes in government regulation; or reducing our capacity to obtain additional financing and flexibility in planning for, or reacting to, changes in our business and our industry. Under the Amended Credit Agreement, we are obligated to pay interest, at our option, at either one, three or six month Term SOFR or at an alternate base rate, in each case plus an applicable margin. SOFR is a relatively new reference rate, has a very limited history and is based on short-term repurchase agreements backed by Treasury securities. Changes in SOFR can be volatile and difficult to predict, and there is no assurance that SOFR will perform similarly to the way LIBOR, our previous benchmark rate, would have performed at any time. Any of these factors could materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition, and results of operations.

### **Risks Related to Asset Impairment**

**Our goodwill and other intangible assets represent a substantial amount of our total assets, and we may be required to recognize a non-cash impairment charge for these assets if the performance of one or more of our reporting units falls below our expectations.**

Our total assets reflect a substantial amount of goodwill and other intangible assets. At December 31, 2025, goodwill and other intangible assets totaled \$859.8 million, or 56%, of our total assets. Goodwill results from our business acquisitions, representing the excess of the fair value of consideration transferred over the fair value of the net assets acquired. We test goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level, annually and whenever events or circumstances make it more likely than not that an impairment may have occurred. Intangible assets other

than goodwill represent purchased assets that lack physical substance but can be distinguished from goodwill. Our intangible assets primarily consist of customer relationships, trade names, technology and software and non-competition agreements, all of which were acquired through business acquisitions. We evaluate our intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. During 2025, 2024 and 2023, we did not record any impairment charges on our goodwill or other intangible assets.

Determining the fair value of a reporting unit requires us to make significant judgments, estimates, and assumptions. While we believe that the estimates and assumptions underlying our valuation methodology are reasonable, these estimates and assumptions could have a significant impact on whether or not a goodwill impairment charge is recognized and also the magnitude of any such charge. The results of an impairment analysis are as of a point in time. There is no assurance that the actual future earnings or cash flows of our reporting units will be consistent with our projections. We will monitor any changes to our assumptions and will evaluate goodwill as deemed warranted during future periods. Any significant decline in our operations could result in goodwill impairment charges.

**We have incurred impairment charges with respect to our convertible debt investment in Shorelight and our preferred stock investment in a hospital-at-home company, and we may incur additional impairment charges that could materially impact our results of operations.**

Since 2014, we have invested \$40.9 million, in the form of 1.69% convertible debt, in Shorelight Holdings, LLC ("Shorelight"), the parent company of Shorelight Education. Our investment is carried at its fair value with unrealized holding gains and losses reported in other comprehensive income and credit-related impairment charges reported in our results of operations. As of December 31, 2025, our investment in Shorelight is in an unrealized loss position with a fair value of \$34.1 million, which includes the recognition of a \$10.4 million credit-related impairment charge in 2025. This credit-related impairment charge was driven by the decrease in projected cash flows of Shorelight, which reflects the current federal regulatory environment in which Shorelight operates. We did not record any impairment charges on our convertible debt investment in 2024 and 2023. In the future, if there are additional adverse developments in Shorelight's business or the federal regulatory environment in which it operates that may be the result of events within or outside of Shorelight's control, we may incur additional impairment charges with respect to our convertible debt investment, which could materially impact our results of operations.

In 2019, we invested \$5.0 million, in the form of preferred stock, in a hospital-at-home company. Our investment is carried at its fair value with unrealized holding gains and losses reported in our results of operations when an observable price change for preferred stock issued by the company with similar rights and preferences to our preferred stock investment occurs. As of December 31, 2025, our preferred stock investment is in a net unrealized loss position with a fair value of \$2.4 million, which includes \$5.0 million of impairment charges recognized in 2025 due to observable price changes as a result of the hospital-at-home company's merger with a third party. If there is significant deterioration in the earnings performance, credit rating, or business prospects of the consolidated company, or a significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the consolidated company, we would evaluate our investment for further impairment. If during such evaluation it was determined that the fair value of our investment was below its carrying value, we would recognize an additional unrealized loss for such difference, which could materially impact our results of operations.

**General Risk Factors**

**Expanding our service offerings may involve additional risks and may not be profitable.**

We may choose to develop new service offerings, including managed services offerings, or eliminate service offerings because of market opportunities or client demands. Developing new service offerings involves inherent risks, including:

- our inability to estimate demand for the new service offerings;
- competition from more established market participants;
- exposure to new legal and operational risks;
- a lack of market understanding;
- unanticipated expenses to recruit and hire qualified professionals and to market our new service offerings; and
- unanticipated challenges with service delivery.

In addition, changes to our service offerings or expanding current service offerings may impact our financial condition in ways that are difficult for us to predict. If we are unable to manage the risks associated with such new or expanded services offerings, or if the demand for those services declines in ways that are unanticipated our cash flows and results of operations could be adversely affected.

**Changes in capital markets, legal or regulatory requirements, and general economic or other factors beyond our control could reduce demand for our services, in which case our revenues and profitability could decline.**

A number of factors outside of our control affect demand for our services. These include:

- fluctuations in U.S. and global economies;
- the U.S. or global financial markets and the availability, costs, and terms of credit;
- changes in laws and regulations or uncertainty in regulatory schemes;
- political unrest, war, terrorism, geopolitical uncertainties, trade policies and sanctions, including the ongoing repercussions of the conflicts between Russia and Ukraine and increased tensions in the Middle East; and
- other economic factors and general business conditions, including inflation and rising interest rates.

For example, some portion of the services we provide may be considered by our clients to be more discretionary in nature, as the demand for the services may be impacted by economic slowdowns. We are not able to predict the positive or negative effects that future events or changes to the U.S. or global economy, financial markets, or regulatory and business environment could have on our operations.

**If we are unable to collect our receivables or unbilled services, our results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows could be adversely affected.**

Our business depends on our ability to successfully obtain payment from our clients for the amounts owed to us for work performed. We evaluate the financial condition of our clients and usually bill and collect on relatively short cycles. We have established allowances for losses of receivables and unbilled services. We may not accurately assess the credit worthiness of our clients or macroeconomic conditions could result in financial difficulties for our clients, including bankruptcy and insolvency, such that clients may delay payments to us, request modifications to their payment arrangements that could increase our receivables balance, or default on their payment obligations to us. Actual losses on client balances could differ from those that we currently anticipate and as a result we might need to adjust our allowances. Timely collection of clients' contractual payments also depends upon our ability to complete our contractual commitments and bill and collect our contracted revenues. If we are unable to meet our contractual requirements, we might experience delays in collection of and/or be unable to collect our client balances, and if this occurs, our results of operations and cash flows could be adversely affected. In addition, if we experience an increase in the time to bill and collect for our services, our cash flows could be adversely affected.

**Changes in U.S. and foreign tax laws could have a material adverse effect on our business, cash flow, results of operations and financial condition.**

We are subject to income and other taxes in the U.S. at the state and federal level and also in foreign jurisdictions. Changes in applicable U.S. state, federal or foreign tax laws and regulations, or their interpretation and application, could materially affect our tax expense and profitability.

The overall tax environment remains uncertain and increasingly complex. Future changes in tax laws, treaties or regulations, and their interpretation or enforcement, may be unpredictable, particularly as taxing jurisdictions face an increasing number of political, budgetary and other fiscal challenges. In the U.S., various proposals to change corporate income taxes are periodically considered. Tax rates in the jurisdictions in which we operate may change as a result of macroeconomic and other factors outside of our control, making it increasingly difficult for multinational corporations like ourselves to operate with certainty about taxation in many jurisdictions. Additionally such political, budgetary or fiscal challenges may prompt governments to implement new taxes, tariffs or regulations, which could extend to services. As a result, we could be materially adversely affected by future changes in tax law or policy (or in their interpretation or enforcement) in the jurisdictions where we operate, including the United States, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, cash flow, results of operations, financial condition, as well as our effective income tax rate.

The Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development has released guidance establishing a global minimum tax of 15% of reported profits applied on a country-by-country basis for multinational entities ("Pillar Two"). As of December 31, 2025, multiple countries in which we operate have enacted legislation to adopt Pillar Two model rule concepts into their domestic laws. The adoption and effective dates of these changes vary by country and increase tax complexity and uncertainty and may adversely affect our provision for income taxes. We currently do not expect a material impact to our tax expense and profitability. We will continue to monitor regulatory developments with respect to this initiative for potential impacts.

#### **ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS.**

None.

## **ITEM 1C. CYBERSECURITY.**

### **Cybersecurity Risk Management and Strategy**

We recognize the importance of assessing, identifying, and managing material risks associated with cybersecurity threats, as such term is defined in Item 106(a) of Regulation S-K. Accordingly, the company takes a comprehensive approach to identifying and managing cybersecurity risks that involves the company's Information Security functional team, senior management, the Technology and Information Security ("T&IS") Committee, and the Audit Committee, all in coordination with our board of directors. Our cybersecurity risk management function is a component of our overall approach to risk management, including coordination with our Enterprise Risk Management Committee.

Our cybersecurity risks include, among other things: operational risks, malicious attacks, improper employee or contractor access, harm to employees or customers and violation of data privacy, intellectual property or security laws. Although, as of the date of this Form 10-K, Huron has not experienced a cybersecurity incident that resulted in a material adverse impact to our business or operations, there can be no guarantee that we will not experience such an incident in the future. Further details about the cybersecurity risks we face are described under Item 1A. "Risk Factors."

We have a cybersecurity program that focuses on implementing risk-based controls, technologies, and other processes. We aim to incorporate certain industry best practices throughout our cybersecurity program, including the frameworks established by the National Institute of Standards and Technology ("NIST"), the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency ("CISA"), and other applicable industry standards. To augment our in-house capabilities, we leverage expertise from professional services firms and/or outside counsel, as needed, to assess our cybersecurity controls, and collaborate on an ever-changing landscape. Our cybersecurity program conforms with ISO/IEC 27001:2022 and our most recent recertification was in 2024.

We use various mechanisms to detect and monitor cybersecurity threats, including monitoring unusual network activity, conducting annual security awareness training for employees, deploying phishing test campaigns, maintaining containment and incident response tools, and reviewing, updating and improving our Incident Response Plan annually. We also conduct tabletop exercises to simulate responses to cybersecurity incidents. During these exercises, our team of cybersecurity professionals collaborate with technical and business stakeholders across the organization to further analyze the risk to the company and form detection, mitigation, and remediation improvements. We also engage third parties, including assessors, consultants, and auditors to assess our cybersecurity control environment and to test the vulnerability of our cybersecurity infrastructure at least annually.

Our risk management program also assesses risks associated with third-party service providers. Such providers are subject to an onboarding process and may be reevaluated periodically. We use a variety of inputs in such risk assessments, including information supplied by the providers themselves and other third parties. In addition, our contracts with our service providers require them to adhere to mutually agreed upon security requirements, controls and responsibilities, as applicable.

### **Cybersecurity Governance**

Our cybersecurity program is overseen by the leaders of our Information Security functional team, which is led by our Chief Information Officer ("CIO") who has over 30 years of relevant work experience. Prior to joining Huron in 2018, our CIO served in various information security and information technology roles in the professional services industry for several large, public companies and executed large-scale, global implementations of business applications and infrastructure technologies in a manner designed to mitigate cybersecurity risks. Huron's internal Information Security Management System ("ISMS") Committee, which has the primary responsibility for assessing and managing material cybersecurity risks, meets quarterly. The ISMS Committee, which includes members of our executive and senior leadership teams, our CIO and other functional team leaders, reviews, approves and establishes ISMS specific goals and objectives, reviews policy updates and approves the annual IT risk assessment, which identifies impacts, threats and controls related to IT assets utilized across the enterprise.

Our board of directors, in coordination with its T&IS Committee, oversees the governance of the Company's technology-related risks, including information security, data protection, cybersecurity, vendor, fraud, and business continuity risks, and technology-related strategies. The T&IS Committee also oversees the company's AI strategy, including with respect to risk management. The T&IS Committee receives quarterly updates from the CIO, including existing and new cybersecurity risks, the management and/or mitigation of such risks, material cybersecurity incidents (if any), and status on key cybersecurity initiatives. Our board also actively participates in discussions with management on cybersecurity-related news events and discusses any updates to our cybersecurity risk management and strategy programs.

## **ITEM 2. PROPERTIES.**

We do not own any real estate or other physical properties. Our administrative and principal executive offices are located at 550 W. Van Buren Street, Chicago, Illinois 60607. We believe that our office facilities are suitable and adequate for our business as it is presently conducted. See Note 5 "Leases" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements of this Annual Report on Form 10-K for additional information on our office facilities.

### **ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.**

The information required by this Item is incorporated by reference from Note 18 “Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees” included within the notes to our consolidated financial statements of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

From time to time, we are involved in legal proceedings and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. As of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we are not a party to any litigation or legal proceeding that, in the current opinion of management, could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations. However, due to the risks and uncertainties inherent in legal proceedings, actual results could differ from current expected results.

### **ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.**

Not applicable.

## **PART II**

### **ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT’S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES.**

#### **Market Information**

Our common stock is traded on the Nasdaq Global Select Market under the symbol “HURN.” As of February 17, 2026, there were 327 registered holders of record of Huron’s common stock. A number of Huron’s stockholders hold their shares in street name; therefore, the Company believes that there are substantially more beneficial owners of its common stock.

#### **Dividends**

We have not declared or paid dividends on our common stock since we became a public company. Our board of directors re-evaluates this policy periodically. Any determination to pay cash dividends will be at the discretion of the board of directors and will be dependent upon our results of operations, financial condition, capital requirements, terms of our financing arrangements, and such other factors as the board of directors deems relevant. In addition, the amount of dividends we may pay is subject to the restricted payment provisions of our senior secured credit facility. See the Liquidity and Capital Resources section under Part II—Item 7. “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” for further information on the restricted payment provisions of our senior secured credit facility.

#### **Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans**

The information required by this item appears under Part III—Item 12. “Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholders Matters.”

#### **Purchases of Equity Securities by the Issuer and Affiliated Purchasers**

On November 1, 2025, as partial consideration for our acquisition of AXIOM, we issued 13,521 shares of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, with an aggregate value of \$2.1 million. The issuance was exempt from registration under Section 4(a)(2) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, as a transaction by an issuer not involving a public offering.

Our Stock Ownership Participation Program and 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan permit the netting of common stock upon vesting of restricted stock awards to satisfy individual tax withholding requirements. During the quarter ended December 31, 2025, we reacquired 4,038 shares of common stock with a weighted average fair market value of \$147.05 per share as a result of such tax withholdings.

In November 2020, our board of directors authorized a share repurchase program permitting us to repurchase up to \$50 million of our common stock through December 31, 2021. Subsequently, our board of directors authorized extensions of the share repurchase program through December 31, 2026 and increased the authorization amount to \$700 million, of which \$99.0 million remained available as of December 31, 2025. In the first quarter of 2026, our board of directors authorized a further increase to the authorized amount under the share repurchase program from \$700 million to \$900 million. The amount and timing of repurchases under the share repurchase program were and will continue to be determined by management and depend on a variety of factors, including the trading price of our common stock, capacity under our credit facility, general market and business conditions, and applicable legal requirements.

The following table provides information with respect to purchases we made of our common stock during the year ended December 31, 2025.

| Period                               | Total Number of Shares Purchased <sup>(1)</sup> | Average Price Paid Per Share | Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs | Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased under the Plans or Programs <sup>(2)</sup> |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>First quarter total</b>           | <b>721,351</b>                                  | <b>\$ 145.51</b>             | <b>508,611</b>                                                                   | <b>\$ 191,722,978</b>                                                                       |
| <b>Second quarter total</b>          | <b>432,046</b>                                  | <b>\$ 140.54</b>             | <b>429,669</b>                                                                   | <b>\$ 131,316,363</b>                                                                       |
| <b>Third quarter total</b>           | <b>149,927</b>                                  | <b>\$ 127.99</b>             | <b>146,514</b>                                                                   | <b>\$ 112,589,326</b>                                                                       |
| October 1, 2025 – October 31, 2025   | 78,890                                          | \$ 166.71                    | 74,852                                                                           | \$ 100,029,449                                                                              |
| November 1, 2025 – November 30, 2025 | 501                                             | \$ 159.80                    | 501                                                                              | \$ 99,949,375                                                                               |
| December 1, 2025 – December 31, 2025 | 5,930                                           | \$ 166.59                    | 5,930                                                                            | \$ 98,961,297                                                                               |
| <b>Fourth quarter total</b>          | <b>85,321</b>                                   | <b>\$ 166.66</b>             | <b>81,283</b>                                                                    | <b>\$ 98,961,297</b>                                                                        |
| <b>Full year 2025 total</b>          | <b>1,388,645</b>                                | <b>\$ 143.37</b>             | <b>1,166,077</b>                                                                 | <b>\$ 98,961,297</b>                                                                        |

(1) The number of shares repurchased in the first, second and third quarters of 2025 included 212,740 shares, 2,377 shares, and 3,413 shares, respectively, to satisfy employee tax withholding requirements. Additionally, 4,038 shares in October were repurchased to satisfy employee tax withholding requirements. These shares do not reduce the repurchase authority under the Share Repurchase Program.

(2) As of the end of the period.

**ITEM 6. [Reserved]**

## ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

*This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") should be read in conjunction with our Consolidated Financial Statements and related notes appearing under Part II—Item 8. "Financial Statements and Supplementary Data." The following MD&A contains forward-looking statements and involves numerous risks and uncertainties, including, without limitation, those described under Part I—Item 1A. "Risk Factors" and "Forward-Looking Statements" of this Annual Report on Form 10-K. Actual results may differ materially from those contained in any forward-looking statements.*

*The following information summarizes our results of operations for 2025, 2024 and 2023; and discusses those results of operations for 2025 compared to 2024. For a discussion of our results of operations for 2024 compared to 2023 refer to Part II—Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" of the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024, which was filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission on February 25, 2025.*

### OVERVIEW

Huron is a global professional services firm that partners with clients to put possible into practice by creating sound strategies, optimizing operations, accelerating digital transformation, and empowering businesses to own their future. By embracing diverse perspectives, encouraging new ideas and challenging the status quo, we create sustainable results for the organizations we serve.

We provide our services and products and manage our business under three operating segments: Healthcare, Education and Commercial. We also provide revenue reporting across two principal capabilities: i) Consulting and Managed Services and ii) Digital. See Part I—Item 1. "Business—Overview—Our Services" and Note 19 "Segment Information" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for a discussion of our segments and capabilities.

### COMPONENTS OF OPERATING RESULTS

#### Total Revenues

##### **Revenues before Reimbursable Expenses**

Revenues before reimbursable expenses are primarily generated by our employees who provide consulting and other professional services to our clients and are billable to our clients based on the number of hours worked, services provided, or achieved outcomes. We refer to these employees as our revenue-generating professionals. Revenues before reimbursable expenses are primarily driven by the number of revenue-generating professionals we employ as well as the total value, scope, and terms of the consulting contracts under which they provide services. We also engage independent contractors to supplement our revenue-generating professionals on client engagements as needed.

We generate our revenues before reimbursable expenses from providing professional services and software products under the following four types of billing arrangements: fixed-fee; time-and-expense; performance-based; and software support, maintenance and subscriptions.

- **Fixed-fee:** In fixed-fee billing arrangements, we agree to a pre-established fee in exchange for a predetermined set of professional services. We set the fees based on our estimates of the costs and timing for completing the engagements.
- **Time-and-expense:** Under time-and-expense billing arrangements, we invoice our clients based on the number of hours worked by our revenue-generating professionals at agreed upon rates. Time-and-expense arrangements also include speaking engagements, conferences and publications purchased by our clients.
- **Performance-based:** In performance-based billing arrangements, fees are tied to the attainment of contractually defined objectives. We enter into performance-based engagements in essentially two forms. First, we generally earn fees that are directly related to the savings formally acknowledged by the client as a result of adopting our recommendations for improving operational and cost effectiveness in the areas we review. Second, we earn a success fee when and if certain predefined outcomes occur. Often, performance-based fees supplement our fixed-fee or time-and-expense engagements. The level of performance-based fees earned may vary based on our clients' risk sharing preferences and the mix of services we provide.
- **Software support, maintenance and subscriptions:** We generate subscription revenue from our cloud-based analytic tools and solutions including our cloud-based revenue cycle management software and research administration and compliance software. Additionally, clients that have purchased one of our software licenses can pay an annual fee for software support and maintenance. Software support, maintenance and subscription revenues are recognized ratably over the support or subscription period. These fees are generally billed in advance and included in deferred revenues until recognized as revenue.

Time-and-expense engagements do not provide us with a high degree of predictability as to performance in future periods. Unexpected changes in the demand for our services can result in significant variations in utilization and revenues and present a challenge to optimal

hiring and staffing. Moreover, our clients typically retain us on an engagement-by-engagement basis, rather than under long-term recurring contracts. The volume of work performed for any particular client can vary widely from period to period.

Our quarterly results are impacted principally by the total value, scope, and terms of our client contracts, the number of our revenue-generating professionals who are available to work, our revenue-generating professionals' utilization rate, and the bill rates we charge our clients. Our utilization rate can be negatively affected by increased hiring because there is generally a transition period for new professionals that results in a temporary drop in our utilization rate. Our utilization rate can also be affected by seasonal variations in the demand for our services from our clients. For example, during the third and fourth quarters of the year, vacations taken by our clients can result in the deferral of activity on existing and new engagements, which would negatively affect our utilization rate. The number of business work days is also affected by the number of vacation days taken by our consultants and holidays in each quarter. We typically have fewer business work days available in the fourth quarter of the year, which can impact revenues during that period.

### **Reimbursable Expenses**

Reimbursable expenses that are billed to clients, primarily relating to travel and out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with client engagements, are included in total revenues. We manage our business on the basis of revenues before reimbursable expenses, which we believe is the most accurate reflection of our services because it eliminates the effect of reimbursable expenses that we bill to our clients at cost.

### **Operating Expenses**

Our most significant expenses are costs classified as direct costs. Direct costs primarily consist of compensation costs for our revenue-generating professionals, which includes salaries, performance bonuses, share-based compensation, signing and retention bonuses, payroll taxes and benefits. Direct costs also include fees paid to independent contractors that we retain to supplement our revenue-generating professionals, typically on an as-needed basis for specific client engagements, and technology costs, product and event costs, and commissions. Direct costs exclude amortization of intangible assets and software development costs and reimbursable expenses, both of which are separately presented in our consolidated statements of operations.

Selling, general and administrative expenses primarily consists of compensation costs for our support personnel, which includes salaries, performance bonuses, share-based compensation, signing and retention bonuses, payroll taxes, benefits and deferred compensation expense attributable to the change in market value of our deferred compensation liability. Changes in the market value of our deferred compensation liability are offset with the changes in market value of the investments that are used to fund our deferred compensation liability, which are recorded within other income (expense), net. Also included in selling, general and administrative expenses are third-party professional fees, software licenses and data hosting expenses, rent and other office-related expenses, sales and marketing-related expenses, recruiting and training expenses, and practice administration and meeting expenses.

Other operating expenses include restructuring charges, other gains and losses, depreciation expense, and amortization expense related to internally developed software costs and intangible assets acquired in business combinations.

### **Segment Results**

Segment operating income consists of the revenues generated by a segment, less operating expenses that are incurred directly by the segment. Unallocated corporate expenses not allocated at the segment level include costs related to administrative functions that are performed in a centralized manner, as well as restructuring charges, depreciation and amortization, and interest expense that are not attributable to a particular segment. The administrative function costs include corporate office support costs, office facility costs, costs related to accounting and finance, human resources, legal, marketing, information technology, and company-wide business development functions, and costs related to overall corporate management.

### **Non-GAAP Measures**

We also assess our results of operations using the following non-GAAP financial measures: earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues before reimbursable expenses, adjusted net income, and adjusted diluted earnings per share. These non-GAAP financial measures differ from GAAP because they exclude a number of items required by GAAP, each discussed below. These non-GAAP financial measures should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, any measure of performance, cash flows, or liquidity prepared in accordance with GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures may be defined differently from time to time and may be defined differently than similar terms used by other companies, and accordingly, care should be exercised in understanding how we define our non-GAAP financial measures.

Our management uses the non-GAAP financial measures to gain an understanding of our comparative operating performance, for example when comparing such results with previous periods or forecasts. These non-GAAP financial measures are used by management in their financial and operating decision making because management believes they reflect our ongoing business in a manner that allows for meaningful period-to-period comparisons. Management also uses these non-GAAP financial measures when publicly providing our business

outlook, for internal management purposes, and as a basis for evaluating potential acquisitions and dispositions. We believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating Huron's current operating performance and future prospects in the same manner as management does and in comparing in a consistent manner Huron's current financial results with Huron's past financial results.

These non-GAAP financial measures include adjustments for the following items:

*Amortization of intangible assets:* We exclude the effect of amortization of intangible assets from the calculation of adjusted net income, as it is inconsistent in its amount and frequency and is significantly affected by the timing and size of our acquisitions.

*Restructuring charges:* We have incurred charges due to restructuring various parts of our business. These restructuring charges have primarily consisted of costs associated with office space consolidations, including lease impairment charges and accelerated depreciation on lease-related property and equipment, and employee severance charges. We exclude the effect of the restructuring charges from our non-GAAP measures to permit comparability with periods that were not impacted by these items. We do not include normal, recurring, cash operating expenses in our restructuring charges.

*2024 litigation settlement gain:* In the second quarter of 2024, we settled a litigation matter in which Huron was the plaintiff for \$15.0 million, on a pre-tax basis. This \$15.0 million settlement gain was recorded as a component of other gains, net on our consolidated statement of operations. We have excluded from our non-GAAP measures \$11.7 million, which is the value of the settlement gain that exceeds the third-party legal costs of \$3.3 million incurred during 2024 specific to this litigation matter, as this net gain is not indicative of the ongoing performance of our business. Third-party legal costs incurred for this litigation matter in 2023 were \$4.0 million. Our third-party legal expenses are recorded as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses on our statement of operations.

*Other losses (gains), net:* We exclude the effects of other losses and gains, which primarily relate to changes in the estimated fair value of our liabilities for contingent consideration related to business acquisitions and litigation settlement losses and gains, excluding the 2024 litigation settlement gain presented separately, to permit comparability with periods that are not impacted by these items. These items are recorded as a component of other losses (gains), net on our consolidated statement of operations.

*Transaction-related expenses:* We exclude the impact of third-party advisory, legal, and accounting fees and other corporate costs incurred directly related to the evaluation and/or consummation of business acquisitions to permit comparability with prior periods as these costs are inconsistent in their amount and frequency and are significantly affected by the timing and size of our acquisitions.

*Unrealized losses (gains) on long-term investments, net:* We exclude the effect of unrealized losses and gains related to our long-term investments, which include non-cash credit related impairment charges on our convertible debt investment in Shorelight Holdings, LLC and changes in the fair value of our equity investment in a hospital-at-home company arising from observable price changes or impairment charges. These unrealized losses and gains are included as a component of other income (expense), net on our consolidated statement of operations. We believe these unrealized losses and gains are not indicative of the ongoing performance of our business and their exclusion permits comparability with prior periods.

*Losses (gains) on sales of businesses:* We exclude the effect of non-operating losses and gains recognized as a result of sales of businesses as they are infrequent, management believes that these items are not indicative of the ongoing performance of our business, and their exclusion permits comparability with periods that were not impacted by such items. The 2024 gain relates to the divestiture of our Studer Education practice in the fourth quarter of 2024.

*Foreign currency transaction losses (gains), net:* We exclude the effect of foreign currency transaction losses and gains from the calculation of adjusted EBITDA because the amount of each loss or gain is significantly affected by changes in foreign exchange rates.

*Tax effect of adjustments:* The non-GAAP income tax adjustment reflects the incremental tax impact applicable to the non-GAAP adjustments.

*Income tax expense, interest expense, net of interest income, depreciation and amortization:* We exclude the effects of income tax expense, interest expense, net of interest income, and depreciation and amortization in the calculation of EBITDA, as these are customary exclusions as defined by the calculation of EBITDA to arrive at meaningful earnings from core operations excluding the effect of such items. We include, within the depreciation and amortization adjustment, the amortization of capitalized implementation costs of our enterprise resource planning (ERP) system and other related software, which is included within selling, general and administrative expenses in our consolidated statements of operations.

## **Revenue-Generating Professionals**

Our revenue-generating professionals consist of our full-time consultants who generate revenues based on the number of hours worked; full-time equivalents, which consists of coaches and their support staff within the culture and organizational excellence solution, consultants who work variable schedules as needed by clients, and full-time employees who provide software support and maintenance services to clients;

and our Managed Services professionals who provide revenue cycle management and research administration managed services and outsourcing at our healthcare, education and research-focused clients.

## Utilization Rate

The utilization rate of our revenue-generating professionals is calculated by dividing the number of hours our billable consultants worked on client assignments during a period by the total available working hours for these billable consultants during the same period. Available working hours are determined by the standard hours worked by each billable consultant, adjusted for part-time hours, and U.S. standard work weeks. Available working hours exclude local country holidays and vacation days. Utilization rates are presented for our revenue-generating professionals who primarily bill on an hourly basis. We do not present utilization rates for our Managed Services professionals as most of the revenues generated by these employees are not billed on an hourly basis.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Executive Highlights

Highlights from the year ended December 31, 2025 include the following:

- Revenues before reimbursable expenses increased 11.9% to \$1.66 billion in 2025 from \$1.49 billion in 2024.
- Net income as a percentage of total revenues was 6.2% in 2025, compared to 7.7% in 2024. Results for 2025 include \$7.7 million of non-cash impairment charges, net of tax, related to our convertible debt investment in a third-party. Results for 2024 include an \$11.1 million litigation settlement gain, net of tax, related to a completed legal matter in which Huron was the plaintiff.
- Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues before reimbursable expenses increased to 14.3% in 2025 from 13.5% in 2024.
- Diluted EPS was \$5.84 for 2025, compared to \$6.27 for 2024. Results for 2025 include the non-cash impairment charge related to our convertible debt investment in a third-party, which had an unfavorable \$0.43 impact on diluted earnings per share for the year. Results for 2024 include the litigation settlement gain related to a completed legal matter in which Huron was the plaintiff, which had a favorable impact of \$0.60 on diluted earnings per share in 2024.
- Adjusted diluted EPS increased 21.0% to \$7.83 for 2025, compared to \$6.47 for 2024.
- Returned \$166.2 million to shareholders by repurchasing 1,166,077 shares of our common stock in 2025.

Revenues before reimbursable expenses increased \$176.8 million, or 11.9%, to \$1.66 billion for the year ended December 31, 2025 from \$1.49 billion for the year ended December 31, 2024. The overall increase in revenues before reimbursable expenses reflects strength in demand for our Consulting and Managed Services capabilities within all three of our segments, as well as continued strength in demand for our Digital capabilities within our Commercial and Education segments. The increase includes \$86.0 million of incremental revenues before reimbursable expenses from our acquisitions completed since December 31, 2023. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in demand for our Digital capability within our Healthcare segment. Excluding the \$86.0 million of incremental revenues before reimbursable expenses from our acquisitions and \$13.7 million of revenues before reimbursable expenses in 2024 generated by the Studer Education business, which we divested at the end of 2024, revenues before reimbursable expenses grew 7.1% organically.

Revenues before reimbursable expenses within our Consulting and Managed Services capability increased 13.1% to \$976.9 million in 2025, compared to \$863.9 million in 2024; and reflected strengthened demand in all three of our segments. The increase includes \$38.2 million of incremental revenues before reimbursable expenses from our acquisitions of Eclipse Insights, Treliant, Advancement Resources, WP&C, GG+A and Halpin. The utilization rate within our Consulting capability increased to 75.7% in 2025, compared to 73.6% in 2024.

Revenues before reimbursable expenses within our Digital capability increased 10.2% to \$686.0 million in 2025, compared to \$622.2 million in 2024; and reflected strengthened demand in our Commercial and Education segments, partially offset by a decrease in demand in our Healthcare segment. The increase includes \$47.8 million of incremental revenues before reimbursable expenses from our acquisitions of AXIA Consulting, Inc ("AXIA Consulting") and AXIOM. The utilization rate within our Digital capability increased to 78.2% in 2025, compared to 76.0% in 2024.

Our total number of revenue-generating professionals, excluding Managed Services professionals, increased 13.1% to 5,307 as of December 31, 2025, compared to 4,694 as of December 31, 2024, as a result of the acquisitions completed since December 31, 2024 and hiring to support the overall increase in demand for our services. The number of Managed Services professionals increased 46.3% to 2,239 as of December 31, 2025 from 1,530 as of December 31, 2024. We proactively plan and manage the size and composition of our workforce and take actions as needed to address changes in the anticipated demand for our services as employee compensation costs are the most significant portion of our operating expenses.

Net income decreased \$11.6 million, or 9.9%, to \$105.0 million, or 6.2% of total revenues, for the year ended December 31, 2025 from \$116.6 million, or 7.7% of total revenues, for the same period last year. Results for 2025 include \$7.7 million of non-cash impairment charges, net of tax, related to our convertible debt investment in a third-party. Results for 2024 include an \$11.1 million litigation settlement gain, net of tax, related to a completed legal matter in which Huron was the plaintiff. As a result of the decrease in net income, and partially offset by a reduction in diluted shares outstanding resulting from share repurchases made under our share repurchase plan, diluted earnings per share decreased 6.9% to \$5.84 for 2025, compared to \$6.27 for 2024. Adjusted diluted earnings per share, which excludes the impact of the non-cash impairment charges in 2025 and the litigation settlement gain in 2024, increased 21.0% to \$7.83 for 2025 from \$6.47 for 2024.

Adjusted EBITDA increased \$36.3 million, or 18.1%, to \$237.5 million, or 14.3% of revenues before reimbursable expenses, in 2025, compared to \$201.2 million, or 13.5% of revenues before reimbursable expenses, in 2024.

During 2025, we deployed \$166.2 million of capital to repurchase 1,166,077 shares of our common stock, representing 6.6% of our common stock outstanding as of December 31, 2024.

## Summary of Results

The following tables set forth, for the periods indicated, selected segment and consolidated operating results and other operating data, including non-GAAP measures.

| Segment and Consolidated Operating Results<br>(in thousands, except per share amounts):   | Year Ended December 31, |                     |                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|                                                                                           | 2025                    | 2024                | 2023                |
| <b>Healthcare:</b>                                                                        |                         |                     |                     |
| Revenues before reimbursable expenses                                                     | \$ 837,537              | \$ 756,263          | \$ 673,989          |
| Operating income                                                                          | \$ 255,582              | \$ 208,928          | \$ 172,900          |
| Segment operating income as a percentage of segment revenues before reimbursable expenses | 30.5 %                  | 27.6 %              | 25.7 %              |
| <b>Education:</b>                                                                         |                         |                     |                     |
| Revenues before reimbursable expenses                                                     | \$ 500,174              | \$ 474,221          | \$ 429,663          |
| Operating income                                                                          | \$ 113,186              | \$ 108,521          | \$ 99,098           |
| Segment operating income as a percentage of segment revenues before reimbursable expenses | 22.6 %                  | 22.9 %              | 23.1 %              |
| <b>Commercial:</b>                                                                        |                         |                     |                     |
| Revenues before reimbursable expenses                                                     | \$ 325,125              | \$ 255,601          | \$ 258,408          |
| Operating income                                                                          | \$ 55,857               | \$ 51,198           | \$ 54,202           |
| Segment operating income as a percentage of segment revenues before reimbursable expenses | 17.2 %                  | 20.0 %              | 21.0 %              |
| <b>Total Huron:</b>                                                                       |                         |                     |                     |
| Revenues before reimbursable expenses                                                     | \$ 1,662,836            | \$ 1,486,085        | \$ 1,362,060        |
| Reimbursable expenses                                                                     | 36,307                  | 35,720              | 36,695              |
| <b>Total revenues</b>                                                                     | <b>\$ 1,699,143</b>     | <b>\$ 1,521,805</b> | <b>\$ 1,398,755</b> |
| Items not allocated at the segment level:                                                 |                         |                     |                     |
| Unallocated corporate expenses                                                            | 217,564                 | 191,180             | 175,206             |
| Other losses (gains), net                                                                 | 2,968                   | (14,466)            | (444)               |
| Restructuring charges                                                                     | 6,035                   | 7,590               | 8,204               |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                             | 19,488                  | 15,524              | 17,886              |
| Operating income                                                                          | 178,570                 | 168,819             | 125,348             |
| Other income (expense), net                                                               | (43,490)                | (14,803)            | (41,453)            |
| Income before taxes                                                                       | 135,080                 | 154,016             | 83,895              |
| Income tax expense                                                                        | 30,040                  | 37,390              | 21,416              |
| Net income                                                                                | \$ 105,040              | \$ 116,626          | \$ 62,479           |
| Earnings per share                                                                        |                         |                     |                     |
| Basic                                                                                     | \$ 6.02                 | \$ 6.52             | \$ 3.32             |
| Diluted                                                                                   | \$ 5.84                 | \$ 6.27             | \$ 3.19             |

| Segment and Consolidated Operating Results<br>(in thousands, except per share amounts): | Year Ended December 31, |              |              |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                                                                         | 2025                    | 2024         | 2023         |
| <b>Other Operating Data:</b>                                                            |                         |              |              |
| <b>Number of revenue-generating professionals by segment (at period end):</b>           |                         |              |              |
| Healthcare                                                                              | 1,493                   | 1,218        | 1,126        |
| Education                                                                               | 1,145                   | 1,141        | 1,080        |
| Commercial <sup>(1)(2)</sup>                                                            | 2,669                   | 2,335        | 2,263        |
| Total (excluding Managed Services)                                                      | 5,307                   | 4,694        | 4,469        |
| Managed Services <sup>(3)</sup>                                                         | 2,239                   | 1,530        | 1,050        |
| Total                                                                                   | 7,546                   | 6,224        | 5,519        |
| <b>Revenues before reimbursable expenses by capability:</b>                             |                         |              |              |
| Consulting and Managed Services <sup>(4)</sup>                                          | \$ 976,883              | \$ 863,859   | \$ 782,020   |
| Digital                                                                                 | 685,953                 | 622,226      | 580,040      |
| Total                                                                                   | \$ 1,662,836            | \$ 1,486,085 | \$ 1,362,060 |
| <b>Number of revenue-generating professionals by capability (at period end):</b>        |                         |              |              |
| Consulting                                                                              | 2,215                   | 1,729        | 1,598        |
| Managed Services <sup>(3)</sup>                                                         | 2,239                   | 1,530        | 1,050        |
| Digital                                                                                 | 3,092                   | 2,965        | 2,871        |
| Total                                                                                   | 7,546                   | 6,224        | 5,519        |
| <b>Utilization rate by capability<sup>(5)</sup>:</b>                                    |                         |              |              |
| Consulting                                                                              | 75.7%                   | 73.6%        | 76.6%        |
| Digital                                                                                 | 78.2%                   | 76.0%        | 75.3%        |

- (1) The majority of our revenue-generating professionals within our Commercial segment can provide services across all of our industries, including healthcare and education.
- (2) The increase in the number of revenue-generating professionals within our Commercial segment includes our acquisition of Trelia in 2025. This acquisition added approximately 180 revenue-generating professionals, of which approximately 65 are consultants who work variable schedules as needed by clients.
- (3) We have separately presented the total number of revenue-generating professionals within our Managed Services capabilities of our Healthcare and Education segments. Our Healthcare Managed Services professionals provide revenue cycle billing, collections, insurance verification and change integrity services to clients. Our Education Managed Services professionals provide research administration managed services and outsourcing at our education and research-focused clients.
- The number of Managed Services professionals within our Healthcare segment was 2,117, 1,420 and 924 as of December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- The number of Managed Services professionals within our Education segment was 122, 110 and 126 as of December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- (4) Managed Services capability revenues before reimbursable expenses within our Healthcare segment was \$90.1 million, \$77.5 million and \$70.1 million for the years ended 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- Managed Services capability revenues before reimbursable expenses within our Education segment was \$29.3 million, \$28.2 million and \$29.6 million for the years ended 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.
- (5) Utilization rates are presented for our revenue-generating professionals who primarily bill on an hourly basis. We do not present utilization rates for our Managed Services professionals as most of the revenues generated by these employees are not billed on an hourly basis.

## Non-GAAP Measures

### Reconciliation of Net Income to EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA

|                                                                                 | Year Ended December 31, |                     |                     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|                                                                                 | 2025                    | 2024                | 2023                |
| Revenues before reimbursable expenses                                           | \$ 1,662,836            | \$ 1,486,085        | \$ 1,362,060        |
| Reimbursable expenses                                                           | 36,307                  | 35,720              | 36,695              |
| <b>Total revenues</b>                                                           | <b>\$ 1,699,143</b>     | <b>\$ 1,521,805</b> | <b>\$ 1,398,755</b> |
| <b>Net income</b>                                                               | <b>\$ 105,040</b>       | <b>\$ 116,626</b>   | <b>\$ 62,479</b>    |
| <b>Net income as a percentage of total revenues</b>                             | <b>6.2 %</b>            | <b>7.7 %</b>        | <b>4.5 %</b>        |
| Add back:                                                                       |                         |                     |                     |
| Income tax expense                                                              | 30,040                  | 37,390              | 21,416              |
| Interest expense, net of interest income                                        | 34,197                  | 25,347              | 19,573              |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                   | 32,478                  | 25,663              | 25,672              |
| <b>EBITDA</b>                                                                   | <b>201,755</b>          | <b>205,026</b>      | <b>129,140</b>      |
| Add back:                                                                       |                         |                     |                     |
| Restructuring charges                                                           | 9,136                   | 9,913               | 11,550              |
| 2024 litigation settlement gain                                                 | —                       | (11,701)            | —                   |
| Other losses (gains), net                                                       | 3,072                   | 804                 | (444)               |
| Transaction-related expenses                                                    | 8,521                   | 2,861               | 357                 |
| Unrealized losses on long-term investments, net                                 | 15,396                  | —                   | 26,262              |
| Gain on sale of business                                                        | —                       | (3,597)             | —                   |
| Foreign currency transaction losses (gains), net                                | (363)                   | (2,138)             | 476                 |
| <b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>                                                          | <b>\$ 237,517</b>       | <b>\$ 201,168</b>   | <b>\$ 167,341</b>   |
| <b>Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues before reimbursable expenses</b> | <b>14.3 %</b>           | <b>13.5 %</b>       | <b>12.3 %</b>       |

### Reconciliation of Net Income to Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share

|                                                   | Year Ended December 31, |                   |                  |
|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------|
|                                                   | 2025                    | 2024              | 2023             |
| <b>Net income</b>                                 | <b>\$ 105,040</b>       | <b>\$ 116,626</b> | <b>\$ 62,479</b> |
| <b>Weighted average shares - diluted</b>          | <b>17,991</b>           | <b>18,613</b>     | <b>19,601</b>    |
| <b>Diluted earnings per share</b>                 | <b>\$ 5.84</b>          | <b>\$ 6.27</b>    | <b>\$ 3.19</b>   |
| Add back:                                         |                         |                   |                  |
| Amortization of intangible assets                 | 11,334                  | 6,517             | 8,219            |
| Restructuring charges                             | 9,136                   | 9,913             | 11,550           |
| 2024 litigation settlement gain                   | —                       | (11,701)          | —                |
| Other losses (gains), net                         | 3,072                   | 804               | (444)            |
| Transaction-related expenses                      | 8,521                   | 2,861             | 357              |
| Unrealized losses on long-term investments, net   | 15,396                  | —                 | 26,262           |
| Gain on sale of business                          | —                       | (3,597)           | —                |
| Tax effect of adjustments                         | (11,654)                | (977)             | (12,175)         |
| <b>Total adjustments, net of tax</b>              | <b>35,805</b>           | <b>3,820</b>      | <b>33,769</b>    |
| <b>Adjusted net income</b>                        | <b>\$ 140,845</b>       | <b>\$ 120,446</b> | <b>\$ 96,248</b> |
| <b>Adjusted weighted average shares - diluted</b> | <b>17,991</b>           | <b>18,613</b>     | <b>19,601</b>    |
| <b>Adjusted diluted earnings per share</b>        | <b>\$ 7.83</b>          | <b>\$ 6.47</b>    | <b>\$ 4.91</b>   |

## Year Ended December 31, 2025 Compared to Year Ended December 31, 2024

### Revenues before Reimbursable Expenses

Revenues before reimbursable expenses by segment and capability for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

| Revenues before Reimbursable Expenses (in thousands) | Year Ended<br>December 31, |                     | Increase / (Decrease) |               |
|------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
|                                                      | 2025                       | 2024                | \$                    | %             |
| <b>Segment:</b>                                      |                            |                     |                       |               |
| Healthcare                                           | \$ 837,537                 | \$ 756,263          | \$ 81,274             | 10.7 %        |
| Education                                            | 500,174                    | 474,221             | 25,953                | 5.5 %         |
| Commercial                                           | 325,125                    | 255,601             | 69,524                | 27.2 %        |
| <b>Total revenues before reimbursable expenses</b>   | <b>\$ 1,662,836</b>        | <b>\$ 1,486,085</b> | <b>\$ 176,751</b>     | <b>11.9 %</b> |
| <b>Capability:</b>                                   |                            |                     |                       |               |
| Consulting and Managed Services                      | \$ 976,883                 | \$ 863,859          | \$ 113,024            | 13.1 %        |
| Digital                                              | 685,953                    | 622,226             | 63,727                | 10.2 %        |
| <b>Total revenues before reimbursable expenses</b>   | <b>\$ 1,662,836</b>        | <b>\$ 1,486,085</b> | <b>\$ 176,751</b>     | <b>11.9 %</b> |

Revenues before reimbursable expenses increased \$176.8 million, or 11.9%, to \$1.66 billion for the year ended December 31, 2025 from \$1.49 billion for the year ended December 31, 2024. The overall increase in revenues before reimbursable expenses reflects strength in demand for our Consulting and Managed Services capabilities within all three of our segments, as well as continued strength in demand for our Digital capabilities within our Commercial and Education segments. The increase includes \$86.0 million of incremental revenues before reimbursable expenses from our acquisitions completed since December 31, 2023. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in demand for our Digital capability within our Healthcare segment. Excluding the \$86.0 million of incremental revenues before reimbursable expenses from our acquisitions and \$13.7 million of revenues before reimbursable expenses in 2024 generated by the Studer Education business, which we divested at the end of 2024, revenues before reimbursable expenses grew 7.1% organically. Additional information on our revenues before reimbursable expense by segment follows.

- **Healthcare** revenues before reimbursable expenses increased \$81.3 million, or 10.7%, driven by continued strength in demand for our performance improvement, financial advisory, revenue cycle managed services and strategy and innovation solutions within our Consulting and Managed Services capability. These increases were partially offset by a decrease in revenues before reimbursable expenses due to the divestiture of our Studer Education practice in the fourth quarter of 2024 and a decrease in revenues before reimbursable expenses for our technology and analytics services within our Digital capability. The Studer Education business generated \$13.7 million of revenues before reimbursable expenses in 2024. Revenues before reimbursable expenses for the year ended December 31, 2025 included \$14.5 million of incremental revenues before reimbursable expenses from our recent acquisitions of Eclipse Insights, AXIA Consulting and AXIOM.

The number of revenue-generating professionals, excluding Managed Services professionals, within our Healthcare segment grew 22.6% to 1,493 as of December 31, 2025, compared to 1,218 as of December 31, 2024. Our acquisitions of Eclipse Insights and AXIOM in 2025 added approximately 75 revenue-generating professionals.

- **Education** revenues before reimbursable expenses increased \$26.0 million, or 5.5%, driven by strengthened demand for our strategy and operations and research solutions within our Consulting and Managed Services capability and software products within our Digital capability, as well as \$9.9 million of incremental revenues from our recent acquisitions of Advancement Resources, GG+A, AXIA Consulting and Halpin.

The number of revenue-generating professionals, excluding Managed Services professionals, within our Education segment grew 0.4% to 1,145 as of December 31, 2025, compared to 1,141 as of December 31, 2024.

- **Commercial** revenues before reimbursable expenses increased \$69.5 million, or 27.2%, which reflects \$61.6 million of incremental revenues before reimbursable expenses from our recent acquisitions of AXIA Consulting, Trelia and WP&C and continued strength in demand for our technology and analytics services within our Digital capability. These increases were partially offset by decreases in demand for our strategy and innovation and financial advisory solutions within our Consulting and Managed Services capability.

The number of revenue-generating professionals within our Commercial segment, the majority of which provide services across all of our industries, grew 14.3% to 2,669 as of December 31, 2025, compared to 2,335 as of December 31, 2024. Our acquisitions of Treliant and WP&C in 2025 added approximately 210 revenue-generating professionals.

## Operating Expenses

Operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2025 increased \$167.6 million, or 12.4%, over the year ended December 31, 2024.

Operating expenses and operating expenses as a percentage of revenues before reimbursable expenses were as follows:

| Operating Expenses (in thousands, except amounts as a percentage of revenues before reimbursable expenses) | Year Ended December 31, |       |              |        | Increase / (Decrease) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|--------------|--------|-----------------------|
|                                                                                                            | 2025                    |       | 2024         |        |                       |
| Direct costs                                                                                               | \$ 1,122,429            | 67.5% | \$ 1,010,077 | 68.0%  | \$ 112,352            |
| Reimbursable expenses                                                                                      | 36,301                  | 2.2%  | 35,715       | 2.4%   | 586                   |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses                                                               | 318,015                 | 19.1% | 286,655      | 19.3%  | 31,360                |
| Other losses (gains), net                                                                                  | 3,072                   | 0.2%  | (14,196)     | (1.0)% | 17,268                |
| Restructuring charges                                                                                      | 9,136                   | 0.5%  | 9,913        | 0.7%   | (777)                 |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                                              | 31,620                  | 1.9%  | 24,822       | 1.7%   | 6,798                 |
| Total operating expenses                                                                                   | \$ 1,520,573            | 91.4% | \$ 1,352,986 | 91.0%  | \$ 167,587            |

## Direct Costs

Direct costs increased \$112.4 million, or 11.1%, to \$1.12 billion for the year ended December 31, 2025 from \$1.01 billion for the year ended December 31, 2024. The \$112.4 million increase primarily related to a \$99.0 million increase in compensation costs for our revenue-generating professionals, an \$8.7 million increase in contractor expenses, and a \$3.0 million increase in technology costs. The \$99.0 million increase in compensation costs reflects our investment to grow our talented team to meet increased market demand and is primarily attributable to an \$87.2 million increase in salaries and related expenses driven by the recent acquisitions, hiring to support the overall increase in demand for our services, and annual salary increases that went into effect in the first quarter of 2025, as well as a \$6.3 million increase in performance bonus expense, a \$4.4 million increase in signing, retention and other bonus expense, and a \$1.0 million increase in share-based compensation expense. As a percentage of revenues before reimbursable expenses, direct costs decreased to 67.5% during 2025, compared to 68.0% during 2024, primarily attributable to revenue growth that outpaced the increase in performance bonus expense for our revenue-generating professionals.

## Reimbursable Expenses

Reimbursable expenses are billed to clients at cost and primarily relate to travel and out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with client engagements. These expenses are also included in total revenues. We manage our business on the basis of revenues before reimbursable expenses, which we believe is the most accurate reflection of our services because it eliminates the effect of reimbursable expenses that are also included as a component of operating expenses.

## Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by \$31.4 million, or 10.9%, to \$318.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2025 from \$286.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. The \$31.4 million increase primarily related to an \$18.5 million increase in non-payroll costs and a \$12.5 million increase in salaries and related expenses for our support personnel. The \$18.5 million increase in non-payroll costs was primarily driven by a \$7.3 million increase in software and data hosting expenses, a \$4.3 million increase in third-party professional fees, a \$2.6 million increase in promotion and marketing expenses, a \$1.5 million increase in recruiting costs, a \$1.4 million increase in business insurance costs, and a \$1.2 million increase in severance expenses. These increases to non-payroll costs were partially offset by a \$2.1 million decrease in bad debt expense and a \$1.5 million decrease in legal expenses. The increase in third-party professional fees and business insurance costs were primarily driven by our programmatic acquisition activity. As a percentage of revenues before reimbursable expenses, selling, general and administrative expenses decreased to 19.1% during 2025, compared to 19.3% during 2024. This decrease was primarily attributable to revenue growth that outpaced the increase in compensation costs for our support personnel.

### Other Losses (Gains), Net

Other losses (gains), net totaled a net loss of \$3.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2025 and a net gain of \$14.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. The \$3.1 million of other losses, net for the year ended December 31, 2025 primarily consisted of net remeasurement charges to increase the fair value of our contingent consideration liabilities related to business combinations. The \$14.2 million of other gains, net for the year ended December 31, 2024 primarily consisted of a pre-tax \$15.0 million litigation settlement gain for a completed legal matter in which Huron was the plaintiff and \$0.5 million of net remeasurement gains to decrease the fair value of our contingent consideration liabilities related to business combinations.

See Note 13 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on the fair value of contingent consideration liabilities.

### Restructuring Charges

Restructuring charges for the year ended December 31, 2025 were \$9.1 million, compared to \$9.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. The \$9.1 million of restructuring charges recognized in 2025 primarily consisted of \$3.8 million of severance-related expenses; \$3.1 million of rent and related expenses, net of sublease income, for our previously vacated office spaces; \$1.4 million of accelerated depreciation and amortization on the related fixed assets and right-of-use operating lease assets recognized when we abandoned our office spaces in Pensacola, Florida and Boston, Massachusetts; and a \$0.7 million non-cash lease impairment charge driven by updated sublease assumptions for a previously vacated office space.

During 2024, we exited our office space previously occupied by GG+A and a portion of our office space in New York, New York resulting in non-cash impairment charges of \$1.4 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, on the related right-of-use operating lease assets and fixed assets. Additionally, we exited the remaining portion of our office space in Denver, Colorado resulting in \$0.5 million of accelerated depreciation and amortization on the related fixed assets and right-of-use operating lease assets we abandoned. Furthermore, in the fourth quarter of 2024, we completed the divestiture of our Studer Education practice and incurred \$1.3 million of restructuring charges, consisting of \$1.0 million of transaction-related employee payments and \$0.3 million of third-party legal and professional advisory fees. Restructuring charges incurred in 2024 also included \$2.3 million of severance-related expenses unrelated to the divestiture; \$2.3 million of rent and related expenses, net of sublease income, for previously vacated office spaces; and \$0.8 million related to non-cash lease impairment charges driven by updated sublease assumptions for our previously vacated office spaces.

### Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expense increased \$6.8 million, or 27.4%, to \$31.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2025, compared to \$24.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. The \$6.8 million increase in depreciation and amortization expense was primarily attributable to increases in amortization of intangible assets acquired in business acquisitions and internally developed software.

### Operating Income

Operating income increased \$9.8 million, or 5.8%, to \$178.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2025 from \$168.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. Operating margin, which is defined as operating income expressed as a percentage of revenues before reimbursable expenses, decreased to 10.7% for 2025, compared to 11.4% for 2024.

Operating income and operating margin for each of our segments as well as unallocated corporate expenses were as follows:

| Segment Operating Income (in thousands, except operating margin percentages) | Year Ended December 31, |       |            |       | Increase / (Decrease) |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|------------|-------|-----------------------|
|                                                                              | 2025                    |       | 2024       |       |                       |
| Healthcare                                                                   | \$ 255,582              | 30.5% | \$ 208,928 | 27.6% | \$ 46,654             |
| Education                                                                    | \$ 113,186              | 22.6% | \$ 108,521 | 22.9% | \$ 4,665              |
| Commercial                                                                   | \$ 55,857               | 17.2% | \$ 51,198  | 20.0% | \$ 4,659              |

### Unallocated Corporate Expenses (in thousands)

|                                |            |            |           |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| Unallocated corporate expenses | \$ 217,564 | \$ 191,180 | \$ 26,384 |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|

- **Healthcare** operating income increased \$46.7 million, or 22.3%, primarily due to the increase in revenues before reimbursable expenses, as well as decreases in salaries and related expenses for our support personnel, bad debt expense, and practice administration and meetings expenses; partially offset by increases in compensation costs for our revenue-generating professionals and technology expenses. The increases in compensation costs for our revenue-generating professionals were primarily driven by an increase in headcount and annual salary increases that went into effect in the first quarter of 2025, as well as increases in

performance bonus expense, signing, retention and other bonus expense, and share-based compensation expense. Healthcare operating margin increased to 30.5% from 27.6% primarily due to the decreases in salaries and related expenses for our support personnel, bad debt expense, and practice administration and meetings expenses, and revenue growth that outpaced the increase in salaries and related expenses for our revenue-generating professionals.

- **Education** operating income increased \$4.7 million, or 4.3%, primarily due to the increase in revenues before reimbursable expenses; partially offset by increases in compensation costs for our revenue-generating professionals and support personnel, amortization of internally developed software, contractor expenses, practice administration and meeting expenses, promotion and marketing expenses, and project costs. The increases in compensation costs for our revenue-generating professionals and support personnel were primarily driven by an increase in headcount and annual salary increases that went into effect in the first quarter of 2025, partially offset by a decrease in performance bonus expense for our revenue-generating professionals. Education operating margin decreased to 22.6% from 22.9% primarily driven by the increases in amortization of internally developed software, salaries and related expenses for our support personnel, contractor expenses, practice administration and meetings expenses, projects costs and promotion and marketing expenses, all as percentages of revenues before reimbursable expenses; partially offset by revenue growth that outpaced the increase in salaries and related expenses for our revenue-generating professionals and the decrease in performance bonus expense for our revenue-generating professionals.
- **Commercial** operating income increased \$4.7 million, or 9.1%, primarily due to the increase in revenues before reimbursable expenses, partially offset by increases in compensation costs for our revenue-generating professionals, contractor expenses, salaries and related expenses for our support personnel and restructuring charges. The increase in compensation costs for our revenue-generating professionals was primarily due to the increased headcount, driven by our acquisitions of AXIA Consulting and Trelant, annual salary increases that went into effect in the first quarter of 2025, and increases in performance bonus expense and signing, retention and other bonus expense. Commercial operating margin decreased to 17.2% from 20.0% primarily driven by the increases in salaries and related expenses for our revenue-generating professionals and contractor expenses, as percentages of revenues before reimbursable expenses; partially offset by revenue growth that outpaced the increase in performance bonus expense for our revenue-generating professionals.
- **Unallocated corporate expenses** increased \$26.4 million, or 13.8%, primarily due to increases in compensation costs for our support personnel, software and data hosting expenses, third-party professional fees, business insurance costs, promotion and marketing expenses, and practice administration and meeting expenses. The increase in compensation costs for our support personnel was primarily driven by an increase in headcount, annual salary increases that went into effect in the first quarter of 2025 and an increase in deferred compensation expense attributable to the change in the market value of our deferred compensation liability. The increases in third-party professional fees and business insurance costs were primarily driven by our programmatic acquisition activity.

#### Other Income (Expense), Net

Interest expense, net of interest income increased \$8.9 million to \$34.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2025 from \$25.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2024, which was primarily attributable to higher levels of borrowing and higher interest rates under our senior secured credit facility in 2025 compared to 2024. See "Liquidity and Capital Resources" below and Note 7 "Financing Arrangements" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information about our senior secured credit facility.

Other income (expense), net totaled expense of \$9.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2025, compared to income of \$10.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. In 2025, we recognized pre-tax \$10.4 million of non-cash credit-related impairment charges related to our convertible debt investment in a third-party and non-cash impairment charges of \$5.0 million on our equity investment in a hospital-at-home company. These losses were partially offset by a \$5.7 million gain recognized for the market value of our investments that are used to fund our deferred compensation liability and \$0.4 million of foreign currency transaction gains. In 2024, we recognized a \$4.6 million gain for the market value of our investments that are used to fund our deferred compensation liability, a \$3.6 million gain related to the divestiture of our Studer Education practice, and \$2.1 million of foreign currency transaction gains. The gains recognized in 2025 and 2024 related to the market value of our investments that are used to fund our deferred compensation liability were offset with deferred compensation expense attributable to the change in the market value of our deferred compensation liability which is recognized as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses on our consolidated statements of operations.

See Note 3 "Acquisitions and Divestitures" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on the divestiture completed in 2024, Note 12 "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on our foreign exchange forward contracts, Note 13 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on our convertible debt and equity investments, and Note 15 "Employee Benefit and Deferred Compensation Plans" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on our deferred compensation plan.

## **Income Tax Expense**

For the year ended December 31, 2025, our effective tax rate was 22.2% as we recognized income tax expense of \$30.0 million on income of \$135.1 million. The effective tax rate of 22.2% was more favorable than the statutory rate, inclusive of state income taxes, of 26.0%, primarily due to a discrete tax benefit for share-based compensation awards that vested during the year. This favorable item was partially offset by certain nondeductible expense items.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, our effective tax rate was 24.3% as we recognized income tax expense of \$37.4 million on income of \$154.0 million. The effective tax rate of 24.3% was more favorable than the statutory rate, inclusive of state income taxes, of 26.0%, primarily due to a discrete tax benefit for share-based compensation awards that vested during the year. This favorable item was partially offset by certain nondeductible expense items.

See Note 17 "Income Taxes" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on our income tax expense.

## **Net Income and Earnings per Share**

Net income decreased \$11.6 million, or 9.9%, to \$105.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2025 from \$116.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. Net income for 2025 includes \$7.7 million of non-cash impairment charges, net of tax, related to our convertible debt investment in a third-party. Net income for 2024 includes an \$11.1 million litigation settlement gain, net of tax, related to a completed legal matter in which Huron was the plaintiff. Diluted earnings per share for the year ended December 31, 2025 decreased to \$5.84, compared to \$6.27 for the year ended December 31, 2024, driven by the decrease in net income, partially offset by a reduction in diluted shares outstanding resulting from share repurchases made under our share repurchase plan. The non-cash credit-related impairment charges on our convertible debt investment had an unfavorable \$0.43 impact on diluted EPS for the year ended December 31, 2025, while the litigation settlement gain related to a completed legal matter in which Huron was the plaintiff had a favorable impact of \$0.60 on diluted earnings per share for the prior year period.

## **EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA**

EBITDA decreased \$3.3 million, or 1.6%, to \$201.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2025 from \$205.0 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. The decrease in EBITDA was primarily attributable to the increase in unallocated corporate expenses, excluding the impact of the change in the market value of our deferred compensation liability; the pre-tax \$15.0 million litigation settlement gain recognized in 2024 for a completed legal matter in which Huron was the plaintiff; the pre-tax \$10.4 million of non-cash credit-related impairment charges recognized in 2025 related to our convertible debt investment in a third-party; and the \$5.0 million of non-cash impairment charges recognized on our equity investment in a hospital-at-home company in 2025. These decreases were partially offset by the increases in segment operating income for all three of our segments, excluding segment depreciation and amortization.

Adjusted EBITDA increased \$36.3 million, or 18.1%, to \$237.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2025 from \$201.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. The increase in adjusted EBITDA was primarily attributable to the increases in segment operating income for all three of our segments, excluding the impact of segment depreciation and amortization and segment restructuring charges; partially offset by the increase in unallocated corporate expenses, excluding the impacts of the change in the market value of our deferred compensation liability and transaction-related expenses.

## **Adjusted Net Income and Adjusted Earnings per Share**

Adjusted net income increased \$20.4 million, or 16.9%, to \$140.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2025, compared to \$120.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2024. As a result of the increase in adjusted net income, as well as a reduction in diluted shares outstanding resulting from share repurchases made under our share repurchase plan, adjusted diluted earnings per share increased to \$7.83 in 2025, compared to \$6.47 in 2024.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash and cash equivalents were \$24.5 million, \$21.9 million, and \$12.1 million at December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively. As of December 31, 2025, our primary sources of liquidity are cash on hand, cash flows from our U.S. operations, and borrowing capacity available under our credit facility.

| Cash Flows (in thousands):                | Year Ended December 31, |            |            |
|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|
|                                           | 2025                    | 2024       | 2023       |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 193,394              | \$ 201,319 | \$ 135,262 |
| Net cash used in investing activities     | (145,751)               | (79,749)   | (36,652)   |
| Net cash used in financing activities     | (45,030)                | (111,635)  | (98,327)   |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash   | (16)                    | (173)      | 32         |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,597                | \$ 9,762   | \$ 315     |

### Operating Activities

Our operating assets and liabilities consist primarily of receivables from billed and unbilled services, accounts payable and accrued expenses, accrued payroll and related benefits, operating lease obligations and deferred revenues. The volume of services rendered and the related billings and timing of collections on those billings, as well as payments of our accounts payable and salaries, bonuses, and related benefits to employees affect these account balances. Our purchase obligations primarily consist of payments for software and other information technology products to support our business and corporate infrastructure.

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased \$7.9 million to \$193.4 million in 2025 from \$201.3 million in 2024. The decrease in net cash provided by operating activities primarily related to an increase in payments for salaries and related expenses for our revenue-generating professionals, an increase in payments for selling, general and administrative expenses, a \$15 million litigation settlement received in 2024 for a completed legal matter in which Huron was the plaintiff, an increase in the amount paid for annual performance bonuses in the first quarter of 2025 compared to the first quarter of 2024, and an increase in payments for contractor expenses; largely offset by an increase in cash collections in 2025 compared to the prior year.

### Investing Activities

Our investing activities primarily consist of purchases of complementary businesses; purchases of property and equipment, primarily related to computers and related equipment for our employees and leasehold improvements and furniture and fixtures for office spaces; payments related to internally developed cloud-based software sold to our clients; and investments. Our investments include a convertible note investment in Shorelight Holdings, LLC, an equity investment in a hospital-at-home company, and investments in life insurance policies that are used to fund our deferred compensation liability.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$145.8 million for 2025 which primarily consisted of \$111.6 million for purchases of businesses; \$20.6 million for payments related to internally developed software to advance our Education and Healthcare software products; \$10.4 million for purchases of property and equipment, primarily related to purchases of computers and related equipment and leasehold improvements for certain office spaces; and \$3.2 million for contributions to our life insurance policies.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$79.7 million for 2024 which primarily consisted of \$49.5 million for purchases of businesses; \$23.9 million for payments related to internally developed software to advance our Healthcare and Education software products; \$8.7 million for purchases of property and equipment, primarily related to purchases of computers and related equipment and leasehold improvements for certain office spaces; and \$2.6 million for contributions to our life insurance policies. These uses of cash for investing activities were partially offset by \$4.7 million of cash received related to the divestiture of our Studer Education practice in the fourth quarter of 2024.

We estimate that cash utilized for purchases of property and equipment and software development in 2026 will total approximately \$30 million to \$40 million; primarily consisting of leasehold improvements and furniture and fixtures for certain office locations, information technology-related equipment to support our corporate infrastructure, and software development costs.

### Financing Activities

Our financing activities primarily consist of borrowings and repayments under our senior secured credit facility, share repurchases, shares redeemed for employee tax withholdings upon vesting of share-based compensation, and payments for contingent consideration liabilities related to business acquisitions. See "Financing Arrangements" below for additional information on our senior secured credit facility.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$45.0 million in 2025. The net borrowings of \$153.3 million during 2025 were primarily used to fund our operations, including our annual performance bonus payments in the first quarter of 2025, and our programmatic business acquisitions. The aggregate borrowings and repayments during 2025 include the \$400 million term loan proceeds received in the third quarter of 2025 under the Amended Credit Agreement, which were used to repay outstanding borrowings under the Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the "Existing Credit Agreement"). In conjunction with the closing of the Amended Credit Agreement, we paid \$3.1 million of debt issuance costs. See "Financing Arrangements" below for additional information on the Amended Credit Agreement. Additionally, during 2025, we paid \$166.7 million for the settlement of share repurchases and we reacquired \$33.6 million of common stock as a result of tax withholdings upon vesting of share-based compensation. These uses of cash for financing activities were partially offset by \$5.1 million of cash received from stock option exercises in 2025.

Net cash used in financing activities was \$111.6 million in 2024. During 2024, we borrowed \$743.5 million and made repayments on our borrowings of \$709.8 million. The borrowings and repayments during 2024 include the \$275.0 million term loan proceeds received under the Existing Credit Agreement in the first quarter of 2024, which were used to repay borrowings under the revolver in the first quarter of 2024. The net borrowings of \$33.7 million were primarily used to fund our operations, including our annual performance bonus payments in the first quarter of 2024. Additionally, in 2024, we paid \$123.0 million for the settlement of share repurchases and we reacquired \$22.1 million of common stock as a result of tax withholdings upon vesting of share-based compensation. We also made payments of \$1.4 million for debt issuance costs related to the term loan established under the Existing Credit Agreement. These uses of cash for financing activities were partially offset by \$1.8 million of cash received from stock option exercises in 2024.

#### *Share Repurchase Program*

In November 2020, our board of directors authorized a share repurchase program permitting us to repurchase up to \$50 million of our common stock through December 31, 2021. Subsequently, our board of directors authorized extensions of the share repurchase program through December 31, 2026 and increased the authorized amount to \$700 million, of which \$99.0 million remained available as of December 31, 2025. In the first quarter of 2026, our board of directors authorized a further increase to the authorized amount under the share repurchase program from \$700 million to \$900 million. The amount and timing of repurchases under the share repurchase program were and will continue to be determined by management and depend on a variety of factors, including the trading price of our common stock, capacity under our credit facility, general market and business conditions, and applicable legal requirements.

#### **Financing Arrangements**

At December 31, 2025, we had \$511.0 million outstanding under our Amended Credit Agreement, as discussed below.

The company has a \$700 million Revolver and a \$400 million Term Loan, subject to the terms of the Amended Credit Agreement, both of which mature on July 30, 2030. The Term Loan is subject to scheduled quarterly amortization payments of \$5.0 million which began September 30, 2025 and continue through the maturity date of July 30, 2030, at which time the outstanding principal balance and all accrued interest will be due. The Amended Credit Agreement amended and restated the Existing Credit Agreement in its entirety.

Fees and interest on borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement vary based on our Consolidated Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement). At our option, these borrowings will bear interest at one, three or six month Term SOFR or an alternate base rate, in each case plus the applicable margin. The applicable margin will fluctuate between 1.250% per annum and 1.875% per annum, in the case of Term SOFR borrowings, or between 0.250% per annum and 0.875% per annum, in the case of base rate loans, based upon our Consolidated Leverage Ratio at such time.

Amounts borrowed under the Amended Credit Agreement may be prepaid at any time without premium or penalty. We are required to prepay the amounts outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement in certain circumstances, including upon an Event of Default (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement). In addition, we have the right to permanently reduce or terminate the unused portion of the commitments provided under the Amended Credit Agreement at any time.

The Amended Credit Agreement contains usual and customary representations and warranties; affirmative and negative covenants, which include limitations on liens, investments, additional indebtedness, and restricted payments; and two quarterly financial covenants as follows: (i) a maximum Consolidated Leverage Ratio (defined as the ratio of debt to consolidated EBITDA) of 3.75 to 1.00; however the maximum permitted Consolidated Leverage Ratio will increase to 4.25 to 1.00 upon the occurrence of a Qualified Acquisition (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement), and (ii) a minimum Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio (defined as the ratio of consolidated EBITDA to interest) of 3.00 to 1.00. Consolidated EBITDA for purposes of the financial covenants is calculated on a continuing operations basis and includes adjustments to add back non-cash goodwill impairment charges, share-based compensation costs, certain non-cash restructuring charges, pro forma historical EBITDA for businesses acquired, and other specified items in accordance with the Amended Credit Agreement. For purposes of the Consolidated Leverage Ratio, total debt is on a gross basis and is not netted against our cash balances. At December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, we were in compliance with these financial covenants. Our Consolidated Leverage Ratio as of December 31, 2025 was 1.93 to 1.00, compared to 1.39 to 1.00 as of December 31, 2024. Our Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio as of December 31, 2025 was 8.12 to 1.00, compared to 10.50 to 1.00 as of December 31, 2024.

The Amended Credit Agreement contains restricted payment provisions, including a potential limit on the amount of dividends we may pay. Pursuant to the terms of the Amended Credit Agreement, if our Consolidated Leverage Ratio is greater than 3.50, the amount of dividends and other Restricted Payments (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) we may pay is limited to an amount up to \$50 million.

Borrowings outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement at December 31, 2025 totaled \$511.0 million, consisting of \$121.0 million outstanding under the Revolver and \$390.0 million outstanding under the Term Loan.

Borrowings outstanding under the Existing Credit Agreement at December 31, 2024 totaled \$357.7 million, consisting of \$93.0 million outstanding under the senior secured revolving credit facility of the Existing Credit Agreement and \$264.7 million outstanding under the senior secured term loan facility of the Existing Credit Agreement.

These borrowings carried a weighted average interest rate of 5.3% at December 31, 2025 and 4.7% at December 31, 2024 including the impact of the interest rate swaps described in Note 12 "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity" within the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The borrowing capacity under the Revolver is reduced by any outstanding borrowings under the agreement and outstanding letters of credit. At both December 31, 2025 and 2024, we had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$0.4 million, which are used as security deposits for our office facilities. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the unused borrowing capacity under the Revolver was \$578.6 million and \$506.6 million, respectively.

Refer to Note 7 "Financing Arrangements" within the notes to the consolidated financial statements for additional information on our senior secured credit facility. For a discussion of certain risks and uncertainties related to the Amended Credit Agreement, see Part I—Item 1A. "Risk Factors."

### **Future Financing Needs**

Our primary financing need is to fund our long-term growth. Our growth strategy is to expand our service offerings, which may require investments in new hires, acquisitions of complementary businesses, possible expansion into other geographic areas, and related capital expenditures.

We believe our internally generated liquidity, together with our available cash and the borrowing capacity available under our senior secured credit facility will be adequate to support our current financing needs and long-term growth strategy. Our ability to secure additional financing in the future, if needed, will depend on several factors, including our future profitability, the quality of our accounts receivable and unbilled services, our relative levels of debt and equity, and the overall condition of the credit markets.

### **OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS**

We are not a party to any material off-balance sheet arrangements.

### **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES**

Management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Our significant accounting policies are discussed in Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements. We regularly review our financial reporting and disclosure practices and accounting policies to ensure that our financial reporting and disclosures provide accurate information relative to the current economic and business environment. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make assessments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Critical accounting policies and estimates are those policies and estimates that we believe present the most complex or subjective measurements and have the most potential to impact our financial position and operating results. While all decisions regarding accounting policies and estimates are important, we believe that there are five accounting policies and estimates that could be considered critical: revenue recognition, allowances for doubtful accounts and unbilled services, business combinations, carrying values of goodwill and other intangible assets, and accounting for income taxes.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

We generate substantially all of our revenues from providing professional services to our clients. We also generate revenues from software licenses, software support and maintenance and subscriptions to our cloud-based analytic tools and solutions, speaking engagements, conferences, and publications.

Our revenue is generated under four types of billing arrangements: fixed-fee; time-and-expense; performance-based; and software support, maintenance and subscriptions. Determining the method and amount of revenue to recognize requires us to make judgments and estimates.

Specifically, multiple performance obligation arrangements require us to allocate the total transaction price to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price, for which we rely on our overall pricing objectives, taking into consideration market conditions and other factors. Provisions are recorded for the estimated realization on all engagements, including engagements for which fees are subject to review by the bankruptcy courts. We continually evaluate our estimates of the provisions based on available information and experiences. Additionally, when accounting for fixed-fee and performance-based billing arrangements, we must make additional judgments and estimates as further described below.

In fixed-fee billing arrangements for professional services, we agree to a pre-established fee in exchange for a predetermined set of professional services. We set the fees based on our estimates of the costs and timing for completing the engagements. We generally recognize revenues under fixed-fee billing arrangements using a proportionate performance approach, which is based on work completed to date versus our estimates of the total services to be provided under the engagement. Estimates of total engagement revenues and cost of services are monitored regularly during the term of the engagement. Any increased or unexpected costs or unanticipated delays in connection with the performance of these engagements could make these contracts less profitable or unprofitable.

In performance-based billing arrangements, fees are tied to the attainment of contractually defined objectives. We enter into performance-based engagements in essentially two forms. First, we generally earn fees that are directly related to the savings formally acknowledged by the client as a result of adopting our recommendations for improving operational and cost effectiveness in the areas we review. Second, we earn a success fee when and if certain predefined outcomes occur. We recognize revenue under performance-based billing arrangements using the following steps: 1) estimate variable consideration using either the expected value method or the most likely amount method, as appropriate, 2) apply a constraint to the estimated variable consideration to limit the amount that could be reversed when the uncertainty is resolved (the "constraint"), and 3) recognize revenue of estimated variable consideration, net of the constraint, based on work completed to date versus our estimates of the total services to be provided under the engagement. Our estimates are monitored throughout the life of each contract and are based on an assessment of our anticipated performance, historical experience, and other information available at the time. While we believe that the estimates and assumptions we use for revenue recognition for performance-based billing arrangements are reasonable, subsequent changes could materially impact our results of operations.

See Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" within the notes to the consolidated financial statements for additional information on our revenue recognition accounting policy.

#### **Allowances for Doubtful Accounts and Unbilled Services**

We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts and for services performed but not yet billed based on several factors, including the estimated cash realization from amounts due from clients, an assessment of a client's ability to make required payments, and the historical percentages of fee adjustments and write-offs by age of receivables and unbilled services. The allowances are assessed by management on a regular basis. These estimates may differ from actual results. If the financial condition of a client deteriorates in the future, impacting the client's ability to make payments, an increase to our allowance might be required or our allowance may not be sufficient to cover actual write-offs.

We record the provision for doubtful accounts and unbilled services as a reduction in revenue. To the extent we write-off accounts receivable due to a client's inability to pay, the charge is recognized as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses.

#### **Business Combinations**

We use the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. The assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination, including identifiable intangible assets, are recorded at their estimated fair values as of the acquisition date, with the exception of contract assets and liabilities which are recognized and measured in accordance with our revenue recognition accounting policy described in Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" within the notes to the consolidated financial statements. Goodwill is recorded as the excess of the fair value of consideration transferred, including any contingent consideration, over the net value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. We base the fair values of identifiable intangible assets on detailed valuations that require management to make significant judgments, estimates, and assumptions, such as the expected future cash flows to be derived from the intangible assets, discount rates that reflect the risk factors associated with future cash flows, and estimates of useful lives.

We measure and recognize contingent consideration at fair value as of the acquisition date. We estimate the fair value of contingent consideration based on either a probability-weighted assessment of the specific financial performance targets being achieved or a Monte Carlo simulation model, as appropriate. These fair value measurements require the use of significant judgments, estimates, and assumptions, including financial performance projections and discount rates. The fair value of the contingent consideration is reassessed quarterly based on assumptions used in our latest financial projections and input provided by practice leaders and management, with any change in the fair value estimate recorded in earnings in that period. Increases or decreases in the fair value of contingent consideration liabilities resulting from changes in the estimates or assumptions could materially impact the financial statements.

See Note 3 “Acquisitions and Divestiture” within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on our acquisitions and Note 13 “Fair Value of Financial Instruments” within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on our contingent consideration liabilities.

### **Carrying Values of Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

We test goodwill for impairment, at the reporting unit level, annually and whenever events or circumstances make it more likely than not that an impairment may have occurred. We perform our annual goodwill impairment test as of November 30 and monitor for interim triggering events on an ongoing basis. A reporting unit is an operating segment or one level below an operating segment (referred to as a component) to which goodwill is assigned when initially recorded. We assign goodwill to reporting units based on our integration plans and the expected synergies resulting from the acquisition. As of December 31, 2025, we have three reporting units: Healthcare, Education, and Commercial.

Under GAAP, we have the option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of current events or circumstances would lead to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of one or more of our reporting units is greater than its carrying value. If we determine it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is greater than its carrying value, no further testing is necessary. However, if we conclude otherwise, then we are required to perform a quantitative impairment test by calculating the fair value of the reporting unit and comparing the fair value with the carrying value of the reporting unit. If the fair value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying value, an impairment charge is recorded in an amount equal to that difference with the loss not to exceed the total amount of goodwill allocated to the reporting unit.

We determine the fair value of our reporting units using a combination of the income approach and the market approach. For a company such as ours, the income and market approaches will generally provide the most reliable indications of fair value because the value of such companies is dependent on their ability to generate earnings.

In the income approach, we utilize a discounted cash flow analysis, which involves estimating the expected after-tax cash flows that will be generated by each reporting unit and then discounting those cash flows to present value, reflecting the relevant risks associated with each reporting unit and the time value of money. This approach requires the use of significant estimates and assumptions, including forecasted revenue growth rates, forecasted EBITDA margins, and discount rates. Our forecasts are based on historical experience, current backlog, expected market demand, and other industry information.

In the market approach, we utilize the guideline company method, which involves calculating EBITDA multiples based on operating data from guideline publicly traded companies. Multiples derived from guideline companies provide an indication of how much a knowledgeable investor in the marketplace would be willing to pay for a company. These multiples are evaluated and adjusted based on specific characteristics of the reporting units relative to the selected guideline companies and applied to the reporting units' operating data to arrive at an indication of value.

The following is a discussion of the goodwill impairment test performed during 2025.

Pursuant to our policy, we performed our annual goodwill impairment test as of November 30, 2025 for our three reporting units: Healthcare, Education, and Commercial. We performed a qualitative assessment over all reporting units to determine if it was more likely than not the respective fair values of these reporting units were less than their carrying amounts, including goodwill.

For our qualitative assessment, we considered the most recent quantitative analysis performed for each reporting unit, which was as of November 30, 2024, including the key assumptions used within that analysis, the indicated fair values, and the amount by which those fair values exceeded their carrying amounts. One of the key assumptions used within the prior quantitative analysis was our internal financial projections; therefore, we considered the actual performance of each reporting unit during 2025 compared to the internal financial projections used, as well as specific outlooks for each reporting unit based on our most recent internal financial projections. We also reviewed the current carrying value of each reporting unit in comparison to the carrying values as of the prior quantitative analysis. In addition, we considered various factors, including macroeconomic conditions, relevant industry and market trends for each reporting unit, and other entity-specific events, that could indicate a potential change in the fair value of our reporting units or the composition of their carrying values. Based on our assessments, we determined that it was more likely than not that the fair values for each of our reporting units exceeded their respective carrying amounts. As such, the goodwill for our reporting units was not considered impaired as of November 30, 2025, and a quantitative goodwill impairment analysis was not necessary.

The results of an impairment analysis are as of a point in time. There is no assurance that the actual future earnings or cash flows of our reporting units will be consistent with our projections. We will monitor any changes to our assumptions and will evaluate goodwill as deemed warranted during future periods. Any significant decline in our operations could result in non-cash goodwill impairment charges.

The carrying value of goodwill for each of our reporting units as of December 31, 2025 is as follows (in thousands):

| Reporting Unit | Carrying Value of Goodwill |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| Healthcare     | \$ 511,600                 |
| Education      | 151,014                    |
| Commercial     | 124,282                    |
| Total          | <u>\$ 786,896</u>          |

Intangible assets represent purchased assets that lack physical substance but can be distinguished from goodwill. Our intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization, totaled \$72.9 million at December 31, 2025 and primarily consist of customer relationships, technology and software, trade names, customer contracts, and non-competition agreements, all of which were acquired through business combinations. We evaluate our intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. No impairment charges for intangible assets were recorded in 2025.

## Income Taxes

Our income tax expense, deferred tax assets and liabilities, and reserves for unrecognized tax benefits reflect management's best assessment of estimated future taxes to be paid. In determining our provision for income taxes on an interim basis, we estimate our annual effective tax rate based on information available at each interim period. Changes in applicable U.S. state, federal or foreign tax laws and regulations, or their interpretation and application, could materially affect our tax expense.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for future tax consequences attributable to temporary differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. These deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in management's opinion, it is more likely than not that some portion or the entire deferred tax asset will not be realized. Factors considered in making this determination include the period of expiration of the tax asset, planned use of the tax asset, tax planning strategies and historical and projected taxable income as well as tax liabilities for the tax jurisdiction in which the tax asset is located. Valuation allowances will be subject to change in each future reporting period as a result of changes in one or more of these factors.

Our tax positions are subject to income tax audits by federal, state, local, and foreign tax authorities. A tax benefit from an uncertain position may be recognized in the financial statements only if it is more likely than not that the position is sustainable, based on its technical merits. We measure the tax benefit recognized as the largest amount of benefit which is more likely than not to be realized upon settlement with the taxing authority. The estimate of the potential outcome of any uncertain tax issue is subject to management's assessment of relevant risks, facts and circumstances existing at that time. We believe that positions taken on our tax returns are fully supported. However, final determinations of prior year tax positions upon settlement with the taxing authority could be materially different from estimates. The outcome of these final determinations could have a material impact on our provision for taxes, net income, or cash flows in the period in which that determination is made.

## NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

Refer to Note 2 "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" within the notes to the consolidated financial statements for information on new accounting pronouncements.

## ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.

We are exposed to market risks primarily from changes in interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates and changes in the market value of our investments. We use certain derivative instruments to hedge a portion of the interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate risks.

### Interest Rate Risk

We have exposure to changes in interest rates associated with borrowings under our senior secured credit facility. At our option, these borrowings will bear interest at one, three or six month Term SOFR or, in each case plus the applicable margin. At December 31, 2025, we had borrowings outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement totaling \$511.0 million that carried a weighted average interest rate of 5.3%, including the impact of the interest rate swaps described below. A hypothetical 100 basis point change in the interest rate would have a \$2.6 million effect on our pretax income on an annualized basis, including the effect of the interest rate swaps. At December 31, 2024, we had borrowings outstanding under the Existing Credit Agreement totaling \$357.7 million that carried a weighted average interest rate of 4.7%, including the impact of the interest rate swaps described below. A hypothetical 100 basis point change in the interest rate would have had a \$1.1 million effect on our pretax income on an annualized basis, including the effect of the interest rate swaps.

We enter into forward interest rate swap agreements to hedge against the interest rate risks of our variable-rate borrowings. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreement, we receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one month Term SOFR and we pay to the counterparty a stated, fixed rate. As of both December 31, 2025 and 2024, the aggregate notional amount of our forward interest rate swap agreements was \$250.0 million. The outstanding interest rate swap agreements as of December 31, 2025 are scheduled to mature on a staggered basis through February 28, 2030.

### **Foreign Currency Risk**

We have exposure to changes in foreign currency exchange rates associated with our operations in India and Canada. We hedge a portion of our cash flow exposure related to our INR-denominated intercompany expenses and our translation risk related to our USD-denominated intercompany receivables in Canada by entering into foreign exchange forward contracts.

*Indian Rupee Forward Contracts:* As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the aggregate notional amounts of these contracts were Indian Rupee (INR) 1.47 billion, or \$16.3 million, and INR 1.40 billion, or \$16.3 million, respectively, based on the exchange rates in effect as of each period end. The outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts as of December 31, 2025 are scheduled to mature monthly through December 31, 2026.

*Canadian Dollar Forward Contracts:* As of December 31, 2025, the notional amount of our outstanding Canadian Dollar forward contract was \$25.0 million which is scheduled to settle on March 31, 2026. We had no outstanding Canadian Dollar forward contracts as of December 31, 2024.

We use a sensitivity analysis to determine the effects that market foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations may have on the fair value of our foreign exchange forward contract portfolio. The sensitivity of the portfolio is computed based on the market value of future cash flows as affected by changes in exchange rates. This sensitivity analysis represents the hypothetical changes in value of the derivatives and does not reflect the offsetting gain or loss on the underlying exposure. A hypothetical 100 basis point change in the USD to INR and USD to CAD exchange rates would have an immaterial impact on the fair value of our hedge instruments as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

### **Market Risk**

We have a 1.69% convertible debt investment in Shorelight Holdings, LLC, a privately-held company, which we account for as an available-for-sale debt security. As such, the investment is carried at fair value with unrealized holding gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported in other comprehensive income. To the extent any decrease in fair value is the result of a credit impairment - calculated as the difference between the present value of expected cash flows to be generated from the investment and the cost basis, limited to the difference between the fair value and cost basis - such credit impairment charge is recorded to other income (expense), net in our consolidated statement of operations. As of December 31, 2025, the fair value of the investment was \$34.1 million with a total cost basis of \$40.9 million. The fair value of \$34.1 million as of December 31, 2025 includes a non-cash credit-related impairment charge of \$10.4 million. At December 31, 2024, the fair value of the investment was \$62.3 million, with a total cost basis of \$40.9 million. The decrease in fair value in 2025 was driven by a decrease in the projected cash flows of Shorelight, which reflects the current federal regulatory environment in which Shorelight operates.

We have an equity investment in a privately-held hospital-at-home company, which we account for as an equity security without a readily determinable fair value using the measurement alternative. As such, the investment is carried at cost minus impairment, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for the identical or similar investment. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the carrying value of the investment was \$2.4 million and \$7.4 million, respectively, with a total cost basis of \$5.0 million. In the first quarter of 2025, we recognized a non-cash impairment charge of \$4.2 million on our investment based on the valuation anticipated from the hospital-at-home company's merger with a third-party. Upon the completion of the merger in the second quarter of 2025, we recognized an additional \$0.8 million noncash impairment charge based on the final valuation utilized in the merger. The non-cash impairment charges were recorded to other income (expense), net in our consolidated statement of operations.

Refer to Note 13 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on these investments.

We do not use derivative instruments for trading or other speculative purposes. From time to time, we invest excess cash in short-term marketable securities. These investments principally consist of overnight sweep accounts. Due to the short maturity of these investments, we have concluded that we do not have material market risk exposure. Refer to Note 12 "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity" within the notes to our consolidated financial statements for additional information on our derivative instruments.

## **ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA.**

The Company's Consolidated Financial Statements and supplementary data begin on page F-1 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

## **ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE.**

None.

## **ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.**

### **Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Our management, with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act")) as of December 31, 2025. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that, as of December 31, 2025, our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in recording, processing, summarizing and reporting, on a timely basis, information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act, and such information is accumulated and communicated to management as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

### **Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) for the Company. Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed under the supervision of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, and effected by the Company's board of directors, management, and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with GAAP and includes those policies and procedures that:

- (i) Pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- (ii) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
- (iii) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Due to its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In connection with the preparation of this report, our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025 using the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") in *Internal Control – Integrated Framework* (2013). As a result of that evaluation, management concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2025.

### **Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm**

The effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025 has been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report appearing on page F-2 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### **Changes in Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

There has been no change in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the three months ended December 31, 2025 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

## ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION.

### Securities Trading Plans of Directors and Officers

The following table describes contracts, instructions or written plans for the sale or purchase of our securities adopted or terminated by our officers and/or directors during the fourth quarter of 2025, each of which intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c), referred to as Rule 10b5-1 trading plans.

| Name and Title                                                        | Action      | Date of Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plan Action | Scheduled Expiration Date of Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plan | Aggregate Number of Shares to be Sold |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| C. Mark Hussey - Chief Executive Officer, President and Director      | Adoption    | 10/31/2025                              | 10/30/2026                                            | 27,029                                |
| J. Ronald Dail - Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer | Termination | 12/17/2025                              | 5/4/2026                                              | 15,048                                |

During the fourth quarter of 2025, none of our officers or directors adopted or terminated a non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement (as defined in Item 408(c) of Regulation S-K).

## ITEM 9C. DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS.

Not applicable.

## PART III

## ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE.

### Directors, Executive Officers, Promoters and Control Persons

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from portions of our definitive proxy statement for our annual meeting of stockholders to be filed with the SEC pursuant to Regulation 14A by April 30, 2026 (the "Proxy Statement") under "Nominees to Board of Directors" and "Executive Officers."

### Compliance with Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from a portion of the Proxy Statement under "Delinquent Section 16(a) Reports."

### Code of Business Conduct and Ethics

We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the "Code") that is applicable to all of our employees, officers and directors. The Code is available on the Corporate Governance page of our website at [ir.huronconsultinggroup.com](http://ir.huronconsultinggroup.com). If we make any amendments to or grant any waivers from the Code which are required to be disclosed under applicable SEC or Nasdaq rules, we will make such disclosures on our website.

### Corporate Governance

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from portions of the Proxy Statement under "Board Meetings and Committees."

### Insider Trading Policy

We have adopted an Insider Trading policy and procedures governing the purchase, sale and/or other disposition of our securities by directors, officers and employees that we believe are reasonably designed to promote compliance with insider trading laws, rules and regulations and applicable Nasdaq listing standards. A copy of our Insider Trading policy is filed as Exhibit 19.1 with the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

## ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION.

### Executive Compensation

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from a portion of the Proxy Statement under "Executive Compensation" (excluding "Pay Versus Performance").

## Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from a portion of the Proxy Statement under “Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation.”

## Compensation Committee Report

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from a portion of the Proxy Statement under “Compensation Committee Report.”

## ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS.

### Securities Authorized for Issuance Under Equity Compensation Plans

The following table summarizes information with respect to equity compensation plans approved by shareholders as of December 31, 2025. We do not have equity compensation plans that have not been approved by shareholders.

| <b>Plan Category</b>                                   | <b>Number of Shares<br/>to be Issued Upon<br/>Exercise of<br/>Outstanding Options</b> | <b>Weighted Average<br/>Exercise Price of<br/>Outstanding Options</b> | <b>Number of Shares<br/>Remaining Available<br/>for Future Issuance<br/>(excluding shares in<br/>1<sup>st</sup> column)</b> |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Equity compensation plans approved by shareholders:    |                                                                                       |                                                                       |                                                                                                                             |
| 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan <sup>(1)</sup>             | 94,882                                                                                | \$ 88.26                                                              | 1,574,095                                                                                                                   |
| Stock Ownership Participation Program <sup>(2)</sup>   | —                                                                                     | N/A                                                                   | 331,297                                                                                                                     |
| Equity compensation plans not approved by shareholders | N/A                                                                                   | N/A                                                                   | N/A                                                                                                                         |
| <b>Total</b>                                           | <b>94,882</b>                                                                         | <b>\$ 88.26</b>                                                       | <b>1,905,392</b>                                                                                                            |

- (1) Our 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan was approved by our shareholders at our annual meeting held on May 1, 2012. Subsequent to the initial approval and through December 31, 2025, our shareholders have approved amendments to the 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan to increase the number of shares authorized for issuance to 6.3 million shares, in the aggregate.
- (2) Our Stock Ownership Participation Program was approved by our shareholders at our annual meeting held on May 1, 2015. Subsequent to the initial approval and through December 31, 2025, our shareholders have approved amendments to the Stock Ownership Participation Program to increase the number of shares authorized for issuance to 1.1 million shares, in the aggregate.

### Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from a portion of the Proxy Statement under “Stock Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management.”

## ITEM 13. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS, AND DIRECTOR INDEPENDENCE.

### Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from a portion of the Proxy Statement under “Certain Relationships and Related Transactions.”

### Director Independence

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from a portion of the Proxy Statement under “Director Independence.”

## ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES.

The information required by this item is incorporated by reference from a portion of the Proxy Statement under “Audit and Non-Audit Fees.”

## PART IV

### ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES.

#### (a) Documents filed as part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

1. Financial Statements—Our independent registered public accounting firm's report and our Consolidated Financial Statements are listed below and begin on page F-1 of this Form 10-K.  
 Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm  
 Consolidated Balance Sheets  
 Consolidated Statements of Operations and Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)  
 Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity  
 Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows  
 Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

2. Financial Statement Schedules—The financial statement schedules required by this item are included in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes.

3. Exhibit Index

| Exhibit Number | Exhibit Description                                                                                                                                  | Filed herewith | Furnished herewith | Incorporated by Reference    |               |            |             |
|----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
|                |                                                                                                                                                      |                |                    | Form                         | Period Ending | Exhibit    | Filing Date |
| 3.1            | <u>Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, effective May 3, 2024.</u>                                                                     |                |                    | DEF 14A                      |               | Appendix A | 3/22/2024   |
| 3.2            | <u>Amended and Restated Bylaws of Huron Consulting Group Inc. (as amended on May 15, 2023).</u>                                                      |                |                    | 8-K                          |               | 3.2        | 5/19/2023   |
| 4.1            | <u>Specimen Stock Certificate.</u>                                                                                                                   |                |                    | S-1<br>(File No. 333-115434) |               | 4.1        | 10/5/2004   |
| 4.2            | <u>Description of Securities.</u>                                                                                                                    |                |                    | 10-K                         |               | 4.2        | 2/25/2025   |
| 10.1           | <u>Office Lease, dated December 2003, between Union Tower, LLC and Huron Consulting Services LLC (formerly known as Huron Consulting Group LLC).</u> |                |                    | S-1<br>(File No. 333-115434) |               | 10.1       | 10/5/2004   |
| 10.2*          | <u>Huron Consulting Group Inc. Deferred Compensation Plan as Amended and Restated effective January 1, 2009.</u>                                     |                |                    | 10-K                         | 12/31/2008    | 10.12      | 2/24/2009   |
| 10.3*          | <u>Senior Management Agreement by and between Huron Consulting Group Inc. and John D. Kelly.</u>                                                     |                |                    | 8-K                          |               | 10.1       | 1/6/2017    |
| 10.4           | <u>First Amendment to Lease by and between Huron Consulting Services LLC and Union Tower, LLC, dated August 23, 2004.</u>                            |                |                    | 10-K                         | 12/31/2012    | 10.17      | 2/21/2013   |
| 10.5           | <u>Second Amendment to Lease by and between Huron Consulting Services LLC and Union Tower, LLC, dated March 14, 2007.</u>                            |                |                    | 10-K                         | 12/31/2012    | 10.18      | 2/21/2013   |
| 10.6           | <u>Third Amendment to Lease by and between Huron Consulting Services LLC and Union Tower, LLC, dated April 2, 2010.</u>                              |                |                    | 10-K                         | 12/31/2012    | 10.19      | 2/21/2013   |
| 10.7           | <u>Fourth Amendment to Lease by and between Huron Consulting Services LLC and Union Tower, LLC, dated December 31, 2012.</u>                         |                |                    | 8-K                          |               | 10.1       | 1/4/2013    |
| 10.8†          | <u>Fifth Amendment to Lease by and between Huron Consulting Services LLC and Union Tower, LLC, dated December 1, 2013.</u>                           |                |                    | 10-K                         | 12/31/2019    | 10.13      | 2/26/2020   |

| Exhibit Number | Exhibit Description                                                                                                                 | Filed herewith | Furnished herewith | Incorporated by Reference |               |            |             |
|----------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
|                |                                                                                                                                     |                |                    | Form                      | Period Ending | Exhibit    | Filing Date |
| 10.9           | <u>Sixth Amendment to Lease by and between Huron Consulting Services LLC and Onni Van Buren Chicago LLC, dated October 3, 2019.</u> |                |                    | 8-K                       |               | 10.1       | 10/16/2019  |
| 10.10*         | <u>Form of the Huron Consulting Group Inc. 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan Restricted Stock Agreement.</u>                              |                |                    | 10-K                      | 12/31/2012    | 10.20      | 2/21/2013   |
| 10.11*         | <u>Form of the Huron Consulting Group Inc. 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan Performance Stock Unit Agreement.</u>                        |                |                    | 10-K                      | 12/31/2014    | 10.32      | 2/24/2015   |
| 10.12*         | <u>Form of the Huron Consulting Group Inc. 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan Stock Option Agreement.</u>                                  |                |                    | 10-K                      | 12/31/2014    | 10.33      | 2/24/2015   |
| 10.13*         | <u>Form of the Huron Consulting Group Inc. 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan NEO Performance Stock Unit Agreement.</u>                    |                |                    | 10-K                      | 12/31/2014    | 10.34      | 2/24/2015   |
| 10.14*         | <u>Form of the Huron Consulting Group Inc. 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan Restricted Stock Unit Agreement.</u>                         |                |                    | 10-Q                      | 9/30/2021     | 10.1       | 11/2/2021   |
| 10.15*         | <u>Senior Management Agreement by and between Huron Consulting Group Inc. and James R. Dail Jr.</u>                                 |                |                    | 8-K                       |               | 10.1       | 6/7/2022    |
| 10.16*         | <u>Senior Management Agreement by and between Huron Consulting Group Inc. and C. Mark Hussey.</u>                                   |                |                    | 8-K/A                     |               | 10.1       | 12/29/2022  |
| 10.17*         | <u>Huron Consulting Group Inc. Stock Ownership Participation Program, as amended effective November 23, 2022</u>                    |                |                    | 10-K                      | 12/31/2022    | 10.26      | 2/28/2023   |
| 10.18*         | <u>Huron Consulting Group Inc. 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan, as amended and restated effective December 8, 2023.</u>                 |                |                    | 10-K                      | 12/31/2023    | 10.25      | 2/27/2024   |
| 10.19*         | <u>Amendment to Huron Consulting Group Inc. Stock Ownership Participation Program, effective May 3, 2024.</u>                       |                |                    | DEF 14A                   |               | Appendix B | 3/22/2024   |
| 10.20*         | <u>Amendment to Senior Management Agreement by and between Huron Consulting Group Inc. and James H. Roth</u>                        |                |                    | 10-Q                      | 3/31/2024     | 10.1       | 4/30/2024   |
| 10.21*         | <u>Amendment to Huron Consulting Group Inc. 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan Restricted Stock Agreement, effective May 9, 2025.</u>      |                |                    | DEF 14A                   |               | Appendix A | 3/28/2025   |
| 10.22*         | <u>Amendment to Huron Consulting Group Inc. Stock Ownership Participation Program, effective May 9, 2025.</u>                       |                |                    | DEF 14A                   |               | Appendix B | 3/28/2025   |
| 10.23*         | <u>Amendment to Senior Management Agreement by and between Huron Consulting Group Inc. and James R. Dail Jr.</u>                    |                |                    | 10-Q                      | 3/31/2025     | 10.1       | 4/29/2025   |
| 10.24*         | <u>Amendment to Senior Management Agreement by and between Huron Consulting Group Inc. and John D. Kelly</u>                        |                |                    | 10-Q                      | 3/31/2025     | 10.2       | 4/29/2025   |
| 10.25*         | <u>Senior Management Agreement by and between Huron Consulting Group Inc. and Hope Katz</u>                                         |                |                    | 10-Q                      | 3/31/2025     | 10.3       | 4/29/2025   |

| Exhibit Number | Exhibit Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Filed herewith | Furnished herewith | Incorporated by Reference |               |         |             |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---------|-------------|
|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                |                    | Form                      | Period Ending | Exhibit | Filing Date |
| 10.26†         | <u>Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of July 30, 2025, among Huron Consulting Group Inc., as Borrower, certain subsidiaries as Guarantors, the Lenders Party, Hereto and Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent and Collateral Agent, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and PNC Capital Markets, LLC, as Co-Syndication Agents, TD Bank, N.A., Bank of Montreal, Fifth Third Bank, National Association and U.S. Bank National Association as Co-Documentation Agents, and BofA Securities, Inc., JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. and PNC Capital Markets, LLC as Joint Lead Arrangers and Joint Bookrunners.</u> |                |                    | 8-K                       |               | 10.1    | 7/31/2025   |
| 10.27          | <u>Fourth Amended and Restated Security Agreement, dated as of July 30, 2025.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |                |                    | 8-K                       |               | 10.2    | 7/31/2025   |
| 10.28          | <u>Fourth Amended and Restated Pledge Agreement, dated as of July 30, 2025.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                |                    | 8-K                       |               | 10.3    | 7/31/2025   |
| 10.29*         | <u>Senior Management Agreement by and between Huron Consulting Group Inc. and James H. Roth.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | X              |                    |                           |               |         |             |
| 10.30*         | <u>Amendment to Huron Consulting Group Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan, effective December 2, 2025.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | X              |                    |                           |               |         |             |
| 19.1           | <u>Huron Consulting Group Inc.'s Insider Trading Policy.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                |                    | 10-K                      |               | 19.1    | 2/25/2025   |
| 21.1           | <u>List of Subsidiaries of Huron Consulting Group Inc.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | X              |                    |                           |               |         |             |
| 23.1           | <u>Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | X              |                    |                           |               |         |             |
| 31.1           | <u>Certification of the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | X              |                    |                           |               |         |             |
| 31.2           | <u>Certification of the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | X              |                    |                           |               |         |             |
| 32.1           | <u>Certification of the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                | X                  |                           |               |         |             |
| 32.2           | <u>Certification of the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |                | X                  |                           |               |         |             |
| 97.1           | <u>Huron Consulting Group Inc.'s Compensation Clawback Policy, as amended and restated effective February 14, 2025.</u>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                |                    | 10-K                      |               | 97.1    | 2/25/2025   |
| 101.INS        | Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | X              |                    |                           |               |         |             |
| 101.SCH        | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | X              |                    |                           |               |         |             |
| 101.CAL        | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | X              |                    |                           |               |         |             |
| 101.LAB        | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | X              |                    |                           |               |         |             |

| Exhibit<br>Number | Exhibit Description                                                                       | Filed<br>herewith | Furnished<br>herewith | Incorporated by Reference |                  |         |             |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------|-------------|
|                   |                                                                                           |                   |                       | Form                      | Period<br>Ending | Exhibit | Filing Date |
| 101.PRE           | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.                            | X                 |                       |                           |                  |         |             |
| 101.DEF           | Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.                              | X                 |                       |                           |                  |         |             |
| 104               | Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101). | X                 |                       |                           |                  |         |             |

\* Indicates the exhibit is a management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement.

† Pursuant to Regulation S-K 601(b)(10)(iv), certain exhibits to this Exhibit have been omitted. The Company agrees to furnish supplementally to the Securities and Exchange Commission, upon its request, a copy of any or all omitted exhibits.

#### ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

Not applicable.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

|                                                                                                                                                         |                                                 |                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">Huron Consulting Group Inc.</div> <div style="text-align: center;">(Registrant)</div> |                                                 |                    |
| <b><u>Signature</u></b>                                                                                                                                 | <b><u>Title</u></b>                             | <b><u>Date</u></b> |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ C. MARK HUSSEY</div> <div>C. Mark Hussey</div>                                    | Chief Executive Officer, President and Director | 2/24/2026          |

## POWER OF ATTORNEY

KNOW ALL PERSONS BY THESE PRESENTS, that each person whose signature appears below constitutes and appoints C. Mark Hussey, John D. Kelly, and Hope Katz, and each of them, his or her true and lawful attorneys-in-fact and agents, with full power of substitution and resubstitution, for him or her and in his or her name, place and stead, in any and all capacities, to sign any and all amendments to this report, and to file the same, with all and any other regulatory authority, granting unto said attorneys-in-fact and agents, and each of them, full power and authority to do and perform each and every act and thing requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully to all intents and purposes as he or she might or could do in person, hereby ratifying and confirming all that said attorneys-in-fact and agents or any of them, or their substitutes, may lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue hereof.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities indicated.

|                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                         |                    |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| <b><u>Signature</u></b>                                                                                                          | <b><u>Title</u></b>                                                                                     | <b><u>Date</u></b> |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ C. MARK HUSSEY</div> <div>C. Mark Hussey</div>             | Chief Executive Officer, President and Director<br><i>(Principal Executive Officer)</i>                 | 2/24/2026          |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ HUGH E. SAWYER</div> <div>Hugh E. Sawyer</div>             | Non-Executive Chairman of the Board                                                                     | 2/24/2026          |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ JAMES H. ROTH</div> <div>James H. Roth</div>               | Vice Chairman of the Board                                                                              | 2/24/2026          |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ JOHN D. KELLY</div> <div>John D. Kelly</div>               | Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer<br><i>(Principal Financial Officer)</i> | 2/24/2026          |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ KYLE D. FEATHERSTONE</div> <div>Kyle D. Featherstone</div> | Chief Accounting Officer<br><i>(Principal Accounting Officer)</i>                                       | 2/24/2026          |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ JOY T. BROWN</div> <div>Joy T. Brown</div>                 | Director                                                                                                | 2/24/2026          |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ H. EUGENE LOCKHART</div> <div>H. Eugene Lockhart</div>     | Director                                                                                                | 2/24/2026          |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ PETER K. MARKELL</div> <div>Peter K. Markell</div>         | Director                                                                                                | 2/24/2026          |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ JOHN F. MCCARTNEY</div> <div>John F. McCartney</div>       | Director                                                                                                | 2/24/2026          |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ EKTA SINGH-BUSHELL</div> <div>Ekta Singh-Bushell</div>     | Director                                                                                                | 2/24/2026          |
| <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; padding-bottom: 5px;">/s/ DEBRA ZUMWALT</div> <div>Debra Zumwalt</div>               | Director                                                                                                | 2/24/2026          |

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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| <u>Consolidated Balance Sheets at December 31, 2025 and 2024</u>                                                                  | F-4         |
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## **Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm**

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Huron Consulting Group Inc.

### ***Opinions on the Financial Statements and Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Huron Consulting Group Inc. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of operations and other comprehensive income, of stockholders' equity and of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2025, including the related notes (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). We also have audited the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO).

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2025 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the Company maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2025, based on criteria established in *Internal Control - Integrated Framework* (2013) issued by the COSO.

### ***Basis for Opinions***

The Company's management is responsible for these consolidated financial statements, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting appearing under Item 9A. Our responsibility is to express opinions on the Company's consolidated financial statements and on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects.

Our audits of the consolidated financial statements included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

### ***Definition and Limitations of Internal Control over Financial Reporting***

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### ***Critical Audit Matters***

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (i) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (ii) involved our especially challenging, subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of

critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below, providing a separate opinion on the critical audit matter or on the accounts or disclosures to which it relates.

#### *Revenue Recognition - Fixed-Fee and Performance-Based Billing Arrangements*

As described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company's total consolidated revenues were \$1.7 billion for the year ended December 31, 2025, which included a portion related to revenue from fixed-fee billing arrangements and a portion related to revenue from performance-based billing arrangements. Under fixed-fee billing arrangements, the Company agrees to a pre-established fee in exchange for a predetermined set of professional services and revenue is recognized based on work completed to date versus management's estimates of the total services to be provided under the engagement. Under performance-based billing arrangements, fees are tied to the attainment of contractually defined objectives and revenue is recognized based on an estimate of variable consideration and work completed to date versus management's estimates of the total services to be provided under the engagement. Variable consideration is estimated using either the expected value method or the most likely amount method, as appropriate, net of a constraint to limit the amount that could be reversed when the uncertainty is resolved.

The principal considerations for our determination that performing procedures relating to revenue recognition under fixed-fee and performance-based billing arrangements is a critical audit matter are (i) the significant judgment by management when developing the estimates of revenue to be recognized for these billing arrangements and (ii) a high degree of auditor judgment, subjectivity, and effort in performing procedures and evaluating management's significant assumptions related to estimating the total services to be provided for fixed-fee and performance-based billing arrangements and estimating variable consideration in performance-based billing arrangements.

Addressing the matter involved performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the consolidated financial statements. These procedures included testing the effectiveness of controls relating to the revenue recognition process under fixed-fee and performance-based billing arrangements. These procedures also included, among others, for a sample of open engagements (i) testing management's process for developing the estimated total services to be provided and (ii) evaluating the reasonableness of the significant assumptions used by management specific to each engagement related to estimating total services to be provided. Evaluating the reasonableness of the assumptions related to estimating the total services to be provided involved considering (i) management's historical forecasting accuracy; (ii) evidence to support the relevant aforementioned assumptions; and (iii) evaluating performance to date to assess the reasonableness of the estimate of total services to be provided. Additionally, for performance-based billing arrangements, procedures included, among others, for a sample of open engagements evaluating the reasonableness of management's estimate of variable consideration, including (i) the necessity of applying a constraint; (ii) evaluating performance to date towards the attainment of contractually defined objectives; and (iii) trends in past performance.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Chicago, Illinois  
February 24, 2026

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2002.

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(In thousands, except share and per share amounts)

|                                                                                                                      | December 31,<br>2025 | December 31,<br>2024 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                                                                                                        |                      |                      |
| Current assets:                                                                                                      |                      |                      |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                                                            | \$ 24,508            | \$ 21,911            |
| Receivables from clients, net of allowances of \$10,519 and \$11,575, respectively                                   | 186,506              | 197,771              |
| Unbilled services, net of allowances of \$3,384 and \$2,203, respectively                                            | 195,464              | 160,017              |
| Income tax receivable                                                                                                | 8,430                | 1,355                |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets                                                                            | 33,676               | 28,063               |
| Total current assets                                                                                                 | 448,584              | 409,117              |
| Property and equipment, net                                                                                          | 23,472               | 21,678               |
| Deferred income taxes, net                                                                                           | 3,563                | 2,546                |
| Long-term investments, net of allowances of \$10,382 and \$0, respectively                                           | 36,433               | 69,712               |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets                                                                                  | 20,027               | 19,176               |
| Other non-current assets                                                                                             | 134,781              | 116,569              |
| Intangible assets, net                                                                                               | 72,927               | 26,076               |
| Goodwill                                                                                                             | 786,896              | 678,743              |
| Total assets                                                                                                         | <u>\$ 1,526,683</u>  | <u>\$ 1,343,617</u>  |
| <b>Liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>                                                                          |                      |                      |
| Current liabilities:                                                                                                 |                      |                      |
| Accounts payable                                                                                                     | \$ 12,354            | \$ 11,539            |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities                                                                       | 38,117               | 26,768               |
| Accrued payroll and related benefits                                                                                 | 266,950              | 247,579              |
| Current maturities of long-term debt                                                                                 | 20,000               | 13,750               |
| Current maturities of operating lease liabilities                                                                    | 14,304               | 12,315               |
| Deferred revenues                                                                                                    | 31,708               | 26,869               |
| Total current liabilities                                                                                            | 383,433              | 338,820              |
| Non-current liabilities:                                                                                             |                      |                      |
| Deferred compensation and other liabilities                                                                          | 63,316               | 42,481               |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion                                                                               | 489,665              | 342,857              |
| Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion                                                                  | 24,371               | 29,686               |
| Deferred income taxes, net                                                                                           | 37,269               | 28,446               |
| Total non-current liabilities                                                                                        | 614,621              | 443,470              |
| <b>Commitments and contingencies</b>                                                                                 |                      |                      |
| <b>Stockholders' equity</b>                                                                                          |                      |                      |
| Common stock; \$0.01 par value; 500,000,000 shares authorized; 20,465,234 and 20,780,928 shares issued, respectively | 205                  | 208                  |
| Treasury stock, at cost, 3,269,301 and 3,065,633 shares, respectively                                                | (189,989)            | (160,093)            |
| Additional paid-in capital                                                                                           | 87,885               | 177,673              |
| Retained earnings                                                                                                    | 636,693              | 531,653              |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)                                                                        | (6,165)              | 11,886               |
| Total stockholders' equity                                                                                           | 528,629              | 561,327              |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity                                                                           | <u>\$ 1,526,683</u>  | <u>\$ 1,343,617</u>  |

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.*

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

|                                                                          | Year Ended December 31, |              |              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                                                          | 2025                    | 2024         | 2023         |
| <b>Revenues:</b>                                                         |                         |              |              |
| Revenues before reimbursable expenses                                    | \$ 1,662,836            | \$ 1,486,085 | \$ 1,362,060 |
| Reimbursable expenses                                                    | 36,307                  | 35,720       | 36,695       |
| Total revenues                                                           | 1,699,143               | 1,521,805    | 1,398,755    |
| <b>Operating expenses:</b>                                               |                         |              |              |
| Direct costs (exclusive of depreciation and amortization included below) | 1,122,429               | 1,010,077    | 942,697      |
| Reimbursable expenses                                                    | 36,301                  | 35,715       | 36,766       |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses                             | 318,015                 | 286,655      | 257,932      |
| Other losses (gains), net                                                | 3,072                   | (14,196)     | (444)        |
| Restructuring charges                                                    | 9,136                   | 9,913        | 11,550       |
| Depreciation and amortization                                            | 31,620                  | 24,822       | 24,906       |
| Total operating expenses                                                 | 1,520,573               | 1,352,986    | 1,273,407    |
| Operating income                                                         | 178,570                 | 168,819      | 125,348      |
| <b>Other income (expense), net:</b>                                      |                         |              |              |
| Interest expense, net of interest income                                 | (34,197)                | (25,347)     | (19,573)     |
| Other income (expense), net                                              | (9,293)                 | 10,544       | (21,880)     |
| Total other income (expense), net                                        | (43,490)                | (14,803)     | (41,453)     |
| Income before taxes                                                      | 135,080                 | 154,016      | 83,895       |
| Income tax expense                                                       | 30,040                  | 37,390       | 21,416       |
| Net income                                                               | \$ 105,040              | \$ 116,626   | \$ 62,479    |
| <b>Earnings per share:</b>                                               |                         |              |              |
| Net income per basic share                                               | \$ 6.02                 | \$ 6.52      | \$ 3.32      |
| Net income per diluted share                                             | \$ 5.84                 | \$ 6.27      | \$ 3.19      |
| Weighted average shares used in calculating earnings per share:          |                         |              |              |
| Basic                                                                    | 17,445                  | 17,894       | 18,832       |
| Diluted                                                                  | 17,991                  | 18,613       | 19,601       |
| <b>Comprehensive income (loss):</b>                                      |                         |              |              |
| Net income                                                               | \$ 105,040              | \$ 116,626   | \$ 62,479    |
| Foreign currency translation adjustments, net of tax                     | 1,690                   | (3,391)      | 512          |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on investment, net of tax                         | (15,041)                | (4,177)      | 7,811        |
| Unrealized loss on cash flow hedging instruments, net of tax             | (4,700)                 | (3,373)      | (3,615)      |
| Other comprehensive income (loss)                                        | (18,051)                | (10,941)     | 4,708        |
| Comprehensive income                                                     | \$ 86,989               | \$ 105,685   | \$ 67,187    |

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.*

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY**  
(In thousands, except share amounts)

|                                               | Common Stock      |               | Treasury Stock     |                    | Additional<br>Paid-In<br>Capital | Retained<br>Earnings | Accumulated<br>Other<br>Comprehensive<br>Income (Loss) | Stockholders'<br>Equity |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
|                                               | Shares            | Amount        | Shares             | Amount             |                                  |                      |                                                        |                         |
| <b>Balance at December 31, 2022</b>           | 22,231,593        | \$ 223        | (2,953,147)        | \$(137,556)        | \$ 318,706                       | \$ 352,548           | \$ 18,119                                              | \$ 552,040              |
| Comprehensive income                          |                   |               |                    |                    |                                  | 62,479               | 4,708                                                  | 67,187                  |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with:  |                   |               |                    |                    |                                  |                      |                                                        |                         |
| Restricted stock awards, net of cancellations | 338,173           | 3             | 124,216            | 5,956              | (5,959)                          |                      |                                                        | —                       |
| Exercise of stock options                     | 51,266            | 1             |                    |                    | 2,523                            |                      |                                                        | 2,524                   |
| Purchase of business                          | 16,337            | —             |                    |                    | 1,646                            |                      |                                                        | 1,646                   |
| Share-based compensation                      |                   |               |                    |                    | 43,658                           |                      |                                                        | 43,658                  |
| Shares redeemed for employee tax withholdings |                   |               | (146,390)          | (10,536)           |                                  |                      |                                                        | (10,536)                |
| Share repurchases                             | (1,461,815)       | (15)          |                    |                    | (123,612)                        |                      |                                                        | (123,627)               |
| <b>Balance at December 31, 2023</b>           | <u>21,175,554</u> | <u>\$ 212</u> | <u>(2,975,321)</u> | <u>\$(142,136)</u> | <u>\$ 236,962</u>                | <u>\$ 415,027</u>    | <u>\$ 22,827</u>                                       | <u>\$ 532,892</u>       |
| Comprehensive income                          |                   |               |                    |                    |                                  | 116,626              | (10,941)                                               | 105,685                 |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with:  |                   |               |                    |                    |                                  |                      |                                                        |                         |
| Restricted stock awards, net of cancellations | 587,152           | 6             | 81,446             | 4,128              | (4,134)                          |                      |                                                        | —                       |
| Exercise of stock options                     | 32,986            | —             |                    |                    | 1,832                            |                      |                                                        | 1,832                   |
| Purchases of businesses                       | 185,069           | 2             |                    |                    | 20,849                           |                      |                                                        | 20,851                  |
| Share-based compensation                      |                   |               |                    |                    | 44,237                           |                      |                                                        | 44,237                  |
| Shares redeemed for employee tax withholdings |                   |               | (223,800)          | (22,085)           |                                  |                      |                                                        | (22,085)                |
| Other capital contributions                   |                   |               |                    |                    | 113                              |                      |                                                        | 113                     |
| Share repurchases                             | (1,218,434)       | (12)          |                    |                    | (122,186)                        |                      |                                                        | (122,198)               |
| <b>Balance at December 31, 2024</b>           | <u>20,762,327</u> | <u>\$ 208</u> | <u>(3,117,675)</u> | <u>\$(160,093)</u> | <u>\$ 177,673</u>                | <u>\$ 531,653</u>    | <u>\$ 11,886</u>                                       | <u>\$ 561,327</u>       |
| Comprehensive income                          |                   |               |                    |                    |                                  | 105,040              | (18,051)                                               | 86,989                  |
| Issuance of common stock in connection with:  |                   |               |                    |                    |                                  |                      |                                                        |                         |
| Restricted stock awards, net of cancellations | 555,578           | 6             | 68,801             | 3,672              | (3,678)                          |                      |                                                        | —                       |
| Exercise of stock options                     | 84,953            | 1             |                    |                    | 5,087                            |                      |                                                        | 5,088                   |
| Purchases of businesses                       | 223,745           | 2             |                    |                    | 29,205                           |                      |                                                        | 29,207                  |
| Share-based compensation                      |                   |               |                    |                    | 45,759                           |                      |                                                        | 45,759                  |
| Shares redeemed for employee tax withholdings |                   |               | (222,568)          | (33,568)           |                                  |                      |                                                        | (33,568)                |
| Share repurchases                             | (1,166,077)       | (12)          |                    |                    | (166,161)                        |                      |                                                        | (166,173)               |
| <b>Balance at December 31, 2025</b>           | <u>20,460,526</u> | <u>\$ 205</u> | <u>(3,271,442)</u> | <u>\$(189,989)</u> | <u>\$ 87,885</u>                 | <u>\$ 636,693</u>    | <u>\$ (6,165)</u>                                      | <u>\$ 528,629</u>       |

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.*

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(In thousands)

|                                                                                              | Year Ended December 31, |            |           |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------|
|                                                                                              | 2025                    | 2024       | 2023      |
| <b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>                                                 |                         |            |           |
| Net income                                                                                   | \$ 105,040              | \$ 116,626 | \$ 62,479 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash flows from operating activities:             |                         |            |           |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                                | 32,429                  | 25,300     | 24,938    |
| Non-cash lease expense                                                                       | 6,767                   | 6,065      | 6,321     |
| Lease-related impairment charges                                                             | 738                     | 3,513      | 6,248     |
| Share-based compensation                                                                     | 46,512                  | 45,074     | 45,697    |
| Amortization of debt discount and issuance costs                                             | 1,147                   | 1,078      | 769       |
| Allowances for doubtful accounts                                                             | 942                     | 3,073      | 421       |
| Deferred income taxes                                                                        | 10,880                  | 2,613      | (6,182)   |
| (Gains) losses on sale of property and equipment                                             | 132                     | (101)      | (64)      |
| Gain on sale of businesses, excluding transaction costs                                      | —                       | (4,309)    | —         |
| Change in fair value of contingent consideration liabilities                                 | 2,952                   | (533)      | (490)     |
| Change in fair value of preferred stock investment                                           | 5,014                   | —          | 26,262    |
| Credit-related impairment charge on convertible debt investment                              | 10,382                  | —          | —         |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and divestiture:            |                         |            |           |
| (Increase) decrease in receivables from clients, net                                         | 16,904                  | (30,496)   | (15,046)  |
| (Increase) decrease in unbilled services, net                                                | (31,827)                | 31,123     | (49,051)  |
| (Increase) decrease in current income tax receivable / payable, net                          | (7,797)                 | 5,412      | (5,139)   |
| (Increase) decrease in other assets                                                          | (12,579)                | (8,153)    | (6,535)   |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilities                                | (6,253)                 | (12,228)   | (6,948)   |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued payroll and related benefits                                  | 9,330                   | 16,370     | 51,022    |
| Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues                                                     | 2,681                   | 892        | 560       |
| Net cash provided by operating activities                                                    | 193,394                 | 201,319    | 135,262   |
| <b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>                                                 |                         |            |           |
| Purchases of property and equipment                                                          | (10,437)                | (8,651)    | (9,444)   |
| Investments in life insurance policies                                                       | (3,241)                 | (2,594)    | (3,074)   |
| Distributions from life insurance policies                                                   | —                       | —          | 2,956     |
| Purchases of businesses, net of cash acquired                                                | (111,630)               | (49,503)   | (1,613)   |
| Capitalization of internally developed software costs                                        | (20,647)                | (23,932)   | (25,742)  |
| Proceeds from note receivable                                                                | 154                     | 154        | 154       |
| Proceeds from sale of property and equipment                                                 | 50                      | 102        | 111       |
| Proceeds from divestitures of businesses                                                     | —                       | 4,675      | —         |
| Net cash used in investing activities                                                        | (145,751)               | (79,749)   | (36,652)  |
| <b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>                                                 |                         |            |           |
| Proceeds from exercises of stock options                                                     | 5,087                   | 1,832      | 2,524     |
| Shares redeemed for employee tax withholdings                                                | (33,568)                | (22,085)   | (10,536)  |
| Share repurchases                                                                            | (166,725)               | (123,006)  | (122,757) |
| Proceeds from bank borrowings                                                                | 1,108,000               | 743,500    | 354,000   |
| Repayments of bank borrowings                                                                | (954,688)               | (709,813)  | (320,000) |
| Payments for debt issuance costs                                                             | (3,100)                 | (1,446)    | (58)      |
| Deferred payments on business acquisition                                                    | (36)                    | (617)      | (1,500)   |
| Net cash used in financing activities                                                        | (45,030)                | (111,635)  | (98,327)  |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash                                                      | (16)                    | (173)      | 32        |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents                                                    | 2,597                   | 9,762      | 315       |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period                                         | 21,911                  | 12,149     | 11,834    |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period                                               | \$ 24,508               | \$ 21,911  | \$ 12,149 |
| <b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:</b>                                     |                         |            |           |
| Non-cash investing and financing activities:                                                 |                         |            |           |
| Property and equipment expenditures and capitalized software included in current liabilities | \$ 6,417                | \$ 5,016   | \$ 5,156  |
| Common stock issued related to purchases of businesses                                       | \$ 29,207               | \$ 20,851  | \$ 1,646  |
| Contingent consideration accrued related to purchases of businesses                          | \$ 20,251               | \$ 36      | \$ 374    |
| Note receivable issued related to divestiture of business                                    | \$ —                    | \$ 2,250   | \$ —      |
| Share repurchases included in current liabilities                                            | \$ —                    | \$ 636     | \$ 1,030  |
| Excise tax on net share repurchases included in current liabilities                          | \$ 616                  | \$ 533     | \$ 947    |

*The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.*

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

## **1. Description of Business**

Huron is a global professional services firm that partners with clients to put possible into practice by creating sound strategies, optimizing operations, accelerating digital transformation, and empowering businesses to own their future. By embracing diverse perspectives, encouraging new ideas and challenging the status quo, we create sustainable results for the organizations we serve.

We provide our services and products and manage our business under three operating segments - Healthcare, Education, and Commercial - which aligns our business by industry. The Commercial segment includes all industries outside of healthcare and education, including, but not limited to, financial services, industrials and manufacturing, energy and utilities, and the public sector. We also provide revenue reporting across two principal capabilities: i) Consulting and Managed Services and ii) Digital, which are methods by which we deliver our services and products.

See Note 19 "Segment Information" for a discussion of our three segments.

## **2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

### **Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation**

The accompanying consolidated financial statements reflect the financial position at December 31, 2025 and 2024, and the results of operations and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023.

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Huron Consulting Group Inc. and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly-owned. All intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts that are reported in the consolidated financial statements and accompanying disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

### **Revenue Recognition**

We generate substantially all of our revenues from providing professional services to our clients. We also generate revenues from software support and maintenance and subscriptions to our cloud-based analytic tools and solutions; software licenses; speaking engagements; conferences; and publications. A single contract could include one or multiple performance obligations. For those contracts that have multiple performance obligations, we allocate the total transaction price to each performance obligation based on its relative standalone selling price, which is determined based on our overall pricing objectives, taking into consideration market conditions and other factors.

Revenue is recognized when control of the goods and services provided are transferred to our customers and in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods and services using the following steps: 1) identify the contract, 2) identify the performance obligations, 3) determine the transaction price, 4) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract, and 5) recognize revenue as or when we satisfy the performance obligations.

We generate our revenues under four types of billing arrangements: fixed-fee; time-and-expense; performance-based; and software support, maintenance and subscriptions.

- **Fixed-fee:** In fixed-fee billing arrangements, we agree to a pre-established fee in exchange for a predetermined set of professional services. We set the fees based on our estimates of the costs and timing for completing the engagements. Fixed-fee billing arrangements may include multiple performance obligations, including consulting services, coaching services, software licenses, speaking engagements, conferences, and publications. We generally recognize revenues under fixed-fee billing arrangements for consulting services using a proportionate performance approach, which is based on work completed to date versus our estimates of the total services to be provided under the engagement. Revenues from certain performance obligations, such as coaching services and software products, are generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the length of the contract. Revenues from software licenses, speaking engagements, conferences and publications, are generally recognized at the time the goods or services are provided. Estimates of engagement revenues recognized and the related cost of services are monitored regularly during the term of the engagement.

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)**

- **Time-and-expense:** Under time-and-expense billing arrangements, we invoice our clients based on the number of hours worked by our revenue-generating professionals at agreed upon rates. Time-and-expense arrangements also include a portion of our Healthcare managed services contracts and certain speaking engagements, conferences, and publications purchased outside of a fixed-fee billing arrangement. We recognize revenues under time-and-expense arrangements as the related services or publications are provided, using the right to invoice practical expedient which allows us to recognize revenue in the amount that we have a right to invoice based on the number of hours worked and the agreed upon hourly rates or the value of the speaking engagements, conferences or publications purchased by our clients.
- **Performance-based:** In performance-based billing arrangements, fees are tied to the attainment of contractually defined objectives. We enter into performance-based engagements in essentially two forms. First, we generally earn fees that are directly related to the savings formally acknowledged by the client as a result of adopting our recommendations for improving operational and cost effectiveness in the areas we review. Second, we earn a success fee when and if certain predefined outcomes occur. We recognize revenue under performance-based billing arrangements using the following steps: 1) estimate variable consideration using either the expected value method or the most likely amount method, as appropriate 2) apply a constraint to the estimated variable consideration to limit the amount that could be reversed when the uncertainty is resolved (the “constraint”), and 3) recognize revenue of estimated variable consideration, net of the constraint, based on work completed to date versus our estimates of the total services to be provided under the engagement.
- **Software support, maintenance and subscriptions:** We generate subscription revenue from our cloud-based analytic tools and solutions including our cloud-based revenue cycle management software and research administration and compliance software. Additionally, clients that have purchased one of our software licenses can pay an annual fee for software support and maintenance. Software support, maintenance and subscription revenues are recognized ratably over the support or subscription period. These fees are generally billed in advance and included in deferred revenues until recognized as revenue.

Provisions are recorded for the estimated realization adjustments on all engagements, including engagements for which fees are subject to review by the bankruptcy courts.

Reimbursable expenses that are billed to clients, primarily relating to travel and out-of-pocket expenses incurred in connection with client engagements, are included in total revenues and reimbursable expenses. Reimbursable expenses are recognized as expenses in the period in which the expense is incurred.

The payment terms and conditions in our customer contracts vary. Differences between the timing of billings and the recognition of revenue are recognized as either unbilled services or deferred revenues in the consolidated balance sheets. Revenues recognized for services performed but not yet billed to clients are recorded as unbilled services. Revenues recognized, but for which we are not yet entitled to bill because certain events, such as the completion of the measurement period or client approval, must occur, are recorded as contract assets and included within unbilled services. Client prepayments and retainers are classified as deferred revenues and recognized over future periods as earned in accordance with the applicable engagement agreement.

#### **Capitalized Sales Commissions**

Sales commissions earned by our sales professionals are considered incremental and recoverable costs of obtaining a contract with a customer. Sales commissions with an expected amortization period greater than one year are deferred and amortized on a systematic basis that is consistent with the revenue recognition model for the associated contract. We elected to apply the practical expedient to expense sales commissions as incurred when the expected amortization period is one year or less. Amortization expense is recorded to direct costs. During the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, we amortized \$0.5 million, \$0.3 million, and \$0.2 million, respectively, of capitalized sales commissions. Unamortized sales commissions were \$0.6 million and \$0.5 million as of December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

#### **Allowances for Doubtful Accounts and Unbilled Services**

We maintain allowances for doubtful accounts and unbilled services based on several factors, including the estimated cash realization from amounts due from clients, an assessment of a client's ability to make required payments, and the historical percentages of fee adjustments and write-offs by age of receivables and unbilled services. The allowances are assessed by management on a regular basis. These estimates may differ from actual results. If the financial condition of a client deteriorates in the future, impacting the client's ability to make payments, an increase to our allowance might be required or our allowance may not be sufficient to cover actual write-offs.

We record the provision for doubtful accounts and unbilled services as a reduction in revenue. To the extent we write-off accounts receivable due to a client's inability to pay, the charge is recognized as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses.

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

**Direct Costs**

Direct costs primarily consist of payroll costs for our revenue-generating professionals which includes salaries, performance bonuses, share-based compensation, signing and retention bonuses, payroll taxes and benefits. Direct costs also include fees paid to independent contractors that we retain to supplement our revenue-generating professionals, typically on an as-needed basis for specific client engagements, as well as technology costs, product and event costs, and commissions. Direct costs exclude reimbursable expenses and amortization of intangible assets and software development costs, both of which are separately presented in our consolidated statements of operations. Direct costs are expensed in the period incurred.

**Cash and Cash Equivalents**

We consider all highly liquid investments, including overnight investments and commercial paper, with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

**Concentrations of Credit Risk**

To the extent receivables from clients become delinquent, collection activities commence. No single client balance is considered large enough to pose a material credit risk. The allowances for doubtful accounts and unbilled services are based upon the expected ability to collect accounts receivable and bill and collect unbilled services. Management does not anticipate incurring losses on accounts receivable and unbilled services in excess of established allowances. See Note 19 "Segment Information" for concentration of accounts receivable and unbilled services.

We hold our cash in accounts at multiple third-party financial institutions. These deposits, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. We review the credit ratings of these financial institutions, regularly monitor the cash balances in these accounts, and adjust the balances as appropriate. However, these cash balances could be impacted if the underlying financial institutions fail or are subject to other adverse conditions in the financial markets.

**Long-term Investments**

Our long-term investments consist of our convertible debt investment in Shorelight Holdings, LLC ("Shorelight") and equity investment in a hospital-at-home company.

We classified the convertible debt investment in Shorelight as available-for-sale at the time of purchase and reevaluate such classification as of each balance sheet date. The investment is carried at fair value with unrealized holding gains and losses reported in other comprehensive income. If the investment is in an unrealized loss position due to significant credit deterioration of the investee, we recognize an allowance to decrease the carrying value of the investment to the fair value, which may be reversed in the event that the credit of an issuer improves. In the event there are realized gains and losses or credit allowances recognized, we will record the amount in earnings. See Note 13 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" for additional information on our convertible debt investment in Shorelight, including the net unrealized losses and credit allowances recognized in 2025.

We classified the equity investment in the hospital-at-home company as an equity security without a readily determinable value at the time of purchase and reevaluate such classification as of each balance sheet date. We elected to apply the measurement alternative at the time of purchase and will continue to do so until the investment does not qualify to be so measured. Under the measurement alternative, the investment is carried at cost minus impairment, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for an identical or similar investment in the company. On a quarterly basis, we review the information available to determine whether an orderly and observable transaction for the same or similar equity instrument occurred or if factors indicate that a significant decrease in value has occurred. We remeasure to the fair value of the equity investment using such identified information with changes in the fair value recorded in our consolidated statement of operations. See Note 13 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" for additional information on our equity investment, including the cumulative unrealized losses recognized since our initial investment and the impairment loss recognized in 2025.

**Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

See Note 13 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" for the accounting policies used to measure the fair value of our financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

**Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment is recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation, and depreciated using the straight-line method over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset or the lease term. Software, computers, and related equipment are depreciated over a useful life of

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two to four years. Furniture and fixtures are depreciated over a useful life of five years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the estimated useful life of the asset or the initial term of the lease.

### **Leases**

We determine if an arrangement contains a lease and the classification of such lease at inception. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, all of our material leases are classified as operating leases; we have not entered into any material finance leases. For all operating leases with an initial term greater than 12 months, we recognize an operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") asset and operating lease liability. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet; we recognize lease expense for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Operating lease ROU assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at the lease commencement date and provided by the administrative agent for our senior secured credit facility in determining the present value of lease payments. Operating lease ROU assets exclude lease incentives. We elected the practical expedient to combine lease and nonlease components. Certain lease agreements contain variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate. These variable lease payments are not included in the calculation of the operating lease ROU asset and operating lease liability; instead, they are expensed as incurred. Our leases may contain options to extend or terminate the lease, and we include these terms in our calculation of the operating lease ROU asset and operating lease liability when it is reasonably certain that we will exercise the option.

Operating lease expense is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term and recorded within selling, general and administrative expenses on our consolidated statement of operations. Lease expense incurred related to previously vacated office spaces and lease impairment charges are recorded to restructuring expenses on our consolidated statement of operations. In accordance with our accounting policy for impairment of long-lived assets, operating lease ROU assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset group to which the operating lease ROU asset is assigned may not be recoverable. We evaluate the recoverability of the asset group based on forecasted undiscounted cash flows. See Note 5 "Leases" and Note 11 "Restructuring Charges" for additional information on our leases, including the lease impairment charges recorded in 2025, 2024 and 2023.

### **Software Development Costs**

We capitalize internal and external software development costs related to our cloud computing applications and software for internal use, which we account for in accordance with ASC 350-40: *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other, Internal-Use Software*; and related to software products that will be sold, leased, or marketed, which we account for in accordance with ASC 985: *Software-Costs of Software to be Sold, Leased, or Marketed*. These capitalized costs are included as a component of other non-current assets on our consolidated balance sheet and the related amortization is recorded to depreciation and amortization on our consolidated statements of operations.

Under ASC 350-40, we capitalize software development costs incurred during the application development stage. Costs related to preliminary project activities and post implementation activities are expensed as incurred. Once the project is substantially complete and ready for its intended use, these costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the technology's estimated useful life. Acquired technology assets are initially recorded at fair value and amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life. As of December 31, 2025, gross capitalized internal-use software development costs and related accumulated amortization was \$109.7 million and \$38.7 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, gross capitalized internal-use software development costs and related accumulated amortization was \$94.3 million and \$33.8 million, respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, we amortized \$9.5 million, \$7.6 million, and \$6.5 million, respectively, of such software development costs.

Under ASC 985, software development costs are expensed until technological feasibility has been established. Thereafter, and until the software is available for general release to customers, these software development costs are capitalized and subsequently reported at the lower of unamortized cost or net realizable value. These capitalized development costs are amortized in proportion to current and future revenue for each product with an annual minimum equal to the straight-line amortization over the remaining estimated economic life of the product. As of December 31, 2025, gross capitalized software development costs related to software products that will be sold, leased or otherwise marketed and related accumulated amortization was \$0.9 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, gross capitalized software development costs related to software products that will be sold, leased or otherwise marketed and related accumulated amortization was \$0.7 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. During both of the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, we amortized \$0.1 million of such capitalized costs. We did not capitalize any material development costs for this type of software during 2023.

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**Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement**

We incur costs to implement cloud computing arrangements that are service contracts. We capitalize certain costs associated with the implementation of the cloud computing arrangements, including employee payroll and related benefits and third party consulting costs, incurred during the application development stage of a project. These costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the hosting service contracts, including renewal periods we are reasonably certain to exercise, and recognized as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses on our consolidated statement of operations. As of December 31, 2025, gross capitalized implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement and related accumulated amortization was \$8.7 million and \$3.9 million, respectively. As of December 31, 2024, gross capitalized implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement and related accumulated amortization was \$7.7 million and \$3.0 million, respectively. During the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 we recognized amortization of our capitalized implementation costs of \$0.9 million, \$0.8 million and \$0.7 million, respectively. Our capitalized implementation costs primarily relate to the implementation of a new ERP system. In January 2021, we successfully went live with the new ERP system, and we continue to progress with additional functionality and integrations. These capitalized costs are included as a component of prepaid expenses and other current assets and other non-current assets on our consolidated balance sheet.

**Intangible Assets Other Than Goodwill**

Identifiable intangible assets are amortized over their expected useful lives using a method that reflects the economic benefit expected to be derived from the assets or on a straight-line basis. We evaluate the recoverability of intangible assets periodically by considering events or circumstances that may warrant revised estimates of useful lives or that indicate the asset may be impaired.

**Impairment of Long-Lived Assets**

Long-lived assets, including property and equipment, right-of-use assets, and intangible assets, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset group may not be recoverable. Events relating to recoverability may include significant unfavorable changes in business conditions, recurring losses, or a significant decline in forecasted operating results over an extended period of time. We evaluate the recoverability of long-lived assets based on forecasted undiscounted cash flows. See Note 5 "Leases" and Note 11 "Restructuring Charges" for information on our operating lease ROU asset impairment charges recorded in 2025, 2024, and 2023 and fixed asset impairment charges recorded in 2024 and 2023. No material impairment charges for other long-lived assets were recorded in 2025, 2024, or 2023.

**Goodwill**

For acquisitions accounted for as a business combination, goodwill represents the excess of the cost over the fair value of the net assets acquired. We are required to test goodwill for impairment, at the reporting unit level, annually and when events or circumstances indicate the fair value of a reporting unit may be below its carrying value. We perform our annual goodwill impairment test as of November 30 and monitor for interim triggering events on an ongoing basis. A reporting unit is an operating segment or one level below an operating segment (referred to as a component) to which goodwill is assigned when initially recorded. We assign goodwill to reporting units based on our integration plans and the expected synergies resulting from the acquisition. As of December 31, 2025, we have three reporting units: Healthcare, Education, and Commercial.

In 2025, we performed the annual goodwill impairment test as of November 30, 2025, pursuant to our policy, and determined that no impairment of goodwill existed as of that date. Further, we evaluated whether any events have occurred, or any circumstances have changed since November 30, 2025 that would indicate goodwill may have become impaired since our annual impairment test. Based on our evaluation as of December 31, 2025, we determined that no indications of impairment have arisen since our annual goodwill impairment test.

In 2024 and 2023, we performed the annual goodwill impairment tests as of November 30, 2024 and November 30, 2023, respectively, pursuant to our policy, and determined that no impairment of goodwill existed at each of those dates.

See Note 4 "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" for additional information on our 2025 and 2024 annual goodwill impairment tests.

**Business Combinations**

We use the acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. Each acquired company's operating results are included in our consolidated financial statements starting on the date of acquisition. The purchase price is equivalent to the fair value of consideration transferred. The contract assets and contract liabilities acquired are recorded at the value calculated under *Topic 606: Revenue from Contracts with Customers* as if we had entered into the original contract at the same date and on the same terms as the acquired company. On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, we may elect to apply the practical expedients available under *ASC 805: Business Combinations* to aggregate the effect of contract modifications that occur prior to acquisition and to determine the standalone selling price of the performance

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obligations in the contracts as of the acquisition date. Applying these practical expedients in the acquisitions completed in 2025 and 2024 had an immaterial impact on our consolidated financial statements. All other tangible assets and identifiable intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at fair value as of the acquisition date. Goodwill is recognized for the excess of purchase price over the net value of tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

Contingent consideration, which is primarily based on the business achieving certain performance targets, is recognized at its fair value on the acquisition date, and changes in fair value are recognized in other losses (gains), net in our consolidated statement of operations for that period. The changes in fair value are not allocated at the segment level because the underlying liability is reflective of our corporate investment in the segments. The carrying value of our contingent consideration liabilities is recorded in our consolidated balance sheets in accrued expenses and other current liabilities or deferred compensation and other liabilities based on the expected timing of payment. In our consolidated statements of cash flows, we classify as cash outflows from financing activities the amount of contingent consideration paid up to the initial fair value of contingent consideration liability recorded as of the acquisition date. Any amounts paid above the initial fair value is classified as a cash outflow from operating activities.

Refer to Note 3 "Acquisitions and Divestiture" for additional information on our business acquisitions and refer to Note 13 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" for additional information regarding our contingent acquisition liability balances.

### **Income Taxes**

Current tax liabilities and assets are recognized for the estimated taxes payable or refundable, respectively, on the tax returns for the current year. We have elected to recognize the tax expense related to Global Intangible Low-Taxed Income ("GILTI") as a current period expense when incurred. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. To the extent that deferred tax assets will not likely be recovered from future taxable income, a valuation allowance is established against such deferred tax assets. Refer to Note 17 "Income Taxes" for further information regarding incomes taxes.

### **Share-Based Compensation**

Share-based compensation cost is measured based on the grant date fair value of the respective awards. We generally recognize share-based compensation ratably using the straight-line attribution method; however, for those awards with performance criteria and graded vesting features, we use the graded vesting attribution method. It is our policy to account for forfeitures as they occur. Refer to Note 16 "Equity Incentive Plan" for further information regarding share-based compensation.

### **Sponsorship and Advertising Costs**

Sponsorship and advertising costs are expensed as incurred. Such expenses for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 totaled \$11.5 million, \$10.2 million, and \$7.3 million, respectively, and are a component of selling, general and administrative expenses on our consolidated statement of operations.

### **Debt Issuance Costs**

We amortize the costs we incur to obtain debt financing over the contractual life of the related debt using the effective interest method for non-revolving debt and the straight-line method for revolving debt. The amortization expense is included in interest expense, net of interest income in our statement of operations. Unamortized debt issuance costs attributable to our senior secured term loan facility are included as a discount to the term loan. Unamortized debt issuance costs attributable to our senior secured revolving credit facility are included as a component of other non-current assets.

### **Foreign Currency**

Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries whose functional currency is not the United States Dollar (USD) are translated into USD using the exchange rates in effect at period end. Revenue and expense items are translated using the average exchange rates for the period. Foreign currency translation adjustments are included in accumulated other comprehensive income, which is a component of stockholders' equity.

Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are included in other income (expense), net on the consolidated statement of operations. We recognized \$0.2 million of foreign currency transaction losses in 2025, \$2.1 million of foreign currency transaction gains in 2024, and \$0.5 million of foreign currency transaction losses in 2023.

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## **Segment Reporting**

Segments are defined as components of a company that engage in business activities from which they may earn revenues and incur expenses, and for which separate financial information is available and is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision-making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. As of December 31, 2025, our chief operating decision maker manages the business under three operating segments, which are our reportable segments: Healthcare, Education, and Commercial.

See Note 19 "Segment Information" for additional information on our reportable segments.

## **New Accounting Pronouncements**

### **Recently Adopted**

On December 14, 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2023-09, *Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures*, which updates annual income tax disclosures by requiring disclosure of specific categories in the rate reconciliation, as well as disclosure of income taxes paid disaggregated by jurisdiction. We adopted ASU 2023-09 for the year ended December 31, 2025 on a retrospective basis, resulting in additional disclosures with no impact on our consolidated financial statements. See Note 17 "Income Taxes" for the additional disclosures made related to income taxes.

### **Not Yet Adopted**

On November 4, 2024, the FASB issued ASU 2024-03, *Income Statement-Reporting Comprehensive Income-Expense Disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses*, which is intended to enhance transparency of the nature and function of expenses, primarily through additional disclosures of certain cost and expenses. ASU 2024-03 will be effective for our annual reporting periods beginning with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2027 and for interim reporting periods beginning in fiscal year 2028, with early adoption permitted, and is required to be applied prospectively with the option of retrospective application. We expect the adoption of this ASU will have no impact on our financial position or our results of operations, but will result in additional disclosures.

On July 30, 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-05, *Financial Instruments - Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses for Accounts Receivable and Contract Assets For Private Companies and Certain Not-For-Profit Entities (PCC)*, which provides a practical expedient for public business entities to simplify the measurement of credit losses for certain receivables and contract assets. ASU 2025-05 will be effective for our annual reporting periods beginning with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2026, with early adoption permitted, and is required to be applied prospectively. We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

On September 18, 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-06, *Intangibles - Goodwill and Other - Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Internal-Use Software*, which amends the guidance in ASC 350-40, Intangibles-Goodwill and Other-Internal-Use Software. The amendments modernize the recognition and disclosure framework for internal-use software costs, removing the previous "development stage" model and introducing a more judgment-based approach. ASU 2025-06 will be effective for our annual reporting periods beginning with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2028, with early adoption permitted, and may be applied prospectively, retrospectively, or via a modified prospective transition method. We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

On November 25, 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-09, *Derivatives and Hedging (Topic 815): Hedge Accounting Improvements*, which includes amendments to more closely align hedge accounting with the economics of an entity's risk management activities. ASU 2025-09 will be effective for our annual reporting periods beginning with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2028, with early adoption permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

On December 8, 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-11, *Interim Reporting (Topic 270): Narrow-Scope Improvements*, which clarifies the guidance in Topic 270 to improve the consistency of interim financial reporting. The ASU provides a comprehensive list of required interim disclosures and introduces a disclosure principle requiring entities to disclose events since the end of the last annual reporting period that have a material impact on the entity. ASU 2025-11 will be effective for our annual reporting periods beginning with the fiscal year ending December 31, 2028, including interim periods within those fiscal years, with early adoption permitted. We are currently evaluating the impact this guidance will have on our consolidated financial statements.

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### 3. Acquisitions and Divestiture

#### 2025 Acquisitions

- **Advancement Resources:** On March 1, 2025, we acquired 100% of the ownership interests of Advancement Resources, a research-based, philanthropy-focused professional education services firm. The results of operations of Advancement Resources are included within our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of our Education segment as of the acquisition date.
- **Halpin Partnership Limited:** On March 17, 2025, we completed the acquisition of certain assets and liabilities of Halpin Partnership Limited ("Halpin"), a U.K.-based management consultancy specializing in higher education fundraising, governance, and strategy. The results of operations of Halpin are included within our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of our Education segment as of the acquisition date.
- **Eclipse Insights LLC:** On June 24, 2025, we completed the acquisition of certain assets and liabilities of Eclipse Insights LLC ("Eclipse Insights"), a revenue cycle consulting firm dedicated to helping healthcare organizations maximize revenue and improve cash flow. The results of operations of Eclipse Insights are included within our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of our Healthcare segment as of the acquisition date.
- **TVG-Treliant Holdings, LLC:** On July 11, 2025, we acquired 100% of the membership interests of TVG-Treliant Holdings, LLC. ("Treliant"), an advisory and managed services firm that provides expertise to the financial services industry in navigating regulatory requirements. The results of operations of Treliant are included within our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of our Commercial segment as of the acquisition date.
- **Wilson Perumal and Company, Inc.:** On September 1, 2025, we acquired 100% of the ownership interests of Wilson Perumal and Company, Inc. ("WP&C"), a strategy and operations consulting firm specializing in managing complexity to drive organization efficiency, increase profitability, and improve growth rates. The results of operations of WP&C are included within our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of our Commercial segment as of the acquisition date.
- **AXIOM Systems Consulting Services, Inc.:** On November 1, 2025, we acquired 100% of the ownership interests of AXIOM Systems Consulting Services, Inc. ("AXIOM"), the payor consulting services division of a healthcare information technology firm that specializes in core administration systems and digital transformation for payors and payor-provider organizations. The results of operations of AXIOM are included within our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of our Healthcare segment as of the acquisition date.

The current acquisition date values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Treliant acquisition are considered preliminary and are based on the information that was available as of the date of the acquisition. We believe that the information provides a reasonable basis for estimating the preliminary values of assets acquired and liabilities assumed but certain items, such as the working capital adjustments, among other items, may be subject to change as additional information is received. Thus, the provisional measurements of assets acquired, including goodwill, and liabilities assumed related to the acquisitions of Treliant are subject to change. We expect to finalize the valuation as soon as practicable, but not later than one year from the acquisition date. We finalized the measurements of assets acquired and liabilities assumed related to the Advancement Resources, Halpin, Eclipse Insights, WP&C and AXIOM acquisitions during 2025.

The aggregate fair value of consideration transferred for all acquisitions completed in 2025 was \$159.7 million, which consisted of \$110.2 million in cash (inclusive of net working capital and other proceeds adjustments), \$29.2 million in Huron common stock, and \$20.3 million in the acquisition date fair value of contingent consideration liabilities. Refer to Note 13 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" for additional information on our contingent consideration liabilities. Refer to Note 4 "Goodwill and Intangible Assets" for additional information on the goodwill and intangibles acquired. No other significant assets or liabilities were acquired in connection with these acquisitions.

For 2025, we recognized total revenues of \$36.9 million, in the aggregate, from our acquisitions completed in 2025. Of the \$36.9 million total revenues recognized, \$12.8 million was related to our acquisition of Eclipse Insights completed in June 2025; \$12.7 million was related to our acquisition of Treliant completed in July 2025; and \$11.4 million was related to the remaining acquisitions completed in 2025. We determined that it is impractical to determine the amount of earnings generated by the acquisitions, individually or in the aggregate, for 2025 due to the integration of operations after the acquisition date.

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**2024 Acquisitions**

- **Vlami Software Solutions, Inc.:** On January 1, 2024, we completed the acquisition of the data analytics services team of Vlami Software Solutions, Inc. ("Vlami"). The results of operations of Vlami are included within our consolidated financial statements as of the acquisition date and allocated among our Education and Commercial segments based on the engagements delivered by the business.
- **Grenzebach Glier and Associates, Inc.:** On March 1, 2024, we completed the acquisition of Grenzebach Glier and Associates, Inc. ("GG+A"), a philanthropic management consulting firm that helps education institutions and other nonprofit organizations build and accelerate the philanthropic programs, in order to expand our philanthropic consulting offerings. The results of operations of GG+A are included within our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of our Education segment as of the acquisition date.
- **AXIA Consulting, Inc.:** On December 2, 2024, we acquired 100% of the ownership interests of AXIA Consulting, Inc. ("AXIA Consulting"), a provider of supply chain-focused consulting and technology solutions, in order to expand our supply chain consulting and Oracle supply chain management (SCM) offerings and broaden our Microsoft capabilities. The results of operations of AXIA Consulting are included within our consolidated financial statements and allocated among our three operating segments based on the engagements delivered by the business.

The acquisitions of Vlami, GG+A, and AXIA Consulting are not significant to our consolidated financial statements individually or in the aggregate as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024. We finalized the measurements of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Vlami and GG+A acquisitions in 2024 and the AXIA Consulting acquisition in the first quarter of 2025.

**2024 Divestiture**

On December 31, 2024, we completed the divestiture of our Studer Education practice within our Healthcare segment. In connection with the sale, we recorded a \$3.6 million pretax gain which is included in other income (expense), net on our consolidated statement of operations. The Studer Education practice was not significant to our consolidated financial statements and did not qualify as a discontinued operation for reporting under GAAP.

**2023 Acquisition**

- **Roundtable Analytics, Inc.:** On September 1, 2023, we completed the acquisition of Roundtable Analytics, Inc. ("Roundtable"), a healthcare analytics company. The results of operations of Roundtable are included within our consolidated financial statements and results of operations of our Healthcare segment from the date of the acquisition.

The acquisition of Roundtable was not significant to our consolidated financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023. We finalized the measurements of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Roundtable acquisition in 2023.

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**4. Goodwill and Intangible Assets**

The table below sets forth the changes in the carrying amount of goodwill by reportable segment for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

|                                                                              | Healthcare        | Education         | Commercial        | Total             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2023:</b>                                      |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Goodwill                                                                     | \$ 644,983        | \$ 123,652        | \$ 312,968        | \$ 1,081,603      |
| Accumulated impairment losses                                                | (190,024)         | (1,417)           | (264,451)         | (455,892)         |
| <b>Goodwill, net as of December 31, 2023</b>                                 | <b>\$ 454,959</b> | <b>\$ 122,235</b> | <b>\$ 48,517</b>  | <b>\$ 625,711</b> |
| Goodwill recorded in connection with a business combination <sup>(1)</sup>   | 869               | 22,476            | 32,134            | 55,479            |
| Goodwill allocated to disposal of business <sup>(2)</sup>                    | (2,300)           | —                 | —                 | (2,300)           |
| Foreign currency translation                                                 | —                 | (147)             | —                 | (147)             |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2024:</b>                                      |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Goodwill                                                                     | \$ 643,552        | \$ 145,981        | \$ 345,102        | \$ 1,134,635      |
| Accumulated impairment losses                                                | (190,024)         | (1,417)           | (264,451)         | (455,892)         |
| <b>Goodwill, net as of December 31, 2024</b>                                 | <b>\$ 453,528</b> | <b>\$ 144,564</b> | <b>\$ 80,651</b>  | <b>\$ 678,743</b> |
| Goodwill recorded in connection with business combinations <sup>(1)(3)</sup> | 58,072            | 6,219             | 43,652            | 107,943           |
| Foreign currency translation                                                 | —                 | 231               | (21)              | 210               |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2025:</b>                                      |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Goodwill                                                                     | \$ 701,624        | \$ 152,431        | \$ 388,733        | \$ 1,242,788      |
| Accumulated impairment losses                                                | (190,024)         | (1,417)           | (264,451)         | (455,892)         |
| <b>Goodwill, net as of December 31, 2025:</b>                                | <b>\$ 511,600</b> | <b>\$ 151,014</b> | <b>\$ 124,282</b> | <b>\$ 786,896</b> |

- (1) See Note 3 “Acquisitions and Divestiture” for additional information on business combinations completed in 2025, 2024 and 2023.
- (2) In 2024, we completed the divestiture of our Studer Education practice within our Healthcare segment, and allocated a portion of goodwill within the Healthcare segment to the disposed practice based on the relative fair values of Studer Education and the remaining segment. The allocated goodwill of \$2.3 million was written off and included in the gain on sale of Studer Education. The sale of Studer Education did not meet the criteria for reporting separately as discontinued operations. In connection with the sale, we recorded a \$3.6 million pretax gain which is included in other income (expense), net in our consolidated statements of operations.
- (3) Of the \$107.9 million of goodwill recorded in 2025, \$53.8 million related to the acquisition of Eclipse Insights within our Healthcare segment; \$27.2 million related to the acquisition of Treliant within our Commercial segment; \$16.5 million related to the acquisition of WP&C within our Commercial segment; and \$10.4 million related to the remaining acquisitions completed in 2025. Goodwill is recognized for the excess of purchase price over the net fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, and largely reflects the expanded market opportunities expected from combining the service offerings of Huron and the businesses acquired, as well as the assembled workforces of businesses acquired. The current acquisition date fair value of goodwill acquired in the Treliant acquisition is considered preliminary and is based on the information that was available as of the date of the acquisition. Of the \$107.9 million of goodwill recorded in 2025, \$98.7 million is expected to be tax deductible.

**2025 Annual Goodwill Impairment Test**

Pursuant to our policy, we performed our annual goodwill impairment test as of November 30, 2025 for our three reporting units: Healthcare, Education, and Commercial. We performed a qualitative assessment over all reporting units to determine if it was more likely than not the respective fair values of these reporting units were less than their carrying amounts, including goodwill.

For our qualitative assessment, we considered the most recent quantitative analysis performed for each reporting unit, which was as of November 30, 2024, including the key assumptions used within that analysis, the indicated fair values, and the amount by which those fair values exceeded their carrying amounts. One of the key assumptions used within the prior quantitative analysis was our internal financial projections; therefore, we considered the actual performance of each reporting unit during 2025 compared to the internal financial projections used, as well as specific outlooks for each reporting unit based on our most recent internal financial projections. We also reviewed the current carrying value of each reporting unit in comparison to the carrying values as of the prior quantitative analysis. In addition, we considered various factors, including macroeconomic conditions, relevant industry and market trends for each reporting unit, and other entity-specific events, that could indicate a potential change in the fair value of our reporting units or the composition of their carrying values. Based on our

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assessments, we determined that it was more likely than not that the fair values for each of our reporting units exceeded their respective carrying amounts. As such, the goodwill for our reporting units was not considered impaired as of November 30, 2025, and a quantitative goodwill impairment analysis was not necessary.

Further, we evaluated whether any events have occurred or any circumstances have changed since November 30, 2025 that would indicate goodwill may have become impaired since our annual impairment test. Based on our evaluation as of December 31, 2025, we determined that no indications of impairment have arisen since our annual goodwill impairment test.

The results of an impairment analysis are as of a point in time. There is no assurance that the actual future earnings or cash flows of our reporting units will be consistent with our projections. We will monitor any changes to our assumptions and will evaluate goodwill as deemed warranted during future periods. Any significant decline in our operations could result in non-cash goodwill impairment charges.

**2024 Annual Goodwill Impairment Test**

Pursuant to our policy, we performed our annual goodwill impairment test as of November 30, 2024 for our three reporting units: Healthcare, Education, and Commercial. We elected to bypass the qualitative assessment and utilized a quantitative goodwill impairment test to provide an updated fair value for each reporting unit as of the previous valuation quantitative analysis performed was as of January 1, 2022.

We reviewed goodwill for impairment by comparing the fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying value, including goodwill. In estimating the fair value of the reporting unit, we relied on a combination of the income approach and the market approach utilizing the guideline company method, with a fifty-fifty weighting. Based on the results of the goodwill impairment test, we determined the fair value of the Healthcare, Education, and Commercial reporting units exceeded their carrying value by approximately 105%, 185%, and 335%, respectively. As such, we concluded that there is no indication of goodwill impairment for these three reporting units.

**Intangible Assets**

Intangible assets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 consisted of the following:

|                            |                         | As of December 31,          |                             |                             |                             |
|----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
|                            |                         | 2025                        |                             | 2024                        |                             |
|                            | Useful Life<br>in Years | Gross<br>Carrying<br>Amount | Accumulated<br>Amortization | Gross<br>Carrying<br>Amount | Accumulated<br>Amortization |
| Customer relationships     | 4 to 10                 | \$ 86,467                   | \$ 17,384                   | \$ 30,683                   | \$ 9,790                    |
| Technology and software    | 2 to 5                  | 17,970                      | 14,591                      | 16,230                      | 12,771                      |
| Trade names                | 6                       | 6,000                       | 6,000                       | 6,000                       | 6,000                       |
| Customer contracts         | 2 to 4                  | 1,489                       | 1,397                       | 1,483                       | 418                         |
| Non-competition agreements | 2 to 5                  | 1,070                       | 697                         | 1,260                       | 601                         |
| Total                      |                         | <u>\$ 112,996</u>           | <u>\$ 40,069</u>            | <u>\$ 55,656</u>            | <u>\$ 29,580</u>            |

We acquired intangible assets related to our acquisitions of \$58.1 million and \$14.6 million during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively. Of the \$58.1 million of intangible assets acquired, \$27.6 million relates to our acquisition of Eclipse Insights and includes \$25.5 million for customer relationships and \$2.1 million for technology and software. The acquired customer relationships and technology and software intangible assets have an estimated useful life of 10 years and 5 years, respectively. Also included in the \$58.1 million of intangible assets acquired in 2025 is \$19.1 million for the Treliant customer relationships intangible asset, which has an estimated useful life of 10 years. During the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, we wrote-off \$0.9 million and \$42.4 million, respectively, of fully amortized intangible assets no longer in use; which primarily consisted of customer relationships.

Identifiable intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over their estimated useful lives using either an accelerated or straight-line basis to correspond to the cash flows expected to be derived from the assets. Intangible assets amortization expense was \$11.3 million, \$6.5 million, and \$8.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively.

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The table below sets forth the estimated annual amortization expense for the intangible assets recorded as of December 31, 2025.

| Year Ending December 31, | Estimated<br>Amortization Expense |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 2026                     | \$ 15,564                         |
| 2027                     | \$ 13,504                         |
| 2028                     | \$ 11,854                         |
| 2029                     | \$ 9,297                          |
| 2030                     | \$ 7,055                          |

Actual future amortization expense could differ from these estimated amounts as a result of future acquisitions, dispositions, and other factors.

## 5. Leases

We lease office space, data centers and certain equipment under operating leases expiring on various dates through 2033, with various renewal options that can extend the lease terms by one to ten years. Our operating leases include fixed payments plus, in some cases, scheduled base rent increases over the term of the lease. Certain leases require variable payments of real estate taxes, insurance and operating expenses. We exclude these variable payments from the measurements of our lease liabilities and expense them as incurred. We elected the practical expedient to combine lease and nonlease components. No lease agreements contain any residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. As of December 31, 2025, we have not entered into any material finance leases. We sublease certain office spaces to third parties resulting from restructuring activities in certain locations.

### **Lease Impairment Charges**

Operating lease right-of-use ("ROU") assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the asset group to which the operating lease ROU asset is assigned may not be recoverable. First, we test the asset group for recoverability by comparing the undiscounted cash flows of the asset group, which include expected future lease and nonlease payments related to the lease agreement offset by expected sublease income, to the carrying amount of the asset group. If the first step of the long-lived asset impairment test concludes that the carrying amount of the asset group is not recoverable, we perform the second step of the long-lived asset impairment test by comparing the fair value of the asset group to its carrying amount and recognizing a lease impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the fair value. To estimate the fair value of the asset group, we rely on a discounted cash flow approach using market participant assumptions of the expected cash flows and discount rate.

During the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 we recognized non-cash lease-related impairment charges of \$0.7 million, \$3.5 million, and \$6.3 million, respectively.

#### 2025

During 2025, we recognized a \$0.7 million lease-related impairment charge on the operating lease ROU asset related to our previously vacated office space in Lexington, Massachusetts. This impairment charge was driven by updated sublease assumptions for the office space.

#### 2024

During 2024 we exited our office space previously occupied by GG+A and a portion of our office space in New York, New York, resulting in non-cash impairment charges of \$2.7 million, of which \$2.0 million was allocated to the operating lease ROU assets and \$0.7 million was allocated to the related fixed assets based on their relative carrying amounts. Additionally, in 2024, we recognized \$0.8 million of lease-related impairment charges driven by updated sublease assumptions for our previously vacated office spaces in Lexington, Massachusetts; and Lake Oswego, Oregon. Of the \$0.8 million, \$0.7 million was allocated to the fixed assets related to the office spaces and \$0.1 million was allocated to the operating lease ROU assets based on their relative carrying amounts.

#### 2023

During 2023, we exited our office spaces in Hillsboro, Oregon and Lexington, Massachusetts, resulting in non-cash impairment charges of \$5.4 million, of which \$4.0 million was allocated to the operating lease ROU assets and \$1.4 million was allocated to the related fixed assets based on their relative carrying amounts. Additionally, in 2023, we recognized \$0.9 million of lease-related impairment charges driven by updated sublease assumptions for our previously vacated office spaces in Hillsboro, Oregon; New York, New York; and Lake Oswego, Oregon. Of the \$0.9 million, \$0.5 million was allocated to the fixed assets related to the office spaces and \$0.4 million was allocated to the operating lease ROU assets based on their relative carrying amounts.

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See Note 11 “Restructuring Charges” for additional information on our restructuring activities.

Additional information on our operating leases as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 follows.

| <b>Balance Sheet</b>                                | <b>As of December 31,</b> |                  |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
|                                                     | <b>2025</b>               | <b>2024</b>      |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets                 | \$ 20,027                 | \$ 19,176        |
| Current maturities of operating lease liabilities   | \$ 14,304                 | \$ 12,315        |
| Operating lease liabilities, net of current portion | 24,371                    | 29,686           |
| <b>Total lease liabilities</b>                      | <b>\$ 38,675</b>          | <b>\$ 42,001</b> |

| <b>Lease Cost</b>                    | <b>Year Ended December 31,</b> |                  |                  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
|                                      | <b>2025</b>                    | <b>2024</b>      | <b>2023</b>      |
| Operating lease cost                 | 8,143                          | \$ 7,939         | \$ 8,514         |
| Short-term lease cost <sup>(1)</sup> | 1,698                          | 565              | 608              |
| Variable lease costs                 | 5,648                          | 4,935            | 3,908            |
| Sublease income                      | (3,609)                        | (2,446)          | (2,157)          |
| <b>Net lease cost<sup>(2)</sup></b>  | <b>11,880</b>                  | <b>\$ 10,993</b> | <b>\$ 10,873</b> |

(1) Includes variable lease costs related to short-term leases.

(2) Net lease cost includes \$2.9 million, \$2.2 million and \$1.8 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively, recorded as restructuring charges as they relate to vacated office spaces. See Note 11 “Restructuring Charges” for additional information on our vacated office spaces.

The table below summarizes the remaining expected lease payments under our operating leases as of December 31, 2025.

| <b>Future Lease Payments</b>                        | <b>December 31,<br/>2025</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 2026                                                | \$ 15,780                    |
| 2027                                                | 10,987                       |
| 2028                                                | 7,674                        |
| 2029                                                | 5,295                        |
| 2030                                                | 1,595                        |
| Thereafter                                          | 512                          |
| <b>Total operating lease payments</b>               | <b>\$ 41,843</b>             |
| Less: imputed interest                              | (3,168)                      |
| <b>Present value of operating lease liabilities</b> | <b>\$ 38,675</b>             |

| <b>Other Information</b>                                                                 | <b>Year Ended December 31,</b> |             |             |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
|                                                                                          | <b>2025</b>                    | <b>2024</b> | <b>2023</b> |
| Cash paid for operating lease liabilities                                                | \$ 14,886                      | \$ 13,458   | \$ 13,107   |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for operating lease liabilities | \$ 8,619                       | \$ 4,286    | \$ 4,678    |
| Weighted average remaining lease term - operating leases                                 | 3.3 years                      | 3.7 years   | 4.5 years   |
| Weighted average discount rate - operating leases                                        | 4.8%                           | 4.3 %       | 4.4 %       |

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**6. Property and Equipment, Net**

Depreciation expense for property and equipment was \$10.7 million, \$10.6 million, and \$10.2 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively. Additionally, during the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, we recognized \$0.8 million, \$0.5 million and less than \$0.1 million of accelerated depreciation expense for fixed assets related to vacated office spaces, respectively. This accelerated depreciation expense is included as a component of restructuring charges. See Note 11 “Restructuring Charges” for additional information on our restructuring charges incurred in 2025, 2024 and 2023. Property and equipment, net at December 31, 2025 and 2024 consisted of the following:

|                                            | <b>As of December 31,</b> |                  |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
|                                            | <b>2025</b>               | <b>2024</b>      |
| Computers, related equipment, and software | \$ 29,165                 | \$ 32,383        |
| Leasehold improvements                     | 32,328                    | 32,254           |
| Furniture and fixtures                     | 8,615                     | 8,665            |
| Assets under construction                  | 793                       | 1,617            |
| Property and equipment                     | 70,901                    | 74,919           |
| Accumulated depreciation                   | (47,429)                  | (53,241)         |
| Property and equipment, net                | <u>\$ 23,472</u>          | <u>\$ 21,678</u> |

**7. Financing Arrangements**

In July 2025, the Company entered into the Fourth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the “Amended Credit Agreement”), which amended and restated, in its entirety, the Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement (the “Existing Credit Agreement”). The Amended Credit Agreement established a \$700 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the “Revolver”) and a \$400 million senior secured term loan facility (the “Term Loan”), both of which fully mature on July 30, 2030. The Term Loan is subject to scheduled quarterly amortization payments of \$5.0 million which began September 30, 2025 and continue through the maturity date of July 30, 2030, at which time the outstanding principal balance and all accrued interest will be due.

As of December 31, 2025, we had total borrowings outstanding under our Amended Credit Agreement of \$511.0 million, consisting of \$121.0 million outstanding under the Revolver and \$390.0 million outstanding under the Term Loan. A summary of the scheduled maturities of those borrowings follows:

|      | <b>Scheduled Maturities of Long-Term Debt</b> |         |
|------|-----------------------------------------------|---------|
| 2026 | \$                                            | 20,000  |
| 2027 | \$                                            | 20,000  |
| 2028 | \$                                            | 20,000  |
| 2029 | \$                                            | 20,000  |
| 2030 | \$                                            | 431,000 |

Borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement may be used for working capital, capital expenditures, share repurchases, permitted acquisitions, and other general corporate purposes. The initial borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement were used to reduce current borrowings outstanding under the Existing Credit Agreement.

The Amended Credit Agreement provides the option to increase the revolving credit facility or establish additional term loan facilities in an aggregate amount up to \$500 million with further increases permitted to the extent the Pro Forma Consolidated Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement) remains at or below 3.00 to 1.00 following such incremental borrowings, subject to customary conditions and the approval of any lender whose commitment would be increased. These increases result in an available principal amount of \$1.6 billion under the Amended Credit Agreement, with further increases permitted.

Fees and interest on borrowings under the Amended Credit Agreement will vary based on our Consolidated Leverage Ratio (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement). At our option, these borrowings will bear interest at one, three or six month Term SOFR or an alternate base rate, in each case plus the applicable margin. The applicable margin will fluctuate between 1.250% per annum and 1.875% per annum, in the case of Term SOFR borrowings, or between 0.250% per annum and 0.875% per annum, in the case of base rate loans, based upon our Consolidated Leverage Ratio at such time.

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Amounts borrowed under the Amended Credit Agreement may be prepaid at any time without premium or penalty. We are required to prepay the amounts outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement in certain circumstances, including upon an Event of Default (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement). In addition, we have the right to permanently reduce or terminate the unused portion of the commitments provided under the Amended Credit Agreement at any time.

The loans and obligations under the Amended Credit Agreement are secured pursuant to a Fourth Amended and Restated Security Agreement and a Third Amended and Restated Pledge Agreement (the "Pledge Agreement") with Bank of America, N.A. as collateral agent, pursuant to which the Company and the subsidiary guarantors grant Bank of America, N.A., for the ratable benefit of the lenders under the Amended Credit Agreement, a first-priority lien, subject to permitted liens, on substantially all of the personal property assets of the Company and the subsidiary guarantors, and a pledge of 100% of the stock or other equity interests in all domestic subsidiaries and 65% of the stock or other equity interests in each "material first-tier foreign subsidiary" (as defined in the Pledge Agreement) entitled to vote and 100% of the stock or other equity interests in each material first-tier foreign subsidiary not entitled to vote.

The Amended Credit Agreement contains usual and customary representations and warranties; affirmative and negative covenants, which include limitations on liens, investments, additional indebtedness, and restricted payments; and two quarterly financial covenants as follows: (i) a maximum Consolidated Leverage Ratio (defined as the ratio of debt to consolidated EBITDA) of 3.75 to 1.00; however the maximum permitted Consolidated Leverage Ratio will increase to 4.25 to 1.00 upon the occurrence of a Qualified Acquisition (as defined in the Amended Credit Agreement), and (ii) a minimum Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio (defined as the ratio of consolidated EBITDA to interest) of 3.00 to 1.00. Consolidated EBITDA for purposes of the financial covenants is calculated on a continuing operations basis and includes adjustments to add back non-cash goodwill impairment charges, share-based compensation costs, certain non-cash restructuring charges, pro forma historical EBITDA for businesses acquired, and other specified items in accordance with the Amended Credit Agreement. For purposes of the Consolidated Leverage Ratio, total debt is on a gross basis and is not netted against our cash balances. At December 31, 2025, we were in compliance with these financial covenants with a Consolidated Leverage Ratio of 1.93 to 1.00 and a Consolidated Interest Coverage Ratio of 8.12 to 1.00.

A summary of the carrying amounts of our debt follows:

|                                                          | December 31,<br>2025 | December 31,<br>2024 |
|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Revolver                                                 | \$ 121,000           | \$ 93,000            |
| Term Loan                                                | 390,000              | 264,687              |
| Unamortized debt issuance costs - Term Loan <sup>1</sup> | (1,335)              | (1,080)              |
| Total long-term debt                                     | 509,665              | 356,607              |
| Current maturities of long-term debt                     | (20,000)             | (13,750)             |
| Long-term debt, net of current portion                   | \$ 489,665           | \$ 342,857           |

- (1) We recognized a \$1.5 million discount to the Term Loan for debt issuance costs in connection with the Amended Credit Facility. These debt issuance costs will be amortized to interest expense using an effective interest rate of 5.95% over the term of the Term Loan. Unamortized debt issuance costs related to the Revolver are included as a component of other non-current assets and amortized to interest expense using the straight-line method over the term of the Revolver.

Borrowings outstanding under the Amended Credit Agreement as of December 31, 2025 carried a weighted average interest rate of 5.3%. Borrowings outstanding under the Existing Credit Agreement as of December 31, 2024 carried a weighted average interest rate of 4.7%. Both weighted average interest rates include the effect of the interest rate swaps described in Note 12 "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity." Cash paid for interest was \$34.3 million, \$33.3 million, and \$27.0 million for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

The borrowing capacity under the Revolver is reduced by any outstanding borrowings under the Revolver and outstanding letters of credit. At December 31, 2025, we had outstanding letters of credit totaling \$0.4 million, which are used as security deposits for our office facilities. As of December 31, 2025, the unused borrowing capacity under the Revolver was \$578.6 million.

## 8. Capital Structure

### Preferred Stock

We are authorized to issue up to 50,000,000 shares of preferred stock. Our certificate of incorporation authorizes our board of directors, without any further stockholder action or approval, to issue these shares in one or more classes or series, to establish from time to time the number of shares to be included in each class or series, and to fix the rights, preferences and privileges of the shares of each wholly

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unissued class or series and any of its qualifications, limitations or restrictions. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, no such preferred stock has been approved or issued.

### **Common Stock**

We are authorized to issue up to 500,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$.01 per share. The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote for each share held of record on each matter submitted to a vote of stockholders. Subject to the rights and preferences of the holders of any series of preferred stock that may at the time be outstanding, holders of common stock are entitled to such dividends as our board of directors may declare. In the event of any liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of our affairs, after payment of all of our debts and liabilities and subject to the rights and preferences of the holders of any series of preferred stock that may at the time be outstanding, holders of common stock will be entitled to receive the distribution of any of our remaining assets.

### **9. Revenues**

For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 we recognized total revenues of \$1.70 billion, \$1.52 billion, and \$1.40 billion, respectively. Of the \$1.70 billion total revenues recognized in 2025, we recognized revenues of \$33.1 million from obligations satisfied, or partially satisfied, in prior periods, of which \$31.0 million was primarily due to changes in the estimates of our variable consideration under performance-based billing arrangements and \$2.1 million was primarily due to the release of allowances on receivables from clients and unbilled services. Of the \$1.52 billion total revenues recognized in 2024, we recognized revenues of \$26.3 million from obligations satisfied, or partially satisfied, in prior periods, of which \$22.8 million was primarily due to changes in the estimates of our variable consideration under performance-based billing arrangements and \$3.5 million was primarily due to the release of allowances on receivables from clients and unbilled services. Of the \$1.40 billion total revenues recognized in 2023, we recognized revenues of \$10.9 million from obligations satisfied, or partially satisfied, in prior periods, of which \$9.6 million was primarily due to changes in the estimates of our variable consideration under performance-based billing arrangements and \$1.3 million was primarily due to the release of allowances on receivables from clients and unbilled services.

As of December 31, 2025, we had \$293.5 million of remaining performance obligations under engagements with original expected durations greater than one year. These remaining performance obligations exclude variable consideration which has been excluded from the total transaction price due to the constraint and performance obligations under time-and-expense engagements which are recognized in the amount invoiced. Of the \$293.5 million of performance obligations, we expect to recognize approximately \$110.7 million as revenue in 2026, \$73.4 million in 2027, and the remaining \$109.4 million thereafter. Actual revenue recognition could differ from these amounts as a result of changes in the estimated timing of work to be performed, adjustments to estimated variable consideration in performance-based arrangements, or other factors.

### **Contract Assets and Liabilities**

The payment terms and conditions in our customer contracts vary. Differences between the timing of billings and the recognition of revenue are recognized as either unbilled services or deferred revenues in the consolidated balance sheets.

Unbilled services include revenues recognized for services performed but not yet billed to clients. Services performed that we are not yet entitled to bill because certain events, such as the completion of the measurement period or client approval in performance-based engagements, must occur are recorded as contract assets and included within unbilled services, net. The contract asset balance, net as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 was \$91.7 million and \$60.1 million, respectively. The \$31.6 million increase primarily reflects timing differences between the completion of our performance obligations and the amounts billed or billable to clients in accordance with their contractual billing terms.

Client prepayments and retainers are classified as deferred revenues and recognized over future periods in accordance with the applicable engagement agreement and our revenue recognition accounting policy. Our deferred revenues balance as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 was \$31.7 million and \$26.9 million respectively. The \$4.8 million increase primarily reflects timing differences between client payments in accordance with their contract terms and the completion of our performance obligations. For the year ended December 31, 2025, \$26.3 million of revenues recognized were included in the deferred revenue balance as of December 31, 2024. For the year ended December 31, 2024, \$21.9 million of revenues recognized were included in the deferred revenue balance as of December 31, 2023.

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## 10. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share excludes dilution and is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period, excluding unvested restricted common stock. Diluted earnings per share reflects the potential reduction in earnings per share that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock under the treasury stock method. Such securities or other contracts include unvested restricted stock awards, unvested restricted stock units, and outstanding common stock options, to the extent dilutive. In periods for which we report a net loss, diluted weighted average common shares outstanding excludes all potential common stock equivalents as their impact on diluted net loss per share would be anti-dilutive.

Earnings per share under the basic and diluted computations are as follows:

|                                                    | Year Ended December 31, |            |           |
|----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------|
|                                                    | 2025                    | 2024       | 2023      |
| Net income                                         | \$ 105,040              | \$ 116,626 | \$ 62,479 |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding—basic   | 17,445                  | 17,894     | 18,832    |
| Weighted average common stock equivalents          | 546                     | 719        | 769       |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding—diluted | 17,991                  | 18,613     | 19,601    |
| Net income per basic share                         | \$ 6.02                 | \$ 6.52    | \$ 3.32   |
| Net income per diluted share                       | \$ 5.84                 | \$ 6.27    | \$ 3.19   |

The number of anti-dilutive securities excluded from the computation of the weighted average common stock equivalents presented above for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 was less than 0.1 million and for the year ended December 31, 2023 was 0.1 million. The anti-dilutive securities related to unvested restricted stock and outstanding common stock options.

## Share Repurchase Program

In November 2020, our board of directors authorized a share repurchase program permitting us to repurchase up to \$50 million of our common stock through December 31, 2021. Subsequently, our board of directors authorized extensions of the share repurchase program through December 31, 2026 and increased the authorized amount to \$700 million. In the first quarter of 2026, our board of directors authorized a further increase to the authorized amount under the share repurchase program from \$700 million to \$900 million. The amount and timing of repurchases under the share repurchase program were and will continue to be determined by management and depend on a variety of factors, including the trading price of our common stock, capacity under our credit facility, general market and business conditions, and applicable legal requirements.

During 2025, we repurchased and retired 1,166,077 shares for \$166.2 million, which includes a \$0.6 million accrual for excise taxes on the net share repurchases in 2025. Additionally, in 2025, we settled the repurchase of 5,103 shares for \$0.6 million which were accrued as of December 31, 2024 and we paid \$0.5 million for the excise taxes accrued on the net share repurchases in 2024.

During 2024, we repurchased and retired 1,218,434 shares for \$122.2 million, which includes a \$0.5 million accrual for excise taxes on the net share repurchases in 2024 and includes 5,103 shares for \$0.6 million which were settled in the first quarter of 2025. Additionally, in 2024, we settled the repurchase of 10,000 shares for \$1.0 million which were accrued as of December 31, 2023 and we paid \$0.9 million for the excise taxes accrued on the net share purchases in 2023.

During 2023, we repurchased and retired 1,461,815 shares for \$123.6 million, which includes a \$0.9 million accrual for excise taxes on the net share repurchases in 2023 and includes 10,000 shares for \$1.0 million which were settled in the first quarter of 2024. Additionally, in the first quarter of 2023, we settled the repurchase of 15,200 shares for \$1.1 million which were accrued as of December 31, 2022.

As of December 31, 2025, \$99.0 million remained available for share repurchases under our share repurchase program.

## 11. Restructuring Charges

### 2025

In 2025, we incurred \$9.1 million of total restructuring charges, which primarily consisted of the following:

*Employee costs* - We incurred \$3.8 million of severance-related restructuring expense as a result of strategic workforce adjustments to better align our resources with market demand.

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*Office space reductions* - We incurred \$5.2 million of restructuring expense related to office space reductions, which included \$3.1 million of rent and related expenses, net of sublease income, for our previously vacated office spaces; \$1.4 million of accelerated depreciation and amortization on the related fixed assets and right-of-use operating lease assets recognized when we abandoned our office spaces in Pensacola, Florida and Boston, Massachusetts; and a \$0.7 million non-cash lease impairment charge driven by updated sublease assumptions for a previously vacated office space.

Of the total \$9.1 million restructuring charge, \$6.0 million was recognized in our corporate operations, \$1.8 million was recognized in our Commercial segment, \$0.8 million was recognized in our Education segment, and \$0.5 million was recognized in our Healthcare segment.

**2024**

In 2024, we incurred \$9.9 million of restructuring charges, of which \$1.3 million related to the divestiture of our Studer Education practice. On December 31, 2024, we completed the divestiture of our Studer Education practice and recognized a \$3.6 million pretax gain which is included within other income (expense), net on our consolidated statement of operations.

The total restructuring charge of \$9.9 million recognized in 2024 consisted of the following:

*Employee costs* - We incurred \$3.3 million of severance-related restructuring expense, of which \$2.3 million related to strategic workforce adjustments to better align our resources with market demand and \$1.0 million related to transaction-related employee payments made in connection with the divestiture of our Studer Education practice.

*Office space reductions* - We incurred \$6.2 million of restructuring expense related to office space reductions. During 2024, we exited our office space previously occupied by GG+A and a portion of our office space in New York, New York resulting in non-cash impairment charges of \$1.4 million and \$1.2 million, respectively, on the related right-of-use operating lease assets and fixed assets. Additionally, we exited the remaining portion of our office space in Denver, Colorado resulting in \$0.5 million of accelerated depreciation and amortization on the related fixed assets and right-of-use operating lease assets we abandoned. We also incurred \$2.3 million of restructuring charges for rent and related expenses, net of sublease income, for previously vacated office spaces and \$0.8 million related to non-cash lease impairment charges driven by updated sublease assumptions for our previously vacated office spaces.

*Other* - We incurred \$0.3 million of other restructuring charges related to third-party legal and professional advisory fees incurred in connection with the divestiture of our Studer Education practice.

Of the total \$9.9 million restructuring charge, \$7.6 million was recognized in our corporate operations, \$1.3 million was recognized in our Healthcare segment, \$0.6 million was recognized in our Commercial segment, and \$0.4 million was recognized in our Education segment.

**2023**

In 2023, we incurred \$11.6 million of total restructuring charges, which consisted of the following:

*Employee costs* - We incurred \$3.0 million of severance-related restructuring expense as a result of strategic workforce adjustments to better align our resources with market demand.

*Office space reductions* - We incurred \$8.1 million of restructuring expense related to office space reductions. During 2023, we exited our office spaces in Hillsboro, Oregon and Lexington, Massachusetts, resulting in non-cash impairment charges of \$1.9 million and \$3.5 million, respectively, on the related operating lease ROU assets and fixed assets. Additionally, in 2023, we recognized \$1.8 million for rent and related expenses, net of sublease income, for previously vacated office spaces and \$0.9 million related to non-cash lease impairment charges driven by updated sublease assumptions for previously vacated office spaces.

*Other* - We incurred \$0.5 million of other restructuring charges, which primarily related to the abandonment of a capitalized software development project.

Of the total \$11.6 million restructuring charge, \$8.2 million was recognized in our corporate operations, \$2.0 million was recognized in our Commercial segment, \$1.3 million was recognized in our Healthcare segment, and \$0.1 million was recognized in our Education segment.

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The table below sets forth the changes in the carrying amount of our restructuring charge liability by restructuring type for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

|                                        | Employee Costs  | Other         | Total           |
|----------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2023</b> | \$ 1,366        | \$ 535        | \$ 1,901        |
| Additions <sup>(1)</sup>               | 2,864           | 355           | 3,219           |
| Payments                               | (3,601)         | (335)         | (3,936)         |
| Adjustments <sup>(1)</sup>             | —               | 13            | 13              |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2024</b> | 629             | 568           | 1,197           |
| Additions <sup>(1)</sup>               | 3,799           | 124           | 3,923           |
| Payments                               | (2,486)         | (81)          | (2,567)         |
| Adjustments <sup>(1)</sup>             | (28)            | 25            | (3)             |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2025</b> | <u>\$ 1,914</u> | <u>\$ 636</u> | <u>\$ 2,550</u> |

- (1) Additions and adjustments exclude non-cash items related to vacated office spaces, such as lease impairment charges and accelerated depreciation on abandoned operating lease ROU assets and fixed assets, which are recorded as restructuring charges on our consolidated statements of operations.

All of the \$1.9 million restructuring charge liability related to employee costs at December 31, 2025 is expected to be paid in the next 12 months and is included as a component of accrued payroll and related benefits in our consolidated balance sheet. All of the \$0.6 million other restructuring charge liability at December 31, 2025, which primarily relates to the early termination of a contract in a prior period, is expected to be paid in the next 12 months and is included as a component of accrued expenses and other current liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet.

## 12. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity

In the normal course of business, we use forward interest rate swaps to manage the interest rate risk associated with our variable-rate borrowings under our senior secured credit facility and we use foreign exchange forward contracts to manage the foreign currency exchange rate risk associated with our operations in India and Canada. We do not use derivative instruments for trading or other speculative purposes.

### Cash Flow Hedges

We have designated our interest rate swaps and Indian Rupee forward contracts as cash flow hedges. Therefore, changes in the fair value of these derivative instruments are recorded to other comprehensive income to the extent effective and reclassified to earnings upon settlement. Below is additional information on the derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges in effect during the periods presented. From time to time, we may enter into additional forward interest rate swaps or Indian Rupee forward contracts to further hedge against our interest rate and foreign currency exchange rate risk.

*Interest Rate Swaps:* We are party to forward interest rate swap agreements with aggregate notional amounts of \$250.0 million as of both December 31, 2025 and 2024. Under the terms of the interest rate swap agreements, we receive from the counterparty interest on the notional amount based on one month Term SOFR and we pay to the counterparty a stated, fixed rate. The forward interest rate swap agreements have staggered maturities through February 28, 2030.

As of December 31, 2025, it was anticipated that \$0.2 million of the losses, net of tax, related to interest rate swaps currently recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) will be reclassified into interest expense, net of interest income in our consolidated statement of operations within the next 12 months.

*Indian Rupee Forward Contracts:* We are party to non-deliverable foreign exchange forward contracts that are scheduled to mature monthly through December 31, 2026. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the aggregate notional amounts of these contracts were INR 1.47 billion, or \$16.3 million, and INR 1.40 billion, or \$16.3 million, respectively, based on the exchange rates in effect as of each period end.

As of December 31, 2025, it was anticipated that all of the \$0.3 million losses, net of tax, related to foreign exchange forward contracts currently recorded in accumulated other comprehensive income will be reclassified into direct costs in our consolidated statement of operations within the next 12 months.

Refer to Note 14 "Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)" for additional information on our cash flow hedges.

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**Derivatives not Designated as Hedging Instruments**

*Canadian Dollar Forward Contracts:* Beginning in the first quarter of 2025, on a quarterly basis, we have entered into Canadian Dollar forward contracts with a \$25.0 million notional amount that settle at the end of each quarter. As of December 31, 2025, we have one Canadian Dollar forward contract outstanding, with a notional amount of \$25.0 million and a fair value of \$0, that will settle on March 31, 2026. We did not designate any of these derivatives as accounting hedging instruments. Therefore, changes in the fair value of the derivatives are recorded to other income (expense), net in our consolidated statements of operations. In 2025, we recognized \$0.5 million of realized gains related to the settled forward contracts. From time to time, we may enter into additional Canadian Dollar forward contracts to continue to establish economic hedges against our foreign exchange rate risk.

The table below sets forth additional information relating to our derivative instruments recognized on our consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

| Derivative Instrument              | Balance Sheet Location                         | December 31,<br>2025 | December 31,<br>2024 |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| <b>Assets</b>                      |                                                |                      |                      |
| <i>Cash Flow Hedges</i>            |                                                |                      |                      |
| Interest rate swaps                | Prepaid expenses and other current assets      | \$ 318               | \$ 1,600             |
| Interest rate swaps                | Other non-current assets                       | 121                  | 1,381                |
| <b>Total Assets</b>                |                                                | <b>\$ 439</b>        | <b>\$ 2,981</b>      |
| <b>Liabilities</b>                 |                                                |                      |                      |
| <i>Cash Flow Hedges</i>            |                                                |                      |                      |
| Interest rate swaps                | Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | \$ 1,023             | \$ —                 |
| Interest rate swaps                | Deferred compensation and other liabilities    | 2,809                | —                    |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts | Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 349                  | 381                  |
| <b>Total Liabilities</b>           |                                                | <b>\$ 4,181</b>      | <b>\$ 381</b>        |

All of our derivative instruments are transacted under International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA) master agreements. These agreements permit the net settlement of amounts owed in the event of default and certain other termination events. Although netting is permitted, it is our policy to record all derivative assets and liabilities on a gross basis on our consolidated balance sheet.

**13. Fair Value of Financial Instruments**

Certain of our assets and liabilities are measured at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or the price that would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value and requires companies to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The fair value hierarchy consists of three levels based on the objectivity of the inputs as follows:

|                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Level 1 Inputs | Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date.                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Level 2 Inputs | Quoted prices in active markets for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; or inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. |
| Level 3 Inputs | Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, and include situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |

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The tables below sets forth our fair value hierarchy for our financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2025 and 2024.

|                                                    | Level 1 | Level 2   | Level 3   | Total      |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| <b>December 31, 2025</b>                           |         |           |           |            |
| <b>Assets:</b>                                     |         |           |           |            |
| Interest rate swaps                                | \$ —    | \$ 439    | \$ —      | \$ 439     |
| Convertible debt investment                        | —       | —         | 34,079    | 34,079     |
| Deferred compensation assets                       | —       | 50,927    | —         | 50,927     |
| Total assets                                       | \$ —    | \$ 51,366 | \$ 34,079 | \$ 85,445  |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>                                |         |           |           |            |
| Interest rate swap                                 | \$ —    | \$ 3,832  | \$ —      | \$ 3,832   |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts                 | —       | 349       | —         | 349        |
| Contingent consideration for business acquisitions | —       | —         | 23,274    | 23,274     |
| Total liabilities                                  | \$ —    | \$ 4,181  | \$ 23,274 | \$ 27,455  |
| <b>December 31, 2024</b>                           |         |           |           |            |
| <b>Assets:</b>                                     |         |           |           |            |
| Interest rate swaps                                | \$ —    | \$ 2,981  | \$ —      | \$ 2,981   |
| Convertible debt investment                        | —       | —         | 62,344    | 62,344     |
| Deferred compensation assets                       | —       | 42,083    | —         | 42,083     |
| Total assets                                       | \$ —    | \$ 45,064 | \$ 62,344 | \$ 107,408 |
| <b>Liabilities:</b>                                |         |           |           |            |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts                 | \$ —    | \$ 381    | \$ —      | \$ 381     |
| Contingent consideration for business acquisitions | —       | —         | 221       | 221        |
| Total liabilities                                  | \$ —    | \$ 381    | \$ 221    | \$ 602     |

*Interest rate swaps:* The fair values of our interest rate swaps were derived using estimates to settle the interest rate swap agreements, which are based on the net present value of expected future cash flows on each leg of the swaps utilizing market-based inputs and a discount rate reflecting the risks involved. See Note 12 “Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity” for additional information on our interest rate swaps.

*Foreign exchange forward contracts:* The fair values of our foreign exchange forward contracts were derived using estimates to settle the foreign exchange forward contracts agreements, which are based on the net present value of expected future cash flows on each contract utilizing market-based inputs, including both forward and spot prices, and a discount rate reflecting the risks involved. See Note 12 “Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity” for additional information on our foreign exchange forward contracts.

*Deferred compensation assets:* We have a non-qualified deferred compensation plan (the “Plan”) for the members of our board of directors and a select group of our employees. The deferred compensation liability is funded by the Plan assets, which consist of life insurance policies maintained within a trust. The cash surrender value of the life insurance policies approximates fair value and is based on third-party broker statements which provide the fair value of the life insurance policies' underlying investments, which are Level 2 inputs. The cash surrender value of the life insurance policies is invested primarily in mutual funds. The Plan assets are included in other non-current assets in our consolidated balance sheets. Realized and unrealized gains (losses) from the deferred compensation assets are recorded to other income (expense), net in our consolidated statements of operations. See Note 15 “Employee Benefit and Deferred Compensation Plans” for additional information on the Plan.

*Convertible debt investment:* Since 2014, we have invested \$40.9 million, in the form of 1.69% convertible debt in Shorelight Holdings, LLC (“Shorelight”), the parent company of Shorelight, a U.S.-based company that partners with leading nonprofit universities to increase access to and retention of international students, boost institutional growth, and enhance an institution’s global footprint. The convertible notes will mature on January 17, 2027, unless converted earlier.

To determine the appropriate accounting treatment for our investment, we performed a variable interest entity (“VIE”) analysis and concluded that Shorelight does not meet the definition of a VIE. We also reviewed the characteristics of our investment to confirm that the convertible

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notes are not in-substance common stock that would warrant equity method accounting. After we reviewed all of the terms of the investment, we concluded the appropriate accounting treatment to be that of an available-for-sale debt security. We continue to monitor the key factors of our VIE analysis and the terms of the convertible notes to ensure our accounting treatment is appropriate. We have not identified any changes to Shorelight or our investment, that would change our classification of the investment as an available-for-sale debt security.

The investment is carried at fair value with unrealized holding gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported in other comprehensive income (loss). To the extent any decrease in fair value is the result of a credit impairment, such credit-related impairment charge is recorded to other income (expense), net in our consolidated statement of operations. The carrying value is recorded in long-term investments in our consolidated balance sheets. We estimate the fair value of our investment using a scenario-based approach in the form of a hybrid analysis that consists of a Monte Carlo simulation model and an expected return analysis. The conclusion of value for our investment is based on the probability-weighted assessment of both scenarios. Additionally, we estimate the credit-related impairment charge as the difference between the present value of expected cash flows to be generated from the investment and the cost basis, limited to the difference between the fair value and cost basis.

The hybrid analysis and calculation of the credit-related impairment charge utilize certain assumptions, all of which are Level 3 inputs. In the case of the hybrid analysis, these assumptions include the assumed holding period through the maturity date of January 17, 2027; the applicable waterfall distribution at the end of the expected holding period based on the rights and privileges of the various instruments; cash flow projections, including revenue and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), discounted at a risk-adjusted rate of 23.5% as of both December 31, 2025 and 2024; and the concluded equity volatility of 40.0% as of both December 31, 2025 and 2024, all of which are Level 3 inputs. In the case of the credit-related impairment charge recorded in 2025, these assumptions include the assumed holding period through the maturity date of January 17, 2027; the applicable waterfall distribution at the end of the expected holding period based on the rights and privileges of the various instruments; the concluded equity volatility of 40.0%; and cash flow projections, including revenue and EBITDA, discounted at a risk-adjusted rate in a range of 2.0% to 12.1% with a weighted average of 8.7%. The weighted average discount rate is calculated using the relative present value of expected cash flows. The use of alternative estimates and assumptions could increase or decrease the estimated fair value of the investment, which would result in different impacts to our consolidated balance sheet and comprehensive income. Actual results may differ from our estimates.

The table below sets forth the changes in the balance of the convertible debt investment for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

|                                                                 | <b>Convertible Debt Investment</b> |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2023                                 | \$ 68,046                          |
| Unrealized losses included in other comprehensive income (loss) | (5,702)                            |
| Balance as of December 31, 2024                                 | 62,344                             |
| Unrealized losses included in other comprehensive income (loss) | (17,883)                           |
| Unrealized losses, net included in earnings                     | (10,382)                           |
| Balance as of December 31, 2025                                 | \$ 34,079                          |

- (1) The total decrease in fair value of \$28.3 million in 2025 was driven by a decrease in the projected cash flows of Shorelight, which reflects the current federal regulatory environment in which Shorelight operates.

Since our initial investment in 2014, we recognized a total unrealized gain of \$3.5 million within other comprehensive income (loss) and an \$10.4 million allowance for credit losses, net within earnings. The \$10.4 million credit-related impairment charge was recognized in 2025. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, our cost basis was \$40.9 million.

*Contingent consideration for business acquisitions:* In connection with certain business acquisitions, we may be required to pay post-closing consideration to the sellers if specific financial performance targets are met over a number of years as specified in the related purchase agreements. We estimate the fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration using either a probability-weighted assessment of the specific financial performance targets being measured or a Monte Carlo simulation model, as appropriate. These fair value measurements are based on significant inputs not observable in the market and thus represent Level 3 inputs. The significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurements of our contingent consideration are our measures of the estimated payouts based on internally generated financial projections on a probability-weighted basis and a discount rate which was in a range of 4.3% to 5.1% with a weighted average of 4.9% as of December 31, 2025. The weighted average discount rate was calculated using the relative fair values of the contingent consideration liabilities as of December 31, 2025. As of December 31, 2024, the discount rate used in the fair value measurement of our contingent consideration liability was 5.6%. The fair value of the contingent consideration is reassessed quarterly based on assumptions used in our latest projections and input provided by practice leaders and management. Any change in the fair value estimate is recorded to other

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losses (gains), net in our consolidated statement of operations for that period. The carrying value is recorded in accrued expenses and other current liabilities or deferred compensation and other liabilities, based on the expected timing of payment, in our consolidated balance sheets. The use of alternative estimates and assumptions could increase or decrease the estimated fair value of our contingent consideration liability, which would result in different impacts to our consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of operations. Actual results may differ from our estimates.

The table below sets forth the changes in the balance of the contingent consideration for business acquisitions for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

|                                                | <b>Contingent Consideration for<br/>Business Acquisitions</b> |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Balance as of December 31, 2023                | \$ 2,074                                                      |
| Acquisition                                    | 36                                                            |
| Payment                                        | (1,356)                                                       |
| Change in fair value                           | (533)                                                         |
| Balance as of December 31, 2024                | 221                                                           |
| Acquisitions <sup>(1)</sup>                    | 20,251                                                        |
| Payment                                        | (150)                                                         |
| Change in fair value                           | 2,952                                                         |
| Balance as of December 31, 2025 <sup>(2)</sup> | \$ 23,274                                                     |

- (1) Of the \$20.3 million contingent consideration liabilities acquired in 2025, \$15.4 million related to our second quarter business combination and \$4.9 million related to the remaining acquisitions completed in 2025. The contingent consideration liabilities acquired represent the acquisition date fair values of the contingent consideration arrangements, pursuant to which we may be required to pay additional consideration to the sellers if specific revenues before reimbursable expenses targets are met over a specified period. The remaining aggregate maximum amount of contingent consideration that may be paid in connection with the 2025 business combinations is \$44.0 million, which is payable, if earned, on a staggered basis through December 31, 2028.
- (2) Of the \$23.3 million contingent consideration liability, \$11.4 million was recorded to accrued expenses and other current liabilities and \$11.9 million was recorded to deferred compensation and other liabilities in our consolidated balance sheet as of December 31, 2025.

Financial assets and liabilities not recorded at fair value on a recurring basis are as follows:

*Equity Investment*

In the fourth quarter of 2019, we invested \$5.0 million in a hospital-at-home company. The investment was made in the form of preferred stock. To determine the appropriate accounting treatment for our preferred stock investment, we performed a VIE analysis and concluded that the company does not meet the definition of a VIE. We also reviewed the characteristics of our investment to confirm that the preferred stock is not in-substance common stock that would warrant equity method accounting. After we reviewed all of the terms of the investment, we concluded the appropriate accounting treatment for our investment to be that of an equity security with no readily determinable fair value and we elected to apply the measurement alternative.

In the second quarter of 2025, the hospital-at-home company merged with a third-party who provides healthcare services and, as a result, our preferred stock investment was restructured as an investment in common stock and preferred stock of the consolidated entity. To determine the appropriate accounting treatment for our equity investment, we performed a VIE analysis and concluded that the company does not meet the definition of a VIE. We also reviewed the characteristics of our investment to confirm that the equity securities do not warrant equity method accounting. After we reviewed all of the terms of the equity securities, we concluded the appropriate accounting treatment for our investment to be that of equity securities with no readily determinable fair value. We elected to continue to apply the measurement alternative and will continue to do so until the investment does not qualify to be so measured.

Under the measurement alternative, the investment is carried at cost minus impairment, plus or minus changes resulting from observable price changes in orderly transactions for an identical or similar investment in the same company. On a quarterly basis, we review the information available to determine whether an orderly and observable transaction for same or similar equity instruments occurred or if factors indicate that a significant decrease in value has occurred. We remeasure to the fair value of the equity securities using such identified information with changes in the fair value recorded to other income (expense), net in our consolidated statement of operations. The carrying value of the equity investment is recorded in long-term investments in our consolidated balance sheets.

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In the first quarter of 2025, we recognized a non-cash impairment loss of \$4.2 million on our preferred stock investment based on the valuation anticipated from the hospital-at-home company's merger. Upon the completion of the merger in the second quarter of 2025, we recognized an additional \$0.8 million non-cash impairment charge based on the final valuation utilized in the merger. The non-cash impairment charges were recorded to other income (expense), net in our consolidated statement of operations. Since our initial investment, we have recognized cumulative unrealized losses of \$31.3 million and cumulative unrealized gains of \$28.6 million. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the carrying value of our equity investment was \$2.4 million and \$7.4 million, respectively, with a cost basis of \$5.0 million.

*Senior Secured Credit Facility*

The carrying value of our borrowings outstanding under our senior secured credit facility is stated at cost. Our carrying value approximates fair value, using Level 2 inputs, as the senior secured credit facility bears interest at variable rates based on current market rates as set forth in the Amended Credit Agreement. Refer to Note 7 "Financing Arrangements" for additional information on our senior secured credit facility.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents and Other Financial Instruments*

Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost, which approximates fair market value. The carrying values of all other financial instruments not described above reasonably approximate fair market value due to the nature of the financial instruments and the short-term maturity of these items.

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**14. Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)**

The table below sets forth the components of accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023.

|                                                                  | Cash Flow Hedges <sup>(1)</sup>    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-------------------|
|                                                                  | Foreign<br>Currency<br>Translation | Available-<br>for-<br>Sale<br>Investments | Interest<br>Rate Swaps | Foreign<br>Exchange<br>Forward<br>Contracts | Total             |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2022</b>                           | \$ (3,033)                         | \$ 12,228                                 | \$ 9,012               | \$ (88)                                     | \$ 18,119         |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax of \$0       | 512                                | —                                         | —                      | —                                           | 512               |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on investments:                           |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Change in fair value, net of tax of \$(2,672)                    | —                                  | 7,811                                     | —                      | —                                           | 7,811             |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges:                      |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Interest rate swaps:                                             |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Change in fair value, net of tax of \$671                        | —                                  | —                                         | 2,068                  | —                                           | 2,068             |
| Reclassification adjustment into earnings, net of tax of \$2,020 | —                                  | —                                         | (5,719)                | —                                           | (5,719)           |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts:                              |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Change in fair value, net of tax of \$(13)                       | —                                  | —                                         | —                      | 34                                          | 34                |
| Reclassification adjustment into earnings, net of tax of \$(1)   | —                                  | —                                         | —                      | 2                                           | 2                 |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2023</b>                           | (2,521)                            | 20,039                                    | 5,361                  | (52)                                        | 22,827            |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax of \$0       | (3,391)                            | —                                         | —                      | —                                           | (3,391)           |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on investments:                           |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Change in fair value, net of tax of \$1,525                      | —                                  | (4,177)                                   | —                      | —                                           | (4,177)           |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges:                      |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Interest rate swaps:                                             |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Change in fair value, net of tax of \$1,206                      | —                                  | —                                         | 3,468                  | —                                           | 3,468             |
| Reclassification adjustment into earnings, net of tax of \$2,323 | —                                  | —                                         | (6,609)                | —                                           | (6,609)           |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts:                              |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Change in fair value, net of tax of \$103                        | —                                  | —                                         | —                      | (299)                                       | (299)             |
| Reclassification adjustment into earnings, net of tax of \$(24)  | —                                  | —                                         | —                      | 67                                          | 67                |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2024</b>                           | (5,912)                            | 15,862                                    | 2,220                  | (284)                                       | 11,886            |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment, net of tax of \$0       | 1,690                              | —                                         | —                      | —                                           | 1,690             |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on investments:                           |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Change in fair value, net of tax of \$2,842                      | —                                  | (15,041)                                  | —                      | —                                           | (15,041)          |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges:                      |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Interest rate swaps:                                             |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Change in fair value, net of tax of \$1,144                      | —                                  | —                                         | (3,284)                | —                                           | (3,284)           |
| Reclassification adjustment into earnings, net of tax of \$506   | —                                  | —                                         | (1,440)                | —                                           | (1,440)           |
| Foreign exchange forward contracts:                              |                                    |                                           |                        |                                             |                   |
| Change in fair value, net of tax of \$128                        | —                                  | —                                         | —                      | (363)                                       | (363)             |
| Reclassification adjustment into earnings, net of tax of \$(136) | —                                  | —                                         | —                      | 387                                         | 387               |
| <b>Balance as of December 31, 2025</b>                           | <u>\$ (4,222)</u>                  | <u>\$ 821</u>                             | <u>\$ (2,504)</u>      | <u>\$ (260)</u>                             | <u>\$ (6,165)</u> |

- (1) The before tax amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) related to our interest rate swaps and foreign exchange forward contracts designated as cash flow hedges are recorded to interest expense, net of interest income and direct costs,

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respectively, on our consolidated statement of operations. The related tax amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income are recorded to income tax expense on our consolidated statement of operations. Refer to Note 12 "Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activity" for additional information on our derivative instruments.

#### **15. Employee Benefit and Deferred Compensation Plans**

We sponsor a qualified defined contribution 401(k) plan covering substantially all of our employees. Under the plan, employees are entitled to make pretax, post-tax, and/or Roth post-tax contributions up to the annual maximums established by the Internal Revenue Service. We match an amount equal to the employees' contributions up to 6% of the employees' eligible earnings. Our matching contributions for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 were \$44.8 million, \$41.0 million, and \$37.0 million, respectively.

We have a non-qualified deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") that is administered by our board of directors or a committee designated by the board of directors. Under the Plan, members of the board of directors and a select group of our employees may elect to defer the receipt of their director retainers and meeting fees or base salary and bonus, as applicable. Additionally, we may credit amounts to a participant's deferred compensation account in accordance with employment or other agreements entered into between us and the participant. At our sole discretion, we may, but are not required to, credit any additional amount we desire to any participant's deferred compensation account. Amounts credited are subject to vesting schedules set forth in the Plan, employment agreement, or any other agreement entered into between us and the participant. The deferred compensation liability at December 31, 2025 and 2024 was \$48.5 million and \$42.3 million, respectively. This deferred compensation liability is fully funded by the Plan assets.

#### **16. Equity Incentive Plans**

We grant share-based awards under the Company's 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan (the "2012 Plan") which permits the grant of stock options, stock appreciation rights, restricted stock, restricted stock units, performance shares and other share-based or cash-based awards valued in whole or in part by reference to, or otherwise based on, our common stock. Subsequent to the initial approval of the 2012 Plan and through December 31, 2025, our shareholders approved amendments to the 2012 Plan to increase the number of shares authorized for issuance to 6.3 million, in the aggregate. As of December 31, 2025, 1.6 million shares remain available for issuance under the 2012 Plan.

Since 2015, Huron has administered the Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESPP"), which was formerly titled the Stock Ownership Participation Program. The ESPP is available to Huron employees below the managing director and principal levels who do not receive equity-based awards as part of their normal compensation plan. Under the ESPP, eligible employees contribute to the program through after-tax payroll deductions, which are then used to purchase shares of the Company's common stock on certain designated purchase dates. Employees who purchase stock under the ESPP are granted restricted stock equal to 25% of their purchased shares. Vesting of the restricted stock is subject to both a time-based vesting schedule and a requirement that the purchased shares be held for a specified period. Subsequent to the initial approval of the ESPP and through December 31, 2025, our shareholders approved amendments to the ESPP to increase the total number of shares authorized for issuance to 1.1 million, in the aggregate. As of December 31, 2025, 0.3 million shares remain available for issuance under the ESPP.

It has been our practice to issue shares of common stock upon exercise of stock options and granting of restricted stock from authorized but unissued shares, with the exception of the ESPP under which shares are issued from treasury stock. Certain grants of restricted stock under the 2012 Plan may be issued from treasury stock at the direction of the Compensation Committee. The Compensation Committee of the board of directors has the responsibility of interpreting the 2012 Plan and ESPP and determining all of the terms and conditions of awards made under the plans, including when the awards will become exercisable or otherwise vest.

Share-based awards outstanding under our 2012 Plan provide for a retirement eligibility provision, under which eligible employees who have reached 62 years of age and have completed seven years of employment with Huron will continue vesting in their share-based awards after retirement, subject to certain conditions.

Total share-based compensation cost recognized for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 was \$46.5 million, \$45.1 million, and \$45.7 million, respectively, with related income tax benefits of \$9.1 million, \$9.4 million, and \$9.3 million, respectively. The \$45.1 million of share-based compensation cost recognized in 2024 included \$0.5 million recorded to restructuring charges as it related to the modification of certain nonvested share-based compensation awards to accelerate vesting upon the completed sale of the Studer Education practice. As of December 31, 2025, there was \$71.6 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based awards. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.9 years.

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**Restricted Stock**

The grant date fair values of our restricted stock are measured based on the fair value of our common stock at grant date and amortized into expense over the service period. Subject to acceleration under certain conditions, the majority of our restricted stock vests annually over four years.

The table below summarizes the restricted stock activity for the year ended December 31, 2025.

|                                                 | Number of Shares               |                                 |       | Weighted<br>Average<br>Grant Date<br>Fair Value<br>(in dollars) |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
|                                                 | 2012 Omnibus<br>Incentive Plan | Employee Stock<br>Purchase Plan | Total |                                                                 |
| Nonvested restricted stock at December 31, 2024 | 817                            | 19                              | 836   | \$ 78.68                                                        |
| Granted                                         | 293                            | 18                              | 311   | \$ 149.43                                                       |
| Vested                                          | (330)                          | (19)                            | (349) | \$ 72.14                                                        |
| Forfeited                                       | (63)                           | (2)                             | (65)  | \$ 109.15                                                       |
| Nonvested restricted stock at December 31, 2025 | 717                            | 16                              | 733   | \$ 109.10                                                       |

The aggregate fair value of restricted stock that vested during the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 was \$52.0 million, \$40.3 million, and \$27.6 million, respectively. The weighted average grant date fair value per share of restricted stock granted during 2024 and 2023 was \$98.94 and \$80.84, respectively.

**Performance-based Share Awards**

The total number of shares earned by recipients of performance-based share awards is contingent upon meeting practice specific and/or company-wide performance goals. Following the performance period, certain awards are subject to the completion of a service period, which is generally an additional two years. These earned awards vest on a graded vesting schedule over the service period. For certain performance awards, the recipients may earn additional shares of stock for performance achieved above the stated target. The grant date fair values of our performance-based share awards are measured based on the fair value of our common stock at grant date. Compensation cost is amortized into expense over the service period, including the performance period.

The table below summarizes the performance-based stock activity for the year ended December 31, 2025. All nonvested performance-based stock outstanding at December 31, 2025 and 2024 was granted under the 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan.

|                                                                       | Number of<br>Shares | Weighted<br>Average<br>Grant Date<br>Fair Value<br>(in dollars) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nonvested performance-based stock at December 31, 2024                | 421                 | \$ 78.27                                                        |
| Granted <sup>(1)</sup>                                                | 223                 | \$ 152.46                                                       |
| Vested                                                                | (275)               | \$ 55.05                                                        |
| Forfeited <sup>(2)</sup>                                              | (89)                | \$ 103.49                                                       |
| Nonvested performance-based stock at December 31, 2025 <sup>(3)</sup> | 280                 | \$ 115.92                                                       |

- (1) Of the 223,000 shares granted in 2025, 98,659 shares represent the additional shares earned above the stated target based on the achievement of specific financial goals in the prior year. The remaining shares granted in 2025 are presented at the stated target, which represents the base number of shares that could be earned. Actual shares earned may be below or, for certain grants, above the target based on the achievement of specific financial goals.
- (2) Forfeited shares include shares forfeited as a result of not meeting the performance criteria of the award as well as shares forfeited upon termination.
- (3) Of the 280,000 nonvested performance-based shares outstanding as of December 31, 2025, 225,609 shares were unearned and subject to achievement of specific financial goals. Once earned, the awards will be subject to time-based vesting according to the terms of the award. Based on 2025 financial results, approximately 48,460 of the 225,609 unearned shares will be forfeited in the first quarter of 2026.

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The aggregate fair value of performance-based stock that vested during the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 was \$42.0 million, \$25.9 million, and \$5.9 million, respectively. The weighted average grant date fair value per share of performance-based stock granted during 2024 and 2023 was \$99.40 and \$80.89, respectively.

**Performance-based Stock Options**

Beginning in 2022, the Company granted performance-based stock options which are earned by the recipients contingent upon meeting practice specific goals. Following the performance period, these awards are subject to the completion of a service period of an additional two years. These earned awards vest on a graded vesting schedule over the service period. The performance-based stock options were granted at exercise prices equal to the fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. Compensation cost is amortized into expense over the service period, including the performance period. Our performance-based stock options have a contractual term of 7 years.

The fair values of the performance-based stock options granted during 2025, 2024, and 2023 were calculated using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the following assumptions:

|                                                              | 2025      | 2024      | 2023      |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Black-Scholes performance-based option pricing model:</b> |           |           |           |
| Expected dividend yield                                      | —%        | —%        | —%        |
| Expected volatility                                          | 35.0%     | 40.0%     | 40.0%     |
| Risk-free rate                                               | 4.0%      | 4.2%      | 4.4%      |
| Expected option life (in years)                              | 4.5 years | 4.5 years | 4.5 years |

Expected volatility was based on our historical stock prices as we believe that our historical volatility provides the most reliable indication of future volatility and sufficient historical daily stock price observations are available. The risk-free interest rate was based on the rate of U.S. Treasury bills with an equivalent expected term of the stock options at the time of the option grant. The expected option life was estimated using the simplified method, which is a weighted average of the vesting term and the contractual term, to determine the expected term. The simplified method was used due to the lack of sufficient data available to provide a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the expected term.

Performance-based stock option activity for the year ended December 31, 2025 was as follows:

|                                                    | Number<br>of<br>Performance-<br>based Options<br>(in thousands) | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise<br>Price<br>(in dollars) | Weighted<br>Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual<br>Term<br>(in years) | Aggregate<br>Intrinsic<br>Value<br>(in millions) |
|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Outstanding at December 31, 2024                   | 164                                                             | \$ 72.44                                                 | 5.0                                                                   | \$ 8.5                                           |
| Granted <sup>(2)</sup>                             | 24                                                              | \$ 152.41                                                |                                                                       |                                                  |
| Exercised                                          | (60)                                                            | \$ 62.97                                                 |                                                                       | \$ 4.9                                           |
| Forfeited or expired                               | (33)                                                            | \$ 101.65                                                |                                                                       |                                                  |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2025 <sup>(1)(3)</sup> | 95                                                              | \$ 88.26                                                 | 4.4                                                                   | \$ 8.0                                           |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2025                   | 47                                                              | \$ 60.94                                                 | 3.6                                                                   | \$ 5.2                                           |

- (1) All of the outstanding performance-based stock options were granted under the 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan.
- (2) Performance-based stock options granted in 2025 are presented at the stated target, which represents the base number of options that could be earned. Actual options earned may be below or, for certain grants, above the target based on the achievement of specific financial goals.
- (3) Of the 95,000 outstanding performance-based stock options as of December 31, 2025, 21,710 were unearned and subject to achievement of specific financial goals. Once earned, the options will be subject to time-based vesting according to the terms of the award. Based on 2025 financial results, approximately 19,175 of the 21,710 unearned options will be forfeited in the first quarter of 2026.

The weighted average grant date fair value of the performance-based stock options granted during 2025, 2024, and 2023 was \$54.23, \$39.10, and \$32.27, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value of performance-based stock options exercised during 2024 and 2023 was \$1.6 million and \$0.8 million, respectively.

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**Time-vested Stock Options**

In prior years, we have granted stock options to certain employees that are solely earned based on the completion of the stated service period. These time-vested stock options were granted at exercise prices equal to the fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. No time-vested stock option awards were granted in 2025, 2024, or 2023. Subject to acceleration under certain conditions, these time-vested stock options vest annually over four years. Our time-vested stock options have a contractual term between 7 and 10 years.

Expected volatility was based on our historical stock prices as we believe that our historical volatility provides the most reliable indication of future volatility and sufficient historical daily stock price observations are available. The risk-free interest rate was based on the rate of U.S. Treasury bills with an equivalent expected term of the stock options at the time of the option grant. The expected option life was estimated using the simplified method, which is a weighted average of the vesting term and the contractual term, to determine the expected term. The simplified method was used due to the lack of sufficient data available to provide a reasonable basis upon which to estimate the expected term.

Time-vested stock option activity for the year ended December 31, 2025 was as follows:

|                                                 | Number<br>of<br>Time-vested<br>Options<br>(in thousands) | Weighted<br>Average<br>Exercise<br>Price<br>(in dollars) | Weighted<br>Average<br>Remaining<br>Contractual<br>Term<br>(in years) | Aggregate<br>Intrinsic<br>Value<br>(in millions) |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Outstanding at December 31, 2024                | 25                                                       | \$ 52.49                                                 | 3.8                                                                   | \$ 1.8                                           |
| Exercised                                       | (25)                                                     | \$ 52.49                                                 |                                                                       | \$ 2.6                                           |
| Outstanding at December 31, 2025 <sup>(1)</sup> | —                                                        | \$ —                                                     | —                                                                     | \$ —                                             |
| Exercisable at December 31, 2025                | —                                                        | \$ —                                                     | —                                                                     | \$ —                                             |

(1) All of the outstanding time-vested stock options were granted under the 2012 Omnibus Incentive Plan.

No time-vested stock options were granted in 2025, 2024, and 2023. The aggregate intrinsic value of time-vested stock options exercised during 2023 was \$1.5 million. No time-vested stock options were exercised in 2024.

**17. Income Taxes**

The income tax expense (benefit) for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023 consisted of the following:

|                                  | Year Ended December 31, |           |           |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                  | 2025                    | 2024      | 2023      |
| Current taxes:                   |                         |           |           |
| Federal                          | \$ 7,099                | \$ 18,345 | \$ 15,229 |
| State                            | 5,899                   | 7,645     | 5,816     |
| Foreign                          | 6,162                   | 8,787     | 6,553     |
| Total current expense            | 19,160                  | 34,777    | 27,598    |
| Deferred taxes:                  |                         |           |           |
| Federal                          | 10,930                  | 2,385     | (4,516)   |
| State                            | 838                     | 468       | (936)     |
| Foreign                          | (888)                   | (240)     | (730)     |
| Total deferred expense (benefit) | 10,880                  | 2,613     | (6,182)   |
| Income tax expense               | \$ 30,040               | \$ 37,390 | \$ 21,416 |

The components of income before taxes were as follows:

|         | Year Ended December 31, |            |           |
|---------|-------------------------|------------|-----------|
|         | 2025                    | 2024       | 2023      |
| U.S.    | \$ 115,508              | \$ 122,080 | \$ 63,935 |
| Foreign | 19,572                  | 31,936     | 19,960    |
| Total   | \$ 135,080              | \$ 154,016 | \$ 83,895 |

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A reconciliation of our U.S. statutory income tax expense and tax rate to our reported income tax expense and effective tax rate for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

|                                                                               | Year Ended December 31, |         |           |         |           |         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
|                                                                               | 2025                    |         | 2024      |         | 2023      |         |
|                                                                               | Amount                  | Percent | Amount    | Percent | Amount    | Percent |
| At U.S. statutory tax rate                                                    | 28,367                  | 21.0 %  | 32,343    | 21.0 %  | 17,618    | 21.0 %  |
| State and local income taxes, net of federal income tax effect <sup>(1)</sup> | 5,556                   | 4.1 %   | 6,504     | 4.2 %   | 3,713     | 4.4 %   |
| Foreign tax effects:                                                          |                         |         |           |         |           |         |
| Canada                                                                        |                         |         |           |         |           |         |
| Provincial income taxes                                                       | 524                     | 0.4 %   | 1,627     | 1.1 %   | 1,493     | 1.8 %   |
| Other                                                                         | 100                     | 0.1 %   | (482)     | (0.3)%  | (192)     | (0.2)%  |
| Other foreign jurisdictions                                                   | 850                     | 0.6 %   | 910       | 0.6 %   | 873       | 1.0 %   |
| Changes in valuation allowances                                               | 1,252                   | 0.9 %   | 705       | 0.5 %   | (205)     | (0.2)%  |
| Changes in unrecognized tax benefits                                          | —                       | — %     | —         | — %     | (634)     | (0.8)%  |
| Nontaxable or nondeductible items:                                            |                         |         |           |         |           |         |
| Disallowed executive compensation                                             | 3,045                   | 2.3 %   | 2,619     | 1.7 %   | 3,106     | 3.7 %   |
| Meals and entertainment                                                       | 988                     | 0.7 %   | 863       | 0.6 %   | 744       | 0.9 %   |
| Stock-based compensation                                                      | (8,754)                 | (6.5)%  | (4,368)   | (2.8)%  | (1,957)   | (2.3)%  |
| Realized investment losses/gains                                              | (1,192)                 | (0.9)%  | (962)     | (0.6)%  | (1,015)   | (1.2)%  |
| Other                                                                         | 218                     | 0.2 %   | 296       | 0.2 %   | 88        | 0.1 %   |
| Tax credits:                                                                  |                         |         |           |         |           |         |
| Research and development tax credits                                          | 56                      | — %     | (1,205)   | (0.8)%  | (1,480)   | (1.8)%  |
| Effect of cross-border tax laws                                               | (1,035)                 | (0.8)%  | (1,218)   | (0.8)%  | (862)     | (1.0)%  |
| Other                                                                         | 65                      | 0.1 %   | (242)     | (0.3)%  | 126       | 0.1 %   |
| Total                                                                         | \$ 30,040               | 22.2 %  | \$ 37,390 | 24.3 %  | \$ 21,416 | 25.5 %  |

- (1) For 2025, the majority (greater than 50 percent) of the state and local income taxes related to New York, California, Maryland and Pennsylvania; for 2024, the majority (greater than 50 percent) of the state and local income taxes related to California, New York, Massachusetts, Minnesota and Illinois; and for 2023, the majority (greater than 50 percent) of the state and local income taxes related to Minnesota, Florida, Massachusetts, Illinois and New York.

On July 4, 2025, the President of the United States signed into law the One Big Beautiful Bill Act ("2025 Tax Reform") that includes several U.S. corporate tax provisions, including the restoration of 100% bonus depreciation on qualified property and the current deductibility of domestic research expenditures. The provisions of the 2025 Tax Reform did not have a material impact on our 2025 income tax expense or effective tax rate.

Cash paid for income taxes (net of refunds received) for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

|                             | Year Ended December 31, |           |           |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                             | 2025                    | 2024      | 2023      |
| Federal                     | \$ 11,300               | \$ 14,713 | \$ 20,000 |
| State                       | 6,548                   | 6,414     | 7,632     |
| Foreign                     |                         |           |           |
| India                       | 5,318                   | 4,033     | 3,115     |
| Canada                      | 3,182                   | 4,097     | 2,584     |
| Other foreign jurisdictions | 686                     | 455       | 179       |
| Total                       | 27,034                  | 29,712    | 33,510    |

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The net deferred tax asset (liability) balance at December 31, 2025 and 2024 consisted of the following:

|                                                 | <b>As of December 31,</b> |             |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
|                                                 | <b>2025</b>               | <b>2024</b> |
| <b>Deferred tax assets:</b>                     |                           |             |
| Share-based compensation                        | \$ 13,929                 | \$ 13,216   |
| Deferred compensation liability                 | 12,551                    | 10,944      |
| Operating lease liabilities                     | 11,535                    | 11,687      |
| Accrued payroll and payroll related liabilities | 11,040                    | 10,086      |
| Net operating loss carryforwards                | 3,844                     | 3,553       |
| Tax credits                                     | 2,617                     | 2,164       |
| Convertible debt investment                     | 1,776                     | —           |
| Other                                           | 4,779                     | 3,954       |
| Total deferred tax assets                       | 62,071                    | 55,604      |
| Valuation allowance                             | (9,782)                   | (6,561)     |
| Net deferred tax assets                         | 52,289                    | 49,043      |
| <b>Deferred tax liabilities:</b>                |                           |             |
| Intangibles and goodwill                        | (59,662)                  | (51,526)    |
| Software development costs                      | (9,061)                   | —           |
| Operating lease right-of-use assets             | (6,627)                   | (5,756)     |
| Prepaid expenses                                | (5,087)                   | (4,811)     |
| Property and equipment                          | (1,147)                   | (1,448)     |
| Convertible debt investment                     | —                         | (5,542)     |
| Other                                           | (4,411)                   | (5,860)     |
| Total deferred tax liabilities                  | (85,995)                  | (74,943)    |
| Net deferred tax liabilities                    | \$ (33,706)               | \$ (25,900) |

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, we had valuation allowances of \$9.8 million and \$6.6 million, respectively, primarily due to uncertainties relating to the ability to utilize deferred tax assets recorded for foreign losses, capital losses and tax credits. The increase in valuation allowances in 2025 primarily attributable to deferred tax assets recorded as the result of a capital loss on our convertible debt investment in a third-party and a capital loss on our preferred stock investment in a hospital-at-home company, as well as valuation allowance increases attributable to higher foreign tax credit carryforwards.

As of December 31, 2025, we had U.S. and foreign net operating loss carryforwards of \$3.8 million. Of this amount, \$3.2 million have an indefinite carryforward period, and the remaining \$0.6 million begin to expire in 2027. We have federal tax credit carryforwards of \$2.6 million, which begin to expire in 2030.

We recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate resolution.

A reconciliation of our beginning and ending amount of unrecognized tax benefits for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

|                                                 | <b>Unrecognized Tax Benefits</b> |
|-------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Balance at January 1, 2023                      | \$ 593                           |
| Decrease due to lapse of statute of limitations | (593)                            |
| Balance at December 31, 2023                    | —                                |
| Balance at December 31, 2024                    | —                                |
| Balance at December 31, 2025                    | \$ —                             |

As of both December 31, 2025 and 2024, there was no unrecognized tax benefit which would affect the effective tax rate if recognized.

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As of both December 31, 2025 and 2024, no potential payment of interest and penalties was accrued. Accrued interest and penalties are recorded as a component of provision for income taxes on our consolidated statement of earnings.

We file income tax returns with federal, state, local and foreign jurisdictions. Tax years 2022 through 2024 are subject to future examinations by federal tax authorities. Tax years 2019 through 2024 are subject to future examinations by state and local tax authorities. Our foreign income tax filings are subject to future examinations by the local foreign tax authorities for tax years 2020 through 2024. The Company is currently under audit by the states of Minnesota and Wisconsin, as well as by the governments of India and Canada. We do not expect the outcome of these audits to have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

## **18. Commitments, Contingencies and Guarantees**

### **Lease Commitments**

We lease office space, data centers and certain equipment under non-cancelable operating lease arrangements expiring on various dates through 2033, with various renewal options. Office facilities under operating leases include fixed payments plus, in some cases, scheduled base rent increases over the term of the lease. Certain leases require variable payments of real estate taxes, insurance and operating expenses. See Note 5 "Leases" for additional information on our leases, including the remaining expected lease payments under our operating leases as of December 31, 2025.

### **Litigation**

In the second quarter of 2024, we recognized a \$15.0 million pre-tax litigation settlement gain related to a completed legal matter in which Huron was the plaintiff, which is included in other losses (gains), net on our consolidated statement of operations.

From time to time, we are involved in legal proceedings and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. As of the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, we are not a party to any litigation or legal proceeding or subject to any claim that, in the current opinion of management, could reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations. However, due to the risks and uncertainties inherent in legal proceedings, actual results could differ from current expected results.

### **Guarantees**

Guarantees in the form of letters of credit totaling \$0.4 million were outstanding at both December 31, 2025 and 2024, respectively, which are used as security deposits for our office facilities.

In connection with certain business acquisitions, we may be required to pay post-closing consideration to the sellers if specific financial performance targets are met over a number of years as specified in the related purchase agreements. As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, the total estimated fair value of our outstanding contingent consideration liability was \$23.3 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. Refer to Note 13 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" for additional information on our contingent consideration liabilities.

To the extent permitted by law, our bylaws and articles of incorporation require that we indemnify our officers and directors against judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement, including attorneys' fees, incurred in connection with civil or criminal action or proceedings, as it relates to their services to us if such person acted in good faith. Although there is no limit on the amount of indemnification, we may have recourse against our insurance carrier for certain payments made.

## **19. Segment Information**

We provide our services and products and manage our business under three reportable segments: Healthcare, Education, and Commercial, which align our business by industry.

- **Healthcare**

Our Healthcare segment serves acute care providers, including national and regional health systems; academic health systems; community health systems; the federal health system; and public, children's and critical access hospitals, and non-acute care providers, including physician practices and medical groups; payors; and long-term care or post-acute providers. Our healthcare-focused consulting and managed services offerings include financial and operational performance improvement consulting, which spans revenue cycle, business operations and care delivery transformation; organizational transformation; revenue cycle managed services and outsourcing; financial and capital advisory consulting; and strategy and innovation consulting. Our healthcare-focused digital services span technology and analytic-related services, including core systems of record, such as enterprise health record ("EHR"), enterprise resource planning ("ERP"), enterprise performance management ("EPM"), and customer relationship management ("CRM") systems; data management, AI and automation; technology managed services; and payor core

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administration systems. We also have a portfolio of software products we deliver to the healthcare industry. In June 2025, we enhanced our consulting offerings through the acquisition of Eclipse Insights LLC ("Eclipse Insights"), a leading provider of revenue cycle solutions. In November 2025, we acquired the consulting services division of AXIOM Systems Consulting Services, Inc. ("AXIOM") to strengthen our digital-focused payor offerings.

- **Education**

Our Education segment serves public and private colleges and universities, research institutes, not-for-profit organizations and other education-related organizations. Our education and research-focused consulting and managed services offerings include our research-focused consulting and managed services; our strategy and operations consulting services, which span finance, accounting, operations and athletics to organization and talent strategy and student and academic strategy; and our advancement and fundraising consulting services, which were bolstered by the acquisition of Grenzebach Glier and Associates ("GG+A") in March of 2024 and Advancement Resources and Halpin Partnership Limited ("Halpin") in March 2025. Our education and research-focused digital offerings span technology and analytic-related services, including core systems of record, such as student information, ERP, EPM, and CRM systems; data management, AI and automation; and technology managed services. Our education and research-focused product offerings include our Huron Research Suite, the leading software suite designed to facilitate and improve research administration service delivery and compliance.

- **Commercial**

Our Commercial segment is focused on serving industries and organizations facing significant disruption and regulatory change by helping them adapt to rapidly changing environments and accelerate business transformation. Our Commercial professionals work primarily with seven primary buyers: the chief executive officer, the chief financial officer, the chief strategy officer, the chief human resources officer, the chief operating officer, the chief risk officer, and organizational advisors, including lenders and law firms. We have a deep focus on serving organizations in the financial services, industrials and manufacturing, and energy and utilities industries and the public sector while opportunistically serving commercial industries more broadly, including professional and business services, life sciences, consumer products, and retail. Our Commercial professionals use their deep industry, functional and technical expertise to deliver our digital services and software products, financial and capital advisory (special situation advisory and corporate finance advisory) consulting services, regulatory compliance and risk management consulting and managed services, strategy and innovation consulting services, and financial and operational performance improvement consulting services. In the third quarter of 2025, we bolstered our Commercial consulting offerings through the acquisitions of TVG-Treliant Holdings, LLC ("Treliant"), a global financial services consulting and managed services firm, and Wilson Perumal and Company, Inc. ("WP&C"), a leading strategy and operations consulting firm specializing in driving operational efficiency and improved growth and profitability.

Our chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), who is our chief executive officer, manages the business under these three reportable segments. Our CODM uses segment operating income in the annual budgeting and quarterly forecasting process as well as on a monthly basis for evaluating the performance of each segment and making decisions about allocating capital and other resources to each segment. Our CODM does not evaluate segments using asset information.

Segment operating income consists of the revenues generated by a segment, less operating expenses that are incurred directly by the segment. Unallocated costs include corporate costs related to administrative functions that are performed in a centralized manner, as well as restructuring charges, other gains and losses, depreciation and amortization, and interest expense that are not attributable to a particular segment. The administrative function costs include corporate office support costs, office facility costs, costs related to accounting and finance, human resources, legal, marketing, information technology, and company-wide business development functions, as well as costs related to overall corporate management.

The tables below set forth information about our operating segments for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, along with the items necessary to reconcile the segment information to the totals reported in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. We do not present financial information by geographic area because the financial results of our international operations are not significant to our consolidated financial statements.

|                                       | Year Ended December 31, |            |            |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|
|                                       | 2025                    | 2024       | 2023       |
| <b>Healthcare:</b>                    |                         |            |            |
| Revenues before reimbursable expenses | \$ 837,537              | \$ 756,263 | \$ 673,989 |
| Reimbursable expenses                 | 20,885                  | 21,174     | 22,324     |
| Total revenues                        | 858,422                 | 777,437    | 696,313    |

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

|                                              | Year Ended December 31, |              |              |
|----------------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                              | 2025                    | 2024         | 2023         |
| <b>Operating expenses:</b>                   |                         |              |              |
| Direct costs                                 | 533,341                 | 489,123      | 452,080      |
| Reimbursable expenses                        | 20,885                  | 21,174       | 22,332       |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 41,594                  | 49,728       | 41,351       |
| Depreciation and amortization                | 6,465                   | 7,162        | 6,373        |
| Other segment items <sup>(1)</sup>           | 555                     | 1,322        | 1,277        |
| Total segment operating expenses             | 602,840                 | 568,509      | 523,413      |
| Segment operating income                     | \$ 255,582              | \$ 208,928   | \$ 172,900   |
| <b>Education:</b>                            |                         |              |              |
| Revenues before reimbursable expenses        | \$ 500,174              | \$ 474,221   | \$ 429,663   |
| Reimbursable expenses                        | 9,335                   | 9,320        | 9,229        |
| Total revenues                               | 509,509                 | 483,541      | 438,892      |
| <b>Operating expenses:</b>                   |                         |              |              |
| Direct costs                                 | 347,642                 | 337,607      | 308,800      |
| Reimbursable expenses                        | 9,335                   | 9,320        | 9,311        |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 33,867                  | 25,472       | 21,128       |
| Depreciation and amortization                | 4,723                   | 1,912        | 437          |
| Other segment items <sup>(1)</sup>           | 756                     | 709          | 118          |
| Total segment operating expenses             | 396,323                 | 375,020      | 339,794      |
| Segment operating income                     | \$ 113,186              | \$ 108,521   | \$ 99,098    |
| <b>Commercial:</b>                           |                         |              |              |
| Revenues before reimbursable expenses        | \$ 325,125              | \$ 255,601   | \$ 258,408   |
| Reimbursable expenses                        | 6,087                   | 5,226        | 5,142        |
| Total revenues                               | 331,212                 | 260,827      | 263,550      |
| <b>Operating expenses:</b>                   |                         |              |              |
| Direct costs                                 | 240,897                 | 183,250      | 181,812      |
| Reimbursable expenses                        | 6,081                   | 5,223        | 5,123        |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 25,538                  | 20,371       | 20,251       |
| Depreciation and amortization                | 944                     | 223          | 210          |
| Other segment items <sup>(1)</sup>           | 1,895                   | 562          | 1,952        |
| Total segment operating expenses             | 275,355                 | 209,629      | 209,348      |
| Segment operating income                     | \$ 55,857               | \$ 51,198    | \$ 54,202    |
| <b>Total Huron:</b>                          |                         |              |              |
| Revenues before reimbursable expenses        | \$ 1,662,836            | \$ 1,486,085 | \$ 1,362,060 |
| Reimbursable expenses                        | 36,307                  | 35,720       | 36,695       |
| Total revenues                               | \$ 1,699,143            | \$ 1,521,805 | \$ 1,398,755 |
| Segment operating income                     | \$ 424,625              | \$ 368,647   | \$ 326,200   |
| Items not allocated at the segment level:    |                         |              |              |
| Unallocated corporate expenses               | 217,564                 | 191,180      | 175,206      |
| Other losses (gains), net                    | 2,968                   | (14,466)     | (444)        |
| Restructuring charges                        | 6,035                   | 7,590        | 8,204        |
| Depreciation and amortization                | 19,488                  | 15,524       | 17,886       |
| Operating income                             | 178,570                 | 168,819      | 125,348      |
| Other income (expense), net                  | (43,490)                | (14,803)     | (41,453)     |
| Income before taxes                          | \$ 135,080              | \$ 154,016   | \$ 83,895    |

(1) Other segment items in each segment primarily consists of restructuring charges for all periods presented.

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

The following tables illustrate the disaggregation of segment total revenues and segment revenues before reimbursable expenses by our two principal capabilities: i) Consulting and Managed Services and ii) Digital, and includes a reconciliation to consolidated total revenues and consolidated revenues before reimbursable expenses. We manage our business on the basis of revenues before reimbursable expenses, which we believe is the most accurate reflection of our services because it eliminates the effect of reimbursable expenses that we bill to our clients at cost.

| <b>Total Revenues by Capability</b> | <b>Year Ended December 31,</b> |              |              |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                     | <b>2025</b>                    | <b>2024</b>  | <b>2023</b>  |
| <b>Healthcare:</b>                  |                                |              |              |
| Consulting and Managed Services     | \$ 638,414                     | \$ 549,686   | \$ 493,263   |
| Digital                             | 220,008                        | 227,751      | 203,050      |
| Total revenues                      | \$ 858,422                     | \$ 777,437   | \$ 696,313   |
| <b>Education:</b>                   |                                |              |              |
| Consulting and Managed Services     | \$ 261,564                     | \$ 245,358   | \$ 219,098   |
| Digital                             | 247,945                        | 238,183      | 219,794      |
| Total revenues                      | \$ 509,509                     | \$ 483,541   | \$ 438,892   |
| <b>Commercial:</b>                  |                                |              |              |
| Consulting and Managed Services     | \$ 98,328                      | \$ 90,441    | \$ 92,182    |
| Digital                             | 232,884                        | 170,386      | 171,368      |
| Total revenues                      | \$ 331,212                     | \$ 260,827   | \$ 263,550   |
| <b>Total Huron:</b>                 |                                |              |              |
| Consulting and Managed Services     | \$ 998,306                     | \$ 885,485   | \$ 804,543   |
| Digital                             | 700,837                        | 636,320      | 594,212      |
| Total revenues                      | \$ 1,699,143                   | \$ 1,521,805 | \$ 1,398,755 |

| <b>Revenues before Reimbursable Expenses by Capability</b> | <b>Year Ended December 31,</b> |              |              |
|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
|                                                            | <b>2025</b>                    | <b>2024</b>  | <b>2023</b>  |
| <b>Healthcare:</b>                                         |                                |              |              |
| Consulting and Managed Services                            | \$ 622,637                     | \$ 533,846   | \$ 476,726   |
| Digital                                                    | 214,900                        | 222,417      | 197,263      |
| Total revenues before reimbursable expenses                | \$ 837,537                     | \$ 756,263   | \$ 673,989   |
| <b>Education:</b>                                          |                                |              |              |
| Consulting and Managed Services                            | \$ 256,913                     | \$ 240,985   | \$ 214,971   |
| Digital                                                    | 243,261                        | 233,236      | 214,692      |
| Total revenues before reimbursable expenses                | \$ 500,174                     | \$ 474,221   | \$ 429,663   |
| <b>Commercial:</b>                                         |                                |              |              |
| Consulting and Managed Services                            | \$ 97,333                      | \$ 89,028    | \$ 90,323    |
| Digital                                                    | 227,792                        | 166,573      | 168,085      |
| Total revenues before reimbursable expenses                | \$ 325,125                     | \$ 255,601   | \$ 258,408   |
| <b>Total Huron:</b>                                        |                                |              |              |
| Consulting and Managed Services                            | \$ 976,883                     | \$ 863,859   | \$ 782,020   |
| Digital                                                    | 685,953                        | 622,226      | 580,040      |
| Total revenues before reimbursable expenses                | \$ 1,662,836                   | \$ 1,486,085 | \$ 1,362,060 |

For the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, substantially all of our revenues were recognized over time.

During the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023, no single client generated greater than 10% of our consolidated total revenues. At December 31, 2025 and 2024, no single client accounted for greater than 10% of our combined balance of receivables from clients, net and unbilled services, net.

## 20. Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

The table below sets forth the changes in the carrying amount of our allowances for doubtful accounts and unbilled services and valuation allowance for deferred tax assets for the years ended December 31, 2025, 2024, and 2023. Allowances for doubtful accounts and unbilled services in the table below includes allowances related to clients' inability to make required payments on accounts receivable and unbilled

**HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
(Tabular amounts in thousands, except per share amounts)

services, which are shown as allowances on the consolidated statement of financial position, as well as allowances for fixed fee and performance-based fee revenue adjustments, estimated project overruns and discretionary pricing adjustments.

|                                                                           | <b>Beginning<br/>Balance</b> | <b>Additions<sup>(1)</sup></b> | <b>Deductions</b> | <b>Ending<br/>Balance</b> |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| Year ended December 31, 2023:                                             |                              |                                |                   |                           |
| Allowances for doubtful accounts and unbilled services                    | \$ 22,135                    | 30,570                         | 23,461            | \$ 29,244                 |
| Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets                               | \$ 5,667                     | 239                            | 227               | \$ 5,679                  |
| Year ended December 31, 2024:                                             |                              |                                |                   |                           |
| Allowances for doubtful accounts and unbilled services                    | \$ 29,244                    | 24,520                         | 35,346            | \$ 18,418                 |
| Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets                               | \$ 5,679                     | 1,035                          | 153               | \$ 6,561                  |
| Year ended December 31, 2025:                                             |                              |                                |                   |                           |
| Allowances for doubtful accounts and unbilled services                    | \$ 18,418                    | 25,998                         | 21,245            | \$ 23,171                 |
| Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets <sup>(2)</sup>                | \$ 6,561                     | 3,371                          | 150               | \$ 9,782                  |
| Allowance for credit losses on convertible debt investment <sup>(3)</sup> | \$ —                         | 11,125                         | 743               | \$ 10,382                 |

- (1) Additions to allowances for doubtful accounts and unbilled services are charged to revenues. To the extent we write-off accounts receivable due to a client's inability to pay, the charge is recognized as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses.
- (2) Of the \$3.4 million additions to the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets recorded in 2025, \$1.8 million was recorded to accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) on our consolidated statement of financial position and \$1.6 million was recorded to income tax expense on our consolidated statement of operations. All of the additions to our valuation allowance for deferred tax assets recorded in 2024 and 2023 were recorded to income tax expense.
- (3) In the second quarter of 2025, we recorded an initial \$11.1 million credit allowance on our convertible debt investment in a third party. In the fourth quarter of 2025, we recorded a decrease to the credit allowance of \$0.7 million due to improved credit expectations. See Note 13 "Fair Value of Financial Instruments" for additional information on our convertible debt investment.

**LIST OF SUBSIDIARIES OF HURON CONSULTING GROUP INC.**  
**(as of December 31, 2025)**

| Name                                           | Jurisdiction of Organization |
|------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Huron Consulting Group Holdings LLC            | Delaware                     |
| Huron Consulting Services LLC                  | Delaware                     |
| Huron Saudi Limited                            | Saudi Arabia                 |
| Huron Advisors Canada Limited                  | Canada                       |
| Huron Public Finance Advisory LLC              | Delaware                     |
| Huron Transaction Advisory LLC                 | Delaware                     |
| Huron Eurasia India Private Limited            | India                        |
| Huron Consulting Services U.K. Limited         | England                      |
| Innosight Holdings, LLC                        | Delaware                     |
| Innosight International, LLC                   | Delaware                     |
| Huron Consulting Asia-Pacific PTE. LTD.        | Singapore                    |
| Innosight Consulting SARL                      | Switzerland                  |
| Innosight Consulting, LLC                      | Delaware                     |
| Huron Aviation One LLC                         | Delaware                     |
| Huron Managed Services LLC                     | Delaware                     |
| Huron Government Services LLC                  | Delaware                     |
| Whiteboard Communications LTD.                 | Pennsylvania                 |
| Verity Truss Consulting LLC                    | Virginia                     |
| Huron Consulting Services LLC - Ireland Branch | Ireland                      |
| AXIA Consulting, Inc.                          | Ohio                         |
| Huron Consulting Services France SAS           | France                       |
| Wilson Perumal & Company, LLC                  | Delaware                     |
| TVG- Treliant Intermediate, LLC                | Delaware                     |
| Treliant, LLC                                  | Delaware                     |
| Treliant Mortgage Services, LLC                | Delaware                     |
| Treliant International, LLC                    | Delaware                     |
| Vox Financial Partners Inc.                    | New York                     |
| Treliant Limited                               | Northern Ireland             |
| Delv Global Solutions LLC                      | New York                     |
| Treliant SP.z.o.o.                             | Poland                       |
| Axiom Systems Consulting Services, Inc.        | Delaware                     |

**CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM**

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Form S-8 (Nos. 333-204353, 333-218108, 333-231566, 333-238605, 333-238606, 333-256384, 333-272292, 333-279517, and 333-287945) of Huron Consulting Group Inc. of our report dated February 24, 2026 relating to the financial statements and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chicago, Illinois

February 24, 2026

**CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER,  
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, C. Mark Hussey, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Huron Consulting Group Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 24, 2026

By: /s/ C. MARK HUSSEY

C. Mark Hussey  
Chief Executive Officer and President

**CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER,  
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a), AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, John D. Kelly, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Huron Consulting Group Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: February 24, 2026

By: /s/ JOHN D. KELLY

John D. Kelly  
Executive Vice President,  
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

**CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER,  
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Huron Consulting Group Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, C. Mark Hussey, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented therein.

Date: February 24, 2026

By: /s/ C. MARK HUSSEY

C. Mark Hussey

Chief Executive Officer and President

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

The foregoing certification is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to the Form 10-K and shall not be considered filed as part of the Form 10-K.

**CERTIFICATION OF THE CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER,  
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Annual Report of Huron Consulting Group Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, John D. Kelly, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer of the Company, hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods presented therein.

Date: February 24, 2026

By: /s/ JOHN D. KELLY

John D. Kelly  
Executive Vice President,  
Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

The foregoing certification is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to the Form 10-K and shall not be considered filed as part of the Form 10-K.

# Company Information

## Corporate Headquarters

Huron Consulting Group Inc.  
550 W. Van Buren Street  
Chicago, IL 60607  
312-583-8700  
www.huronconsultinggroup.com

## Media Contact

Allie Bovis  
Director, Communications  
312-583-8700 x671422  
abovis@hcg.com

## Investor Relations

John D. Kelly  
Executive Vice President,  
Chief Financial Officer  
and Treasurer  
312-583-8722  
investor@hcg.com

## Corporate Secretary

Hope E. Katz  
Executive Vice President, General  
Counsel and Corporate Secretary  
312-583-8700 x852022  
corporatesecretary@hcg.com

## Transfer Agent

Computershare  
P.O. Box 505000  
Louisville, KY 40233-5000  
312-588-4990  
www.computershare.com/investor

## Stock Market Information

Common Stock is traded on the  
Nasdaq Global Select Market  
under the symbol HURN

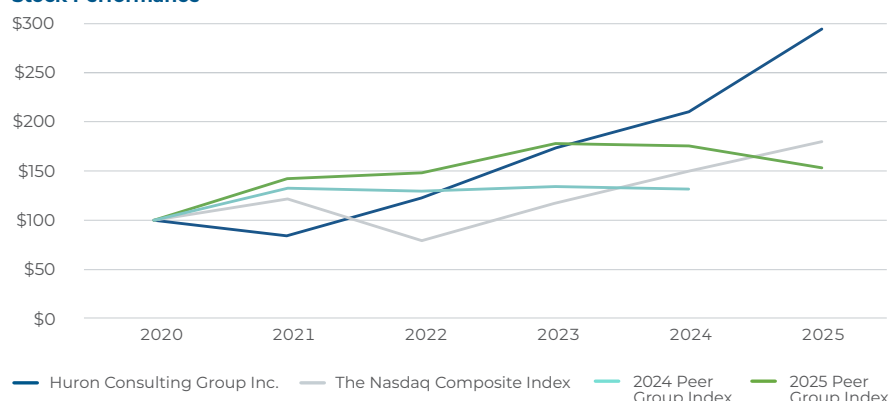
## Independent Accountants

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
One North Wacker Drive  
Chicago, IL 60606

## Annual Meeting of Stockholders

11:00 a.m. CDT, Friday, May 8, 2026

## Stock Performance



## Value of \$100 Investment

| as of December 31,                 | 2020     | 2021     | 2022     | 2023     | 2024     | 2025            | % Return |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| <b>Huron Consulting Group Inc.</b> | \$100.00 | \$ 84.65 | \$123.16 | \$174.39 | \$210.79 | <b>\$293.32</b> | 193%     |
| <b>The Nasdaq Composite Index</b>  | \$100.00 | \$121.39 | \$81.21  | \$116.47 | \$149.83 | <b>\$180.33</b> | 80%      |
| <b>2024 Peer Group Index</b>       | \$100.00 | \$132.31 | \$129.79 | \$133.40 | \$132.07 | N/A             | 32%      |
| <b>2025 Peer Group Index</b>       | \$100.00 | \$141.37 | \$147.86 | \$177.53 | \$175.96 | <b>\$153.63</b> | 54%      |

The above graph and table compare the cumulative total shareholder return on our common stock from December 31, 2020 through December 31, 2025 (December 31, 2024 for the 2024 Peer Group) to the cumulative total shareholder return of The NASDAQ Composite Index and the stocks making up an industry peer group. The 2024 Industry Peer Group is comprised of the following companies: CRA International, Inc., FTI Consulting, Inc., ICF International, Inc., Resources Connection, Inc. and Premier, Inc. The 2025 Industry Peer Group excludes Premier, Inc., as Premier, Inc. ceased trading on Nasdaq prior to December 31, 2025. Huron's 2024 peer group is included in the graph and table above for the purpose of providing comparative returns for the two industry peer groups.

The cumulative total shareholder return assumes a \$100 investment in Huron Consulting Group Inc. common stock, The NASDAQ Composite Index, and the industry peer groups on December 31, 2020, and any dividends are assumed to be reinvested.

## Form 10-K

Huron Consulting Group Inc. will provide to any investor, without charge, a copy of its annual report (which includes the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission). Copies of all the exhibits as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission will also be provided without charge upon specific request. Requests can be made via the Company's website at [www.huronconsultinggroup.com](http://www.huronconsultinggroup.com).

## Safe Harbor

Statements in this Annual Report that are not historical in nature, including those concerning the company's current expectations about its future results, are "forward-looking" statements as defined in Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements are identified by words such as "may," "should,"

"expects," "provides," "anticipates," "assumes," "can," "will," "meets," "could," "likely," "intends," "might," "predicts," "seeks," "would," "believes," "estimates," "plans," "positions," "continues," "goals," "guidance," or "outlook," or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements reflect the company's current expectations about future requirements and needs, results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements. Some of the factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained herein include, without limitation: failure to achieve expected utilization rates, billing rates, and the necessary number of revenue-generating professionals; our ability to realize the expected benefits and potential opportunities of AI; inability to expand or adjust our service offerings in response to market demands; our dependence on renewal of client-based services; dependence on new business and retention of current clients and qualified personnel; failure to maintain third-party provider relationships and strategic alliances; inability to license technology to and from third parties; the impairment of goodwill; various factors related to income and other taxes; difficulties in successfully integrating the businesses we acquire and achieving expected benefits from such acquisitions; risks relating to privacy, information security, and related laws and standards; and a general downturn or volatility in market conditions, including as a result of current global trade tensions and/or tariffs. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors, including, among others, those described under "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in Huron's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2025 that may cause actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any anticipated results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. The company disclaims any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements as a result of new information or future events, or for any other reason.



**HURON**

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